

Appendix A

FCC TRS Public Notice

July 25, 2012





Federal Communications Commission 445 12th St., S.W. Washington, D.C. 20554

News Media Information 202 / 418-0500 Internet: http://www.fcc.gov TTY: 1-888-835-5322

> DA 12-1187 July 25, 2012

CONSUMER AND GOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS BUREAU REMINDS STATE TELECOMMUNICATIONS RELAY SERVICE PROGRAMS TO SEEK RECERTIFICATION

CG Docket No. 03-123

This Public Notice alerts states and territories that the certifications that they now hold for the provision of telecommunications relay services (TRS) will expire on July 26, 2013. Under the Federal Communications Commission's (Commission's) TRS regulations, each state or territory may file an application for "renewal" of its certification one year prior to expiration, *i.e.*, beginning on July 26, 2012. Although there is no prescribed deadline for filing, we request that renewal applications be filed no later than October 1, 2012, to give the Commission sufficient time to review and rule on the applications prior to the expiration of the existing certifications.

Congress created the TRS program in Title IV of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA),³ codified at Section 225 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended (Act).⁴ TRS enables persons with hearing and speech disabilities to access the telephone system to communicate with other individuals.⁵ Under the Act, the Commission must ensure the provision of TRS that is functionally

⁵ 47 U.S.C. § 225(a)(3).



¹ As amended by Section 103(a) of the Twenty-First Century Communications and Video Accessibility Act of 2010 (CVAA), TRS is defined as "telephone transmission services that provide the ability for an individual who is deaf, hard of hearing, deaf-blind, or who has a speech disability to engage in communication by wire or radio with one or more individuals, in a manner that is functionally equivalent to the ability of a hearing individual who does not have a speech disability to communicate using voice communication services by wire or radio." Pub. L. No. 111-260, 124 Stat. 2751, *technical amendments*, Pub. L. No. 111-265, 124 Stat. 2795 (Oct. 8, 2010) § 103(a), codified at 47 U.S.C. § 225(a)(3). *See also Telecommunications Relay Services and Speech-to-Speech Services for Individuals with Hearing and Speech Disabilities*, Report and Order, Order on Reconsideration, and Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, 19 FCC Red 12475, 12479, ¶ 3 n.18 (2004) (describing how a traditional TRS call works).

² 47 C.F.R. § 64.606(c)(1). Since 1993, the Commission has granted states certification to operate their own TRS programs in five year increments. The Consumer and Governmental Affairs Bureau, under delegated authority, issued its last round of certification grants in July 2008.

³ Pub. L. No. 101-336, 104 Stat. 327 (July 26, 1990).

⁴ 47 U.S.C. § 225.

equivalent to voice telephone service.⁶ The Commission's TRS regulations set forth mandatory minimum standards that TRS providers must follow to meet this functional equivalency mandate.⁷

Under Section 225, states wishing to establish their own TRS programs for the provision of intrastate and interstate TRS over the public switched telephone network may receive Commission certification to do so. All certified state TRS programs are required to provide traditional (TTY-based) TRS, interstate Spanish language traditional TRS, and Speech-to-Speech relay (STS) service. States may also offer captioned telephone relay service (CTS). States seeking renewal of their certification must include information about each of these services in their applications so that the Commission can ensure that the provision of these services is consistent with its rules and that the state is exercising responsibility for oversight of these services.

Specifically, in order to obtain certification, a state must submit documentation to the Commission that describes its relay program and include its procedures and remedies for enforcing any requirements that the program may impose. In addition, a state must establish that its program makes available to TRS users informational materials on state and Commission complaint procedures sufficient for users to know the proper procedures for filing complaints. The Commission's TRS regulations explain that documentation should be submitted in narrative form, and that the Commission shall give the public notice of such applications.

The state certification process is intended to ensure that TRS is provided in a uniform manner throughout the United States and territories. Applications for certification will be reviewed to determine whether each state TRS program has sufficiently documented that it meets or exceeds all of the applicable operational, technical and functional mandatory minimum standards set forth in section 64.604 of the Commission's rules. ¹⁴ If the program exceeds the mandatory minimum standards, the state must establish that the program does not conflict with federal law. ¹⁵ In addition, applications will be reviewed to ensure

¹⁵ See 47 C.F.R. § 64.606(b)(1)(iii).



⁶ 47 U.S.C. § 225(a)(3).

⁷ See 47 C.F.R. §64.604.

⁸ Although state TRS programs may offer interstate as well as intrastate TRS, only the costs associated with the provision of intrastate TRS are recovered from the state. *See* 47 U.S.C. §225(d)(3). States with certified TRS programs may allow TRS providers operating under their programs to recover such costs by a method consistent with the jurisdictional separation of costs requirements of Section 225. *See id.* Costs associated with the provision of interstate TRS are recovered from subscribers of interstate and Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) service, and such providers are reimbursed through the TRS Interstate Fund. *Id.* In October 2011, the Commission adopted rules to implement Section 103(b) of the CVAA, requiring interconnected and non-interconnected VoIP service providers to participate in and contribute to the TRS Fund. *See* CVAA § 715; 47 U.S.C. § 616; *Contributions to the Telecommunications Relay Service Fund*, CG Docket No. 11-47, Report and Order, 26 FCC Rcd 14532 (2011).

⁹ See 47 C.F.R. § 64.603.

¹⁰ Since 2003, CTS has been a non-mandatory type of TRS that is eligible for compensation from the states for intrastate calls and from the Interstate TRS Fund for interstate or IP-based CTS calls. *Telecommunications Relay Services, and Speech-to-Speech Services for Individuals with Hearing and Speech Disabilities*, CC Docket No. 98-67, Declaratory Ruling, 18 FCC Rcd 16121 (2003). If a state does not offer CTS, it need not submit documentation in its certification application pertaining to this service.

¹¹ 47 U.S.C. § 225(f); 47 C.F.R. § 64.606(a).

¹² 47 C.F.R. § 64.606(b)(1)(ii).

¹³ 47 C.F.R. § 64.606(a).

¹⁴ 47 U.S.C. § 225(f)(2)(A). See 47 C.F.R. § 64.604.

that each state TRS program makes available adequate procedures and remedies for enforcing the requirements of each state's program.¹⁶

PROCEDURES FOR FILING: All filings must reference CG Docket No. 03-123 and be captioned "TRS State Certification Application."

Electronic Filers: Filings may be filed electronically using the Internet by accessing the Commission's electronic comment filing system (ECFS): http://apps.fcc.gov/ecfs//. Follow the instructions provided on the website for submitting electronic filings. For ECFS filers, in completing the transmittal screen, filers should include their full name, U.S. Postal service mailing address, and **CG Docket No. 03-123**.

Paper Filers: Parties who choose to submit by paper must submit an original and one copy of each filing. To expedite the processing of the applications, parties submitting by paper are encouraged to submit an additional copy to Attn: Dana Wilson, Federal Communications Commission, Consumer and Governmental Affairs Bureau, 445 12th Street, SW, Room 3-C418, Washington, DC 20554 or by email at Dana.Wilson@fcc.gov. Parties should also submit electronic disk copies of their certification filing. The electronic media should be submitted in "read-only" mode and must be clearly labeled with the state's name, the filing date and captioned "TRS Certification Application."

Filings can be sent by hand or messenger delivery, by commercial overnight courier, or by first-class or overnight U.S. Postal Service mail. All filings must be addressed to the Commission's Secretary, Office of the Secretary, Federal Communications Commission. All hand-delivered or messenger-delivered paper filing for the Commission's Secretary must be delivered to FCC Headquarters at 445 12th Street, SW, Room TW-A325, Washington, DC 20554. The filings hours are 8:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m. All hand deliveries must be held together with rubber bands or fasteners. Any envelopes must be disposed of *before* entering the building.

Commercial overnight mail (other than U.S. Postal Service Express Mail and Priority Mail) must be sent to 9300 East Hampton Drive, Capitol Heights, MD 20743. U.S. Postal Service first-class mail, Express Mail, and Priority Mail must be addressed to 445 12th Street, SW, Washington, DC 20554.

¹⁶ 47 U.S.C. § 225(f)(2)(B).



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SUMMARY OF STATE TRS PROGRAM CERTIFICATION TIMELINE

| DATE | ITEM | FCC ACTION |
|----------------------|---|--|
| Beginning July 2012 | Commission issues Public Notices seeking comment on state TRS applications that have been filed. | Comments are due within 30 days of release of the Public Notices; reply comments are due within 15 days thereafter. |
| July 2012 – May 2013 | Commission reviews applications for TRS recertification for compliance with 47 C.F.R. §§ 64.604 and 64.606. | If necessary, Commission sends deficiency letters requesting additional information from states to confirm compliance with the TRS mandatory minimum standards and other certification requirements. |
| May - July 2013 | | Commission issues Public Notices and Letter Orders of certification renewals. |

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

A copy of this *Public Notice* and related documents are available for public inspection and copying during regular business hours at the FCC Reference Information Center, Portals II, 445 12th Street, SW, Room CY-A257, Washington, DC 20554. These documents also may be purchased from the Commission's duplicating contractor, Best Copy and Printing, Inc. (BCPI), Portals II, 445 12th Street, SW, Room CY-B402, Washington, DC 20554. Customers may contact BCPI at their web site: www.bcpiweb.com or by calling (202) 488-5300. Filings also may be found by searching on the Commission's Electronic Comment Filing System (ECFS) at http://apps.fcc.gov/ecfs// (insert CG Docket No. 03-123 into the Proceeding block).

To request materials in accessible formats for people with disabilities (Braille, large print, electronic files, audio format), send an e-mail to fcc504@fcc.gov or call the Consumer and Governmental Affairs Bureau at (202) 418-0530 (voice), (202) 418-0432 (TTY). This *Public Notice* also can be downloaded in Word or Portable Document Format (PDF) at: http://transition.fcc.gov/cgb/dro/trs.html.

For further information regarding this *Public Notice*, please contact Dana Wilson, Consumer and Governmental Affairs Bureau, Disability Rights Office, at (202) 418-2247 (voice), (202) 418-2297 (TTY), or e-mail at Dana.Wilson@fcc.gov.





Appendix B

Sprint Relay TRS, STS, and CapTel Training Outlines



Appendix B: Sprint TRS, STS, CapTel Training Outlines

| TRS TRAINING SCHEDULE | | | |
|-----------------------|---|---|--|
| DAY 1 | Welcome Packet/Important Numbers/Confidentiality Forms Building Tour, Lockers, Keycard check, Login Numbers Training Goals and Expectations What is Relay? Video: Making the Right Connection How We Got Here – Orientation - Why we're here. Contract Information Introduction of Training Workbooks TTY Overview/Abbreviations, Descriptive Words/Background Noises | ASL Introduction – ASL Workbooks Overview of System and Equipment Skills i.e. Typing, talking, listening, reading Enter Tour Preferences: Admin Presentation Connecting to Relay Headset Orientation Basic Call Processing Procedures (TTY - Voice) Observe Calls *Typing Practice/Tests if necessary | |
| DAY 2 | (TTY – Voice) – continued Role Play Introduction Review (TTY - Voice) TTY - VOICE PRACTICE Phone Image/Rudeness Detachment Expressive Typing Variations Deaf Culture: Quiz about Deafness | Observe Calls Continue Call Processing (Voice - TTY) Administer Spelling Test VOICE - TTY PRACTICE HR – Orientation presentation Review for Test #1 *Typing Practice/Tests if necessary | |
| DAY 3 | Review – Variations Branding Recording Feature Answering Machines/Answering Machine Retrieval (AMR) Control D Feature/ Pagers Voice Mail | Pagers/Beepers Deaf Culture: Deaf Timeline Practice Role Plays Observe Administer Test #1 *Typing Practice/Tests if necessary | |
| DAY 4 | VCO - Non-Branded VCO - Branded Practice Role Plays Privacy Feature (VCO) VCO Answering Machines Voice to VCO Two Line VCO | Variations Practice Role Plays Desensitization Observe Review for Test #2 Typing Practice/Tests if necessary | |
| DAY 5 | Review Surveys (TTY - Voice and Voice- TTY)/ Observe Billing/ Immediate Credit Prepaid Calling Cards Roaming | Deaf Culture: ASL Worksheets ASL Workbook Practice Role Plays Administer Test #2 *Typing Practice/Tests if necessary | |
| DAY 6 | Review Changing CAs - Video and Call Takeover Process Directory Assistance Sprint International/ 900 calls HCO - Non Branded HCO - Branded Voice - HCO HCO Answering Machines | Practice Role Plays ASL Translation – Presentation by staff interpreter or individual with experience Observe - Type Review for Test #3 HR - Benefits *Typing Practice/Tests if necessary | |
| Day 7 | Review Practice Role Plays Customer Service Operator Services for the Deaf (OSD) | Device to Device Administer Test #3 Observe - Talk *Typing Practice/Tests if necessary | |
| DAY 8 | Review Practice Role Plays - VCO Final - VCO Surveys/ Observe ASL Translation Customer Database (CDB) Features | Emergency/ Threats Help Screen Review Take Calls - assisted Review for Test #4 *Typing Practice/Tests if necessary | |

| TRS TRAINING SCHEDULE | | | |
|-----------------------|--|---|--|
| DAY 9 | Review Variations Practice Role Plays Return ASL Workbooks and Discussion Adherence/Trades/OT - OA Presentation | Administer Test #4 Overview of Federal Relay Take FRS Calls - assisted Review for Test #5 *Typing Practice/Tests if necessary | |
| DAY 10 | Administer Test #5 Final Review/ Questions & Answers Detachment Life After Training Complete Typing Tests if necessary | Graduation Take Calls Take digital pictures for Sprint ID Badge | |

Figure 1 - TRS CA Training Schedule

Topics Covered During Training

The following is a comprehensive list of all training topics covered by Sprint during initial training.

| | TRAINING TOPICS | | | |
|---------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Orientation | Welcome and Introductions Introduction to Each Other Sprint Nextel Corporation (or Vendor Company) Sprint ahead Values Sprint Nextel Overview History of Sprint Corporation Founders Long Distance Local Telecommunications PCS | Internet Services Product Distribution The Sprint Campus The Sprint Nextel Merger Telecommunications Relay Service What is Relay? Relay Agent Training Relay- Connect to Your Future Video Observation Guidelines How a Call Reaches Sprint Nextel Relay | | |
| Connecting to Relay | The Role of a Relay Agent Connecting to Relay 711 Dedicated Toll-Free Numbers Equipment TTY TTY Basics TTY Etiquette Closing a Conversation Agent Responsibility Call Set Up Call Closing TTY to Voice Closing a Conversation Operator Role Closure Operator Close Protocol Guide: Disallowed Calls Glossary of Abbreviations and Terms TTY Practice Session Auto-Corrected Abbreviations Standard Abbreviations Typing Variations Internet Characters Non-Baudot Supported Characters Verbatim - Style Contraction Spelling Punctuation Agent/Operator Role SKSK Background Noises While TTY user is Typing | Sprint IP User Connects to Agent but wants Customer Service Sprint IP Two Line VCO FRSO- Federal Relay Service Online FRSO call processing FRSO Reporting FRSO Variations Sprint IP/FRSO International Calling Sprint IP/FRSO Fast Busy Sprint IP/FRSO Two Line VCO Sprint IP/FRSO Two Line VCO Sprint IP/FRSO Interrupts Voice to AIM (AOL) VM Greeting Voice to AIM procedures Voice to AIM variations Blocked screen names - suspect international locations. Cellular and Wireless Phones Video Relay Service Blackberry Devices and Pagers TTY Public Payphone Sprint National Relay Sprint International (SI) Inbound international variations Non-Standard TTY Outbound International calling | | |

| TRAINING TOPICS | | | |
|-----------------|---|--|--|
| | 711 | Reseller call processing | |
| | TTY Garble During Typing | CapTel | |
| | XXX to Correct Typing Error | Relay to CapTel | |
| | Other Communication Devices | CapTel to Relay | |
| | Data Transmission Speed | CapTel Transfers | |
| | Turbo Code Turbo Code Interrupt | Dedicated State CapTel Transfer Alternate Languages | |
| | Enhanced Turbo Dial Through - (ETurbo) | Spanish Language Customer Service | |
| | Disable Turbo Code Mode | Relay Caller ID | |
| | ASCII - American Standard Code Information | True Caller ID | |
| | Interchange | Per Call Block | |
| | ASCII Interrupts | Per Line Block | |
| | Sprint IP - Internet Relay | Permanent Call Blocking | |
| | Sprint IP call processing | Caller ID Blocking - True Caller ID – SS7 | |
| | Internet Relay variations Sprint IP RELAY: Internet & IM access | Connecting Variations Misdialed Relay Phrase | |
| | 'GA' is optional | Dialed 711 Instead of 911 | |
| | Sprint IP Standard Service Explanation | 711 Spanish | |
| | Text Flow | Request for Relay Numbers | |
| | Interruptions without garble | Cellular/Wireless problem reaching 711 | |
| | Conversational flow | 611/811 (LEC Service Access) | |
| | ASL Emoticons – Smileys – Text Message | 700 | |
| | Abbreviations IP Acronyms | 900 Numbers and Call Processing Correctional Facility/Prison Calls | |
| | Sprint IP Variations | FAQS on the Use of Relay through | |
| | 911 Emergency Calls | Correctional Facilities: | |
| | Spanish and French Language Service | Correctional Facility Call Processing | |
| | International calling restrictions | Relay Abuse | |
| | Sprint IP | | |
| | Correctional facilities/Jails | | |
| | Info Digit list | Dial Window | |
| Overview of | System Overview Login/Logout | Scratch Pad | |
| System and | Agent Profile | Transfer Panel | |
| Equipment | The Mouse | Headset Panel | |
| | Clicking the Mouse | Status Bar | |
| | Dragging/Dropping | Record Feature | |
| | Copy/Paste | Function Keys | |
| | Drop Down Boxes | Block Ctrl Switch | |
| | Lists Radio Button | Ctrl-Switch Switch | |
| | Scroll Bars | The Keyboard | |
| | Sliders | Alpha Keys | |
| | Tables | Function Keys | |
| | Tables | Call Handling Keys | |
| | Accessing a Program | Numeric Keys | |
| | Screen Displays | Cursor Movement Keys | |
| | Call Handling Screen | Arrow Keys | |
| | Title Bar Banner | Backspace Error Correction Function | |
| | Conversation Area | Single Word Edit Function | |
| | Disconnect Message Status | Word Substitution Feature | |
| | Color Scheme | Macros Table | |
| | Agent Text Transmission | Function Keys | |
| | Cancel Key | Ctrl-Function Keys | |
| | Information Bar | Glossary of Telephony Terms | |
| | Profile Help | Background Noises Voice Tones/Descriptive Words | |
| | Саll Type | Standard Abbreviations | |
| Dhono Irrara | Professional Phone Image | Voice Person Speaking in 3rd Person | |
| Phone Image | 1 1010001011011 1 110110 11110gc | Voice i croom opeaning in ord i croom | |

| | TRAINING TOPICS | |
|--|--|--|
| (Tone of Voice) | How phone image is created Provide warm and friendly greeting Conversational Tone Voice Inflection Audibility and breath control Pitch Quality Operator Role Relay Role Relay Skills Conversational Flow Staying focused Listening skills Customer service skill Coping skills Phrases Background Noises Voice Tones/Descriptive Words Transparency and Caller Control | Pacing the Voice Customer Brief pacing phrases Repeating information Voice Customer does not say "GA Handling Interruptions Voice Tone How Phone Image is Created Provide a Warm Greeting Why Conversational Tone? Transparency, Caller Control & Confidentiality Rudeness, Types of Create an Exceptional Customer Experience Greeting Announce Closing Suggested Redirect Phrases |
| TTY to Voice and Voice to TTY | TTY to Voice Introduction Connecting to the outbound customer Announcement Explanation of service Deaf or hard of hearing Explanation International Announcement TTY to Voice Procedures TTY to Voice Specific Person Request Variations Specific Person Request TTY to Voice Answered TTY Voice Person Not Available TTY to TTY Call Release TTY to Voice Ans. TTY (TTY to TTY) TTY to TTY Specific Person Request TTY to Voice No Answer Types of Busy Signals Redialing | TTY to Voice Busy Signals Regional 800 Voice to TTY Voice to TTY Introduction Connecting to the outbound customer Voice Greeting Vice call progress Announcement Voice to TTY call (Hearing Person Answer) Explanation of service Voice to TTY Procedures Voice to TTY Specific Person Request Voice to TTY Answered Voice Voice to TTY No Answer Voice to TTY Busy Signal |
| Branding | Inbound Answer Type Branding Database Branding | Branding procedures |
| Recordings, Answering Machines, Pagers and AMR | Introduction Recording Feature Information Line Recording (TTY/Voice) Touch Tone Dialing Using Touch Tones (TTY/Voice) Audio text interaction Variations for Recordings Record Feature Tips TTY-Voice Recordings TTY-Voice Recording Information TTY-Voice Answering Machine Variations: Ans Mach/Recording/Pagers Voice Mail Retrieval | AMR (Answering Machine Retrieval) TTY-Voice Pager/Beeper (known) TTY-Voice Pager/Beeper (unknown) Voice to TTY Pager Voice to TTY Answering Machine Other Recording Variations Voice Mail System Privacy Manager/Call Intercept Automatic Redial System Recordings Switchboards Redialing Voicemail thru Switchboard TTY-Voice Asking for Specific Person Live person On Ans Mach Redial |
| VCO (Voice Carry Over) | VCO Introduction VCO Announcement VCO Service Explanation VCO Equipment Non-Branded VCO Branded VCO VCO No Answer VCO Busy VCO Privacy | Reverse Two-Line VCO Intro Reverse Two-Line VCO Procedure VCO Variations VCO comes in Voice Line 2LVCO Conference Calls VCO Requests Relay to give Relay # VCO Privacy while leaving message VCO Voice Mail Retrieval 2LVCO Voice Mail Retrieval |

| TRAINING TOPICS | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|---|--|
| | VCO Answering Machine Voice to VCO Answered TTY Voice to VCO Answered VCO Two-Line VCO (2LVCO) Intro Two-Line VCO (2LVCO) Procedure | VCO Types and Voices Inbound Customer Requests VCO/HCO VCO Requests CA gives name in notes | |
| Billing | Introduction Local call description Paid by Inbound Over Sprint Network Toll Free Calls Calls that Cannot Be Processed COC (Carrier of Choice) Paid by Inbound Paid by Inbound Alternate Carrier of Choice Alternate Billing (Intro) Billing Options Collect FONCard (Sprint) Description LEC calling card Other long distance calling card Paid by Inbound Third Party Carrier of Choice Pre-paid calling cards Billing Procedures Calling Cards Paid Billing with COC (TTY-Voice) Paid Billing with COC (Voice-TTY) TTY/Voice Pre-Paid Calling Card/800 Card Voice-TTY Pre-Paid Calling Card/800 Card Voice-TTY Collect Specific Person Request | Calling Card TTY Originated Calling Card Voice Originated Collect Calls Collect Call Intro TTY-Voice Collect Specific Person Requested Person-to-Person Call Processing Collect Call TTY-Voice Collect Call Voice/TTY Third Party Billing Third Party Billing Intro 3rd Party TTY-Voice Billing TTY Number 3rd Party Voice-TTY Billing TTY Number 3rd Party Voice-TTY Billing TTY Number Immediate Credit Inbound tells wrong # Agent dials wrong # Marine Roaming Feature Restricted Roaming Unrestricted Roaming Billing Variations | |
| HCO (Hearing Carry Over) | HCO Intro HCO Announcement HCO Service Explanation Speech Disabled "S" Non-Branded HCO Branded HCO HCO with Privacy HCO No Answer HCO Busy HCO-Voice Answering Machine | Voice-HCO Answered Voice-HCO Answered TTY (1) (2) Voice-HCO recorded message answers Two-Line HCO (2LHCO) Intro Two-Line HCO Procedure Reverse Two-Line HCO HCO Variations Inbound requests VCO/HCO HCO User Requests to Speak | |
| Customer Database | Enhanced Customer Database Profile Household Profile Edit Household Profile Navigating Customer Database Household Profile Panels Notes Frequently Dialed Numbers Personal Information Preferences COC Restrictions Blocked Emergency #s Speech to Speech STS Messages | Customer Profile Introduction Use/Edit/New/Delete Customer Profile Verify Customer Password for Agent Verify Customer Password CSR Only Customer Profile Panels Personal Info Notes Frequently Dialed #s Preferences Emergency #s Speech to Speech STS Messages Database Profile Macros | |
| Directory Assistance | DA Intro Interstate Directory Assistance Intrastate Directory Assistance Automated DA | Call Processing Calling from International Number Sprint International Variations Non-Standard TTY | |

| TRAINING TOPICS | | | |
|-----------------|--|---|--|
| | DA City& State Given; Area Code Unknown | Answered Foreign Language | |
| | DA Variations | Transfer Menu | |
| | Sprint International | 900 # Call Processing | |
| | International Transfer Menu | 211/311/511 Requests | |
| | Call Processing Calling to International Number | · · | |
| Device to | Device to Device Intro | VCO to HCO and HCO to VCO | |
| Device Calls | Function Keys and Banner Messages | HCO to HCO | |
| | VCO to TTY and TTY to VCO | Device to Device Variations | |
| | VCO to VCO | Alternate Call Type reaches recording | |
| | TTY to HCO and HCO to TTY CA information | Request for Length of Call | |
| Call Processing | Area Code Only In From Number | Request Long Distance Information | |
| Variations | Conversational Flow | T-V Call and V Requests Supervisor Call | |
| | Static or Poor Connection | Backs for TTYs | |
| | Profanity towards Agent | Multiple Calls | |
| | Redialing | Sensitive Topics | |
| | Young Children | Suicide | |
| | Inbound Does Not Connect | Abuse | |
| | Inbound ASCII | Illegal Calls | |
| | Charges Refused 800 Number | Answering Machines | |
| | Tone Judgments | Hangs Up Before Message Left | |
| | Repeating Information | Do Not Type Recorded Messages | |
| | Restricted Calls | Answering Machine Full | |
| | Two calling from numbers | Change Answering Machine Message | |
| | LEC Service Office 611/811 | VCO Requests Leave Message 1st out dial | |
| | Double Letters | Leaving a Message V-TTY Ans V Retrieving Messages from TTY V Ans Mach | |
| | Call Waiting Feature | TTY Screener | |
| | Conference Calls | Request to Leave TTY Message on Ans | |
| | Party Line Calls | Mach | |
| | Three-Way Calling | Recordings | |
| | Hard of hearing Customer Ans TTY Line | Regional 800 | |
| | Spanish Calls to TX Sp Speaking Agents | TTY Requests "Dial That Number" | |
| | Request for Alternate Language | Recording with Relay Option | |
| | Caller Types in Alternate Language | Alternate Call Recording Reached | |
| | Voice Customer Hangs Up During a Call | English/Spanish | |
| | Variable Time Stamp | Pound | |
| | Customer Misdialed Phrase | Touch Tone Phone | |
| | TTY Customer Hangs Up During a Call | Advertisements | |
| | Non Standard TTY Capability Relaying Internet Characters | Do Not Type Recordings Get Live Person/Rep | |
| | TTY User Does Not Type GA | Conversation Being Recorded | |
| | Dispatch Calls – Pizza, Taxi, Carry-out | Dial Number from Recorded Announcement | |
| | Customer Referral Guidelines | VCO | |
| | V-T Calls answered by Fax | Conference Calls | |
| | Customer Requests | Leave Relay Number | |
| | Holding for Inbound prior to out dial | Voice Mail Řetrieval | |
| | Request for Company Information | VCO Types and Voices | |
| | Request for Information | Prompting | |
| | Request for M or F Agent | Data Transmission Box | |
| | Request Specific Agent | Prompting VCO on Hold | |
| | Agent Knows Customer | Requests VCO/HCO | |
| | Request for Relay Number | HCO | |
| | Customer Requests to Call Relay Service | Requests VCO/HCO | |
| | Request Tolophone Number Referral | Alternate Call Type Recording | |
| | Request Telephone Number Referral Request for Date/Time | Bridge Left Open | |
| | Customer Requests Agent to Modify Call | | |
| | Customer Requests Agent to Woully Call | | |
| | | | |

| | TRAINING TOPICS | |
|------------------------------|--|--|
| Call Take Over Procedures | FCC Rule Protocol and process flow TTY-Voice and Voice-TTY ASCII | VCO VCO to VCO HCO VCO-TTY and TTY-VCO |
| Customer Service | Functions Language Services | Procedures |
| OSD | Operator Services for the Deaf (OSD) Functions | OSD to TRS TRS to OSD |
| Transparency | Non-Emergency Calls Emergency Center Evacuation | Network Failure |
| Emergency Call Procedures | Emergency Calls Intro Emergency Services FCC Requirements Emergency Call Processing Emergency Reporting TTY-Emergency Voice-Emergency | TTY-Emergency TTY Call Release Internet-Emergency Internet (IP) Emergency Instant Messenger (IM) Emergency Emergency Call Processing Variations Emergency Form |
| Federal Relay Service | FRS Intro FRS Announcement FRS Service Explanation FRS Relay Procedures Federal Relay Service call types | FRS Confidentiality Policy FRS Customer Information Requests FRS Customer Contacts FRS Reporting |
| STS (Speech-to-Speech) | Speech To Speech Training Outline STS Introduction and History STS Description Disabilities Characteristics of STS users Stereotypes Clarifying Phrases Phrases to Avoid STS Phone Image STS Agent Tools Consistency Patience Ask Yes or No Questions No Personal Conversation Phrases You Can Use Speech to Speech Alphabet Transparency/Call Control/Confidentiality | Ways to Reduce/Streamline Notes Standard Abbreviations (STS) STS-Voice Voice-STS STS VCO-Voice Voice to STS VCO (TTY answer r) Voice to STS VCO (VCO answer) STS VCO 2 Line VCO TTY-STS STS-TTY Non-branded HCO to STS STS-HCO STS Hold Message STS Call Takeover Confidentiality and Transparency Personal Conversations requests Speech to Speech Variations |
| Healthy Detachment | Healthy Detachment Intro Objectives Survival Skills Relay Traps | Perception Ways to Reduce Stress Hospitality Phrases |
| Healthy Relay | A healthy approach toward Relay Introduction Objectives Ergonomics Stretching Exercises Agent Reinforcement Ergonomic Review | Setting up Workstation GUAM - Get Up and Move Ergonomic Relief Slowing the Customer Down Overtime Relaxation |
| Adult Learner | Understanding the Needs of the Adult Learner The Learning Continuum Use of Different Modalities Adult Learning - Edgar Dale's Cone of Experience Elements of Lesson Design Focus The Adult Learner Objective and Purpose Input | Modeling Checking For Understanding Guided Practice Independent Practice Summary Evaluation How to Give Effective Instruction Questioning Guidelines Feedback - Training and Coaching |

| TRAINING TOPICS | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| | | Technique Trust in Management | |
| Assessing Performance | The Assessment Process in Training Assessment Time - What is involved? Practice Time Spelling Test Written tests Side by side evaluations Typing | Acceptable Time Frame Acceptable Is Relative Ways to "Coach" Feedback Maintain Self-esteem and Motivate Pass/Fail Guidelines Introduce Assessment Form Form Set-Up | |
| Introduction to Diversified Culture | Introduction to Diversified Culture Objectives Who Uses Relay Understanding Our Customer Special Communication Needs Pathological vs. Cultural View of Deafness Characteristics of Deafness The Deaf Community | Why is there Deaf Culture? Attachments: What Do You Know About Deafness (Q) What Do You Know About Deafness (A) Myths About Deafness Two Views of Deafness Loudness Levels | |
| Deaf Heritage | History in Europe History in North America Alexander Graham Bell | Edward Miner Gallaudet Oral / Combined Debate | |
| The Deaf Community | Introduction to the Deaf Community National Association of the Deaf Contributions to Society Mainstreamed Schools | American Athletic Assn. of Deaf National Theatre of the Deaf Assistive Devices Gaining Acceptance in the Deaf Community | |
| The Deaf Community | Sign Language Interpreters Different Communication Systems Exposure to English DEAF President Now Attitude Changes toward the Deaf Community | Changes in the Deaf Community Rules for Using a Sign Language Interpreter Interpreting Standards | |
| American Sign Language Part 1 | What is ASL? History of ASL ASL Recognized as Language | Rules of ASL Five Parameters of ASL English vs. ASL Idioms | |
| American Sign Language Part 2 | Evolution of ASL ASL Syntax | Translate ASL to English and Vice Versa | |
| TTYPhony and TTY Courtesy | First Teletypewriter Evolution of the TTY Telecommunications Laws of Accessibility | TTY Courtesy Development of Relay Service Market | |
| Hard of hearing and Late Deafened Customers | Hard of hearing and Late Deafened Customers Characteristics of Deaf Customers Assistive Devices for Deaf Customers | Establishment of Self Help for Hard-of- Hearing People (SHHH)(Now the 'Hearing Loss Association of America' (HLAA)) Relaying for Deaf Customers | |
| Characteristics of late-deafened Customers | Establishment of Association of late-Deafened Adults (ALDA) Relaying for late-deafened Customers | Deaf-Blind, Speech-Challenged, Spanish Speaking and Hearing Customers | |
| Characteristics of Deaf-Blind Customers | Assistive Devices for Deaf-Blind Customers Relaying for Deaf-Blind Customers | Deaf-Blind Pacing – allows the CA to slow down the transmission to the Braille machine | |
| Characteristics of Relaying for other users | Speech-Challenged Customers Spanish-Speaking Customers | Hearing customers | |
| Ethics and Confidentiality | Interpreting Standards The ADA and FCC regulations for the Provision of | TRS Rules – Operator Standards Relay Center Agreement Regarding | |

| TRAINING TOPICS | |
|--|------------------------------------|
| TRS Regulations pertaining to call content | Confidential Customer Information. |



Appendix C

TRS, IP and CapTel Pledge of Confidentiality



Appendix C: TRS Pledge of Confidentiality

Agreement Regarding Confidential Information

SPRINT TRS RELAY CENTERS AGREEMENT REGARDING CONFIDENTIAL CUSTOMER INFORMATION

IN CONSIDERATION of: (1) my employment with Sprint/United Management Company or any subsidiary, affiliate, or successor-in-interest of Sprint Corporation ("Sprint"), (2) my continued employment as long as mutually agreeable, and (3) the opportunity to receive Sprint confidential customer information or other good and valuable consideration:

AS AN EMPLOYEE OF THE RELAY SERVICES ORGANIZATION, I UNDERSTAND THAT I AM BOUND BY ALL SPRINT POLICIES AND SPECIFICALLY, I AGREE AS FOLLOWS:

- 1. ALL TELECOMMUNICATIONS RELAY SERVICE CALL RELATED INFORMATION SHALL BE KEPT STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. I will not reveal any information acquired during or observing a relay call. I will only discuss call-related questions or problems with management or Human Resources. I agree to keep confidential all information I learn in my position for the duration of and after my employment with Sprint ends.
- 2. NO RECORDS OF CUSTOMER INFORMATION OR CONTENT OF ANY TELECOMMUNICATIONS RELAY SERVICE CALL SHALL BE KEPT BEYOND THE DURATION OF THE CALL, WITH LIMITED EXCEPTIONS FOR AUTHORIZED COMPANY PROCEDURES. I will not keep a record of any customer information or conversation content beyond the duration of the call except in accordance with company procedures for relaying Speech to Speech calls or for billing and customer profile purposes. I will destroy all such records in my possession immediately upon completion of their authorized use.
- 3. NOTHING MAY BE EDITED OR OMITTED FROM THE CONTENT OF THE CONVERSATION OR THE SPIRIT OF THE SPEAKER. I will transmit exactly what is said in the way that it is intended in the language of the customer's choice.
- 4. NOTHING MAY BE ADDED OR INTERJECTED INTO THE CONTENT OF THE CONVERSATION OR THE SPIRIT OF THE SPEAKER. I will not advise, counsel, or interject personal opinions, even when asked to do so by the customer.
- 5. TO ASSURE MAXIMUM CUSTOMER CONTROL, I WILL BE FLEXIBLE IN ADAPTING TO THE CUSTOMER'S NEEDS.
- 6. I WILL STRIVE TO FURTHER MY SKILLS AND KNOWLEDGE THROUGH CONTINUED TRAINING, WORKSHOPS, AND READING OF CURRENT LITERATURE IN THE FIELD.
- 7. ALL SPRINT MATERIALS IN MY POSSESSION PERTAINING TO ANY SPRINT CUSTOMER WILL BE DELIVERED UPON THE TERMINATION OF MY EMPLOYMENT.

I have read and understand the Sprint Relay center Agreement Regarding Confidential Customer Information. I agree to comply and understand that failure to do so will lead to company disciplinary

action that may result in my termination and/or criminal prosecution. I also understand that ascertaining damages resulting from a breach of this agreement would be difficult. I agree that Sprint shall have the right to an injunction against me, enjoining any such breach without any obligation to post bond. I agree that this will be in addition to and without limiting any other remedies or rights Sprint may have against me.

EMPLOYEE SIGNATURE DATE

MANAGER/SUPERVISOR SIGNATURE DATE

CAPTEL CONFIDENTIALITY

Information obtained during a CapTel call should not be shared with any person except a member of the CapTel management staff who has asked for specific information. This information may be needed to clarify technical, policy, emergency, venting, consumer or customer service issues. General call information will not be shared unless it is used to clarify, vent, or teach. Information about call content should be discussed in a private area only.

Only information critical to resolving the situation will be disclosed. This may include consumer name, name of business/agency, gender of caller, type of call (voice in, CapTel in), day of week, time of day, city, state, or any other details that could in some way identify a consumer.

A Captionist may feel the need to "vent" about a call due to problems, complaints or stress from handling the call. The Captionist may ask to speak to a Supervisor or other member of management (as long as it wasn't their call) in a private area. Clarify before the conversation you wish to "vent" about a call.

The success of CapTel depends on quality and complete confidentiality. Consumers will be less likely to use the service if they feel their personal and professional calls are not kept in the strictest confidence. It is very important all Captionists understand and abide by the confidentiality policy. Any Captionist who breaks this policy will be disciplined, up to and including termination.

Confidentiality Policy

- I will not disclose to any individual (outside of a member of the CapTel management staff) the identity of any caller or information I may learn about a caller (including names, phone numbers, locations, etc.) on any CapTel call.
- I will not act upon any information received while processing a CapTel call.

- I will not disclose to anyone the names, schedules, or personal information of any fellow worker at CapTel Inc.
- I will not share any information about CapTel calls with anyone except a member of the CapTel Inc. management staff in order to investigate complaints, technical issues, etc.
- I will continue to hold in confidence all information related to the work and calls I have performed while at CapTel Inc. after my employment ends.
- I will never reveal my Captionist ID number in conjunction with my name unless asked by a member of the CapTel Inc. management staff.
- I will not share with anyone any technical aspect of my position at CapTel Inc. unless asked by a member of the CapTel Inc. management staff.
- I will not talk about consumers or call content with any fellow Captionists.
- I will not listen to or get involved in calls taken by fellow Captionists.

I have read the above Confidentiality Policy and understand a breach of confidentiality will result in disciplinary action up to and including termination of employment at CapTel Inc. I recognize the serious and confidential nature of my position and therefore promise to abide by these guidelines.

| Employee Name | | |
|---------------|--|--|
| Date | | |



Appendix D

Sprint Carrier of Choice Letter of Invitation



Appendix D: Sprint Carrier of Choice Letter of Invitation



<insert date>

<insert carrier name>

<insert contact name>

<insert tel nbr or fax nbr>

<insert email address>

Re: <insert customer (end user name)>, <insert telephone number>

Thank you for your interest to complete <insert carrier name> Toll calls with Sprint Telecommunications Relay Service (TRS). As the default Toll carrier for processing relay calls in more than thirty-two states (32), Sprint currently transports the traffic of customers who have selected you as their Toll carrier. However, many of your customers would prefer to use <insert carrier name> LD for their toll calls. At present, Sprint TRS is unable to send the toll calls from the regional centers or state access tandem to your network. Hence, this letter is being written to make you aware of a potential service-impacting issue regarding TRS calls and measures your company can take to ensure your customers' toll calls are completed through TRS.

The Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 mandate TRS, and TRS standards are established and are monitored by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC). TRS is a service that links telephone conversations between standard (voice) telephone users and people who are deaf, hard of hearing, deaf-blind, or speech disabled using Text Telephone (TTY) equipment. The State Public Utilities Commission manages the day-to-day operations of TRS and has contracted with Sprint Corporation to provide relay service in their states.

Both, the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 and FCC's Order 00-56 on TRS mandate that all states provide TRS and that TRS users shall have equal access to their chosen interexchange carrier and to all other operator services, to the same extent that such access is provided to voice users. In order to provide this access to your customers, your company is encouraged to submit a letter of authorization to accept TRS calls from Sprint.

Attachment A lists the facility-based providers who currently participate at Sprint TRS Carrier of Choice program. If your company (or your facility based provider) is not currently listed, please review the following and determine the appropriate follow-up action needed to be taken:

Facility-based provider

- 1. If you are a participating member at Sprint Carrier of Choice program, please disregard.
- 2. If you are not a participating member at Sprint Carrier of Choice program, you need to establish a network presence at the regional centers or state access tandem and accept calls from Sprint through the industry method of SS7 trunking and TRS billing codes of Info Digit Pair 60, 66, and 67 (see below). You will need to provide Sprint with your toll carrier's SS7 Network Transit Selector information.

Non-facility based provider

- 1. If your underlying toll carrier is a participating member at Sprint Carrier of Choice program, Sprint can implement the IXC brand name and pass the toll call information to the underlying carrier's CIC code and SS7 Transit Network Selector information. Please submit a letter of authorization that would advise Sprint to implement the carrier brand name and to send the toll call information to its underlying toll carrier.
- 2. If your underlying toll carrier is not a participating member at Sprint Carrier of Choice program, you will need to work with your underlying toll carrier to establish a network presence at the regional centers or state access tandem and accept calls from Sprint through the industry method of SS7 trunking and TRS billing codes of Info Digit Pair 60, 66, and 67 (see below). You will need to provide Sprint with your toll carrier's SS7 Network Transit Selector information.

Before you submit a letter of authorization to Sprint TRS, please consider the following four factors:

- 1. Your (or your underlying toll carrier) CIC codes and SS7 Transit Network Selector information associated with 1+, 0+, and 0- and International dialing must be loaded into the regional (and/or state) access tandems.
- 2. You (or your underlying toll carrier) will need to support SS7 tandem interconnection.
- 3. You (or your underlying toll carrier) will need to ensure that your translation tables are updated in order to appropriately receive, rate, and bill Sprint calls per Bellcore industry standards. Sprint calls are designated as ANI II Digit Pair 60, 66, and 67.
- 4. If you utilize more than one underlying toll carrier to carry the toll traffic, select a single toll carrier that will accept Sprint traffic.

Note: For detailed information regarding access tandem interconnection and carrier of choice provisioning through Sprint, please refer to ATIS/NIIF-008, the "Telecommunications Relay service – Technical Needs" document.

Attachment B lists Sprint TRS Access Tandem Interconnection locations. The best way to provide access to your Toll network through relay service for your customers is to designate the 8 Sprint Regional TRS center/Access Tandem combinations as the points at which Sprint will hand off Toll relay service traffic to you. In this manner, any relay caller that wishes to use your services may be efficiently, and with minimal time delay, routed to your network. Should you not have a presence at one or more of the

Sprint regional center/access tandem combinations, the traffic may be handed off at one of the regional center's access tandem.

Attachment C is a sample letter of authorization. Once Sprint receives your written request to participate in the Sprint TRS Carrier of Choice program, Sprint will schedule translation updates in the next available release (usually 30 to 90 days). Information obtained from the carriers will be used solely for the purpose of providing equal access for <insert carrier name> LD customers and shall be held proprietary.

Sprint welcomes your company's participation in our TRS Carrier of Choice program at no cost to you if your company has network presence at any of our listed regional center/state access tandem locations. Your participation at the Sprint Carrier of Choice program will create a win-win situation for our customers. Through Sprint, as the relay provider, customers will be able to enjoy uninterrupted service and your company will be able to generate additional revenue.

Thank you for your prompt attention to this matter. If you have any questions concerning with the letter, please do not hesitate to call me at <xxx-xxx-xxxx> or email at <insert email address>

Sincerely Yours,

<insert name>

Program Manager, <insert state(s)>

Sprint Relay

CC: Michael Fingerhut, Federal Regulatory, Sprint

<insert name>, Program Manager, Sprint



Appendix E

Sprint Disaster Recovery Plan



Appendix E: Disaster Recovery Plan and Network Support Plan

Sprint's comprehensive Disaster Recovery Plan details the methods Sprint will utilize to cope with specific disasters. The plan includes quick and reliable switching of calls, Sprint's TRS network diagrams identifying where traffic will be rerouted if vulnerable circuits become inoperable, and problem reporting with escalation protocol. Besides service outages, the Disaster Recovery Plan applies to specific disasters that affect any technical area of Sprint's Relay network.

The first line of defense against degradation is the Sprint's Relay dynamic call routing that Sprint employs. During a major or minor service disruption, the Sprint's Relay dynamic call routing network feature bypasses the failed or degraded facility and immediately directs calls to the first available Relay Operator in any of Sprint's fully inter-linked TRS Call Centers. ROs are trained in advance to provide service to other States; the transfer of calls between Centers is transparent to users.

Beyond the Sprint's Relay dynamic call routing network, Sprint's TRS Disaster Recovery Plan details the steps that will be taken to deal with any Relay problem, and restore Telecommunications Relay service to its full operating level in the shortest possible time.

STATE NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE

To provide the State with the most complete and timely information on problems affecting Relay service, the trouble reporting procedure will include three levels of response:

- An immediate report (as defined in the contract)
- > A 24-hour status report
- A comprehensive final report within 5 business days

Sprint will notify the designated representative of the State within fifteen minutes if a Relay service disruption of 30 minutes or longer occurs. The report will explain how the problem will be corrected and an approximate time when full service will be restored. Within 24 hours of the Relay service disruption, an intermediate report provides problem status and more detail of what action is necessary. In most cases, the 24-hour report reveals that the problem has been corrected and that full Relay service has been restored. The final comprehensive written report, explaining how and when the problem occurred, corrective action taken, and time and date when full operation resumed will be provided to the Contract Administrator within five business days of return to normal operation. Examples of Relay service disruption include:

- > TRS Switching System failure or malfunction
- Major transmission facility blockage of the last-leg circuits to the Relay Call Centers
- ➤ Threat to RO safety or other RO work stoppage
- Loss of RO position capabilities

Performance at each Sprint Relay Center is monitored continuously 24-hours-a-day, seven-days-a-week from Sprint's Service Assurance Monitoring Center (SAMC) in Overland Park, KS.

DISASTER RECOVERY PROCEDURES

If the problem is within a relay center, maintenance can usually be performed by the on-site technician, with assistance from Sprint's SAMC. If the problem occurs during non-business hours and requires on-site assistance, the SAMC will page the technician to provide service remedies. Sprint retains hardware spares at each center to allow for any type of repair required without ordering additional equipment (except for complete loss of a center).

TIME FRAMES FOR SERVICE RESTORATION

Complete or Partial Loss of Service Due to Sprint Relay Equipment or Facilities

Sprint Relay Call Center Equipment

A technician is on-site during the normal business day. The technician provides parts and / or resources necessary to expedite repair within two hours. Outside of the normal business day, a technician will be on-site within four hours. The technician then provides parts and /or resources necessary to expedite repair within two hours.

Sprint or Telco Network

Facilities or an outage of facilities directly serving incoming TRS Relay calls will immediately be routed to one of the other Centers throughout the US. No inbound calls will be lost. Repair of Interexchange and Local Exchange fiber or network facilities typically requires less than eight hours.

Due to Utilities or Disaster at the Center

Immediate rerouting of traffic occurs with any large-scale Relay Center disaster or utility failure. Service is restored as soon as the utility is restored, provided the Sprint Relay equipment has not been damaged. If the equipment has been damaged the service restoration for Sprint equipment (above) applies.

Due to Telco Facilities Equipment

A Telco equipment failure will not normally have a large effect on TRS traffic within the state unless it occurs on Telco facilities directly connected to the relay call center. In this case, normal Sprint Relay traffic rerouting will apply.

TROUBLE REPORTING PROCEDURES

| TD1 C 11 ' | | | | 1 | • | , • . | 1 1 |
|---------------|------------|---------|----------|-----------|-------------|----------|---------|
| The following | intorma | 110n 19 | reamred | When a i | iser is ren | orting 1 | monhle. |
| The following | IIIIOIIIIa | tion is | required | wiich a t | user is rep | orung i | Toubic. |

- Service Description
- Callers Name
- Contact Number
- ☐ Calling to/Calling from, if applicable
- Descriptionof

Service disruptions or anomalies that are identified by users may be reported to the Sprint Relay Customer Service toll-free number at any time day or night, seven days a week. The Customer Service operator creates a trouble ticket and passes the information on to the appropriate member of Sprint's Maintenance Team for action. Outside the normal business day, the SAMC will handle calls from the Customer Service RO 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. The Maintenance Team recognizes most disruptions in service prior to customers being aware of any problem. Site

trouble

the

MEAN TIME TO REPAIR (MTTR)

MTTR is defined and detailed in Tables 1 and 2:

to respond quickly to any event, including natural disasters.

| Time to Investigate | The time needed to determine the existence of a problem and its scope. | |
|---|--|--|
| Time to Repair | Repair time by Field Operations plus LEC time, if applicable. | |
| Time to Notify From the time repair is completed to the time the customer is notified of repair complete. | | |

technicians are on call at each of Sprint's twelve sites across the United States TRS call centers

Table 1 – Time to Investigate + Time to Repair + Time to Notify

| Switched Services | 8 Hours | |
|-------------------|------------------------------|--|
| Private Lines | 4 Hours (electronic failure) | |
| Fiber Cut | 8 Hours | |

Table 2 – Current MTTR Objectives

Sprint's Mean Time to Repair is viewed from the customer's perspective. A critical element in the equation is the Time to Notify, because Sprint does not consider a repair complete until the customer accepts the circuit back as satisfactory.

ESCALATION PROCEDURES

If adequate results have not been achieved within two hours, the Contract Administrator or a user may escalate the report to the next level. The table below details the escalation levels.

| Escalation Level | Contact | Phone |
|------------------|---------|-------|
| | | |

| 2 | Regional Maintenance Manager | Office Phone Number (913-794-1130) | |
|---|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| 3 | Senior Manager, Technical Staff | Office Phone Number 913-794-3603 | |

Network Support Plan

NETWORK DESIGN

Sprint's service is provided over an all-fiber sophisticated management control networks that support backbone networks with digital switching architecture. These elements are combined to provide a highly reliable, proven, and redundant network. Survivability is a mandatory objective of the Sprint network design. The Sprint network minimizes the adverse effect of service interruptions due to equipment failures or cable cuts, network overload conditions, or regional catastrophes.

A 100 percent fiber-optic network provides critical advantages over the other carriers. These advantages include:

Quality

Since voice and data are transmitted utilizing fiber optic technology, the problems of outdated analog and even modern microwave transmission simply do not apply. Noise, electrical interference, weather-impacting conditions, and fading are virtually eliminated.

Economy

The overall quality, architecture, and advanced technology of digital fiber optics make transmission so dependable that it costs us less to maintain, thereby passing the savings on to our customers.

Expandability

As demand for network capacity grows, the capacity of the existing single-mode fiber can grow. Due to the architecture and design of fiber optics, the capacity of the network can be upgraded to increase 2,000-fold.

Survivability

Network survivability is the ability of the network to cope with random disruptions of facilities and/or demand overloads.

Sprint has established an objective to provide 100 percent capability to reroute backbone traffic during any single cable cut. This is a significant benefit to _______, and a competitive differentiation of the Sprint network.

Network switched services are provided via 49 Southern Telecom DMS-250/300 switches at 29 locations nationwide. Three DMS-300s located at New York, NY; Fort Worth, TX; and Stockton, CA, serve as international gateways. The remaining 46 switches provide switching functions for Sprint's domestic switched services.

Interconnection of the 49 switches is provided in a non-hierarchical manner. This means that inter-machine trunk (IMT) groups connect each switch with all other switches within the network. Each of these IMT groups is split and routed through the Sprint fiber network over SONET route paths for protection and survivability. As an extra precaution to preclude any call blockage, Dynamically Controlled Routing (DCR) provides an additional layer of tandem routing options when a direct IMT is temporarily busy.

Reliability is ensured through a corporate commitment to maintain or surpass our system objectives. Beginning with the network design, reliability and efficiency are built into the system. Sprint continues to improve the network's reliability through the addition of new technologies.

The effectiveness of this highly reliable and survivable network is attributed to the redundant transmission and switching hardware configurations, SONET ring topology, and sophisticated network management and control Centers. These factors combine to assure outstanding network performance and reliability for the State.

NETWORK CRITERIA

System Capacity

The Sprint network was built with the capacity to support every interLATA and intraLATA call available in the US. With the continuing development of network fiber transmission equipment to support higher speeds and larger bandwidth, the capacity of the Sprint network to support increasing customer requirements and technologies is assured well into the future.

Service Restoration

Sprint provides for the restoration of service in the event of equipment malfunctions, isolated network overloads, major network disruptions and national/civil emergency situations. In the event of service disruption due to Sprint's equipment, service typically is restored within four hours after notification. Sprint does everything possible to prevent a total outage at its switch sites or at any of its' POPs through the use of advanced site designs. All processors, memory, and switch networks within our switches are fully redundant. All switch sites are protected by uninterruptible power supplies and halon systems planned in conjunction with local fire departments. Most of our new sites are earth sheltered to increase survivability. A multi-pronged program is used to minimize outages:

Minimized "single points of failure" including:

- Diversification of all facilities' demands between switch sites. All switch sites are connected to the long haul network over at least two separate Sprint fiber routes; many have three paths.
- > Deployment of multiple switches at large switching Centers. This prevents a single switch outage from disabling the site.

- ➤ Have systems in place allowing for the rapid redeployment of network resources in case of a catastrophic outage. Fiber cuts, which can affect thousands of calls at several locations, are sometimes unavoidable. Response to these outages is maximized through the following procedures:
- ➤ Utilization of established plans to respond effectively to these outages.
- The capability to rapidly deploy network transmission facilities when needed.
- Immediate execution of alternate routing in the digital switches and cross-connect systems to assist in the handling of temporary network disruptions and forced overloads.

The entire spectrum of survivability needs, expectations, and requirements can be met by the proper engineering of customer and Sprint switches and facilities.

FIBER BACKBONE LOOP TOPOLOGY AND RECONFIGURATION

Fiber optic cable routes are designed to include redundant capacity to insure survivable fiber optic systems. Sprint's SONET network, using four-fiber bi-directional line switched ring capability, allows automatic switching to alternate paths to provide for traffic rerouting in the event of a route failure. The SONET fiber optic backbone topology is currently designed with more than 100 overlapping rings to ensure sufficient alternate paths for total network survivability.

SPRINT ROUTE OUTAGE PREVENTION PROGRAMS

Call Before You Dig Program

This program uses a nationwide 1-800 number interlinked with all local/state government utility agencies as well as contractors, rail carriers, and major utilities. Sprint currently receives in excess of 60,000 calls per month for location assistance over the 23,000-mile fiber network.

Awareness Program

This Sprint program proactively contacts local contractors, builders, property owners, county/city administrators, and utility companies to educate them on Sprint's cable locations and how each can help eliminate cable outages.

Route Surveillance Program

This is a Network Operation's department program using Sprint employees to drive specific routes (usually 120 miles) and visually inspect the fiber cable routes. This activity is performed an average of 11.6 times per month or approximately once every 2-3 days.

Technician Program

Technicians are stationed at strategic locations and cover an area averaging 60 route miles. Each technician has emergency restoration material to repair fiber cuts on a temporary basis. Other operations forces within a nominal time frame accomplish total repair.

Fiber/Switch Trending Program

This includes a weekly summary of equipment failure events highlighting bit error rate (BER) and cable attenuation. As a result, Sprint identifies potential equipment problems and monitors performance degradation to establish equipment-aging profiles for scheduled repair, replacement, or elimination. Aging profiles are computer-stored representations of the characteristics of a fiber splice. The profile is stored at the time the splice is accepted and put into service. A comparison of the original profile and current profile are compared for performance degradation. Maintenance is scheduled based on this type of monitoring.

NETWORK MANAGEMENT AND CONTROL SYSTEMS

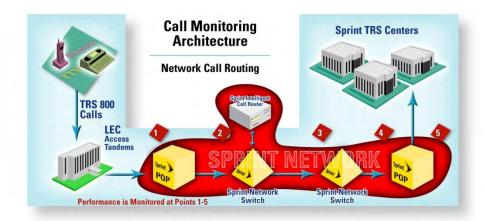
Surveillance for the Sprint network is managed by the Network Operations Center located in Overland Park Kansas. In the event of a network problem causing customer degradation of service, Network Operations will notify the Service Assurance Management Center (SAMC) of Sprint's TRS Group. SAMC will then notify the appropriate PSC with a description of the problem and an estimated time of repair.

INBOUND CALL ROUTING

Sprint incorporates a dynamic routing system that continuously monitors circuit and RO availability to ensure calls are answered within the required time frames. This includes reporting for the long distance network and equipment, which many Relay providers are unable to provide, as well as reporting for the Relay network.

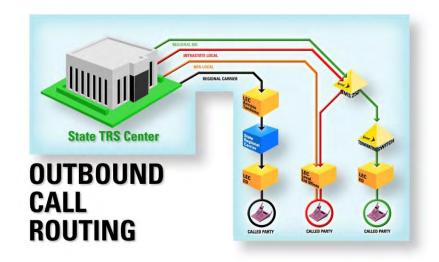
Sprint's inbound configuration ensures that if an issue is identified anywhere in the network, it will be promptly addressed and reported.

The Call Monitoring Architecture diagram in the figure below depicts the standard inbound call path to Sprint's Relay Center. Unlike other Relay providers, Sprint monitors each leg of the inbound call path at the points shown to ensure the call reaches the Relay Center with little to no blocking.



Call Monitoring Architecture Diagram

The Network Design Configuration for Outbound Calling in the figure below indicates the extensive complexity of Sprint's Relay platform, including standard call paths for local, intra-state, regional 800, and COC calls.



Outbound Routing Diagram

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CapTel Disaster Recovery Plan

CAPTEL OUTAGE PREVENTION STATUS

Sprint will provide FCC compliant CapTel® service from the two CapTel call centers in Madison and Milwaukee, WI. Sprint's CapTel vendor CapTel Inc. (CTI) operates the two current CapTel and WebCapTel® call centers in the nation. These unique centers operate with enough terminals for 200 ROs each, along with support personnel, Technicians, and Supervisors.

Both CapTel call centers are equipped with redundant systems for power, ACD/telecom switching equipment, call processing servers, data network servers, and LAN gear. Most equipment failures can be corrected without complete loss of service.

Having two CapTel call centers ensures minimum interruptions in service if something unexpectedly halts operations in one center or the other such as a flood or a tornado. In those instances, traffic from one Center can automatically be routed to the other.

SPRINT OUTAGE NOTIFICATION FROM CAPTEL CALL CENTER

Performance at the CapTel call center is monitored continuously by CTI technicians 24 hours a day, seven days a week. Sprint will be notified by the CapTel Service Center Manager immediately upon determination of any type of natural or man-made problem that causes either:

- ➤ A complete (100 percent) loss of the CapTel Service Center, OR
- Any partial loss of service in excess of 15 minutes that is service affecting. Examples of such a loss in service include:
- An accidental switch rebooting
- Loss of transmission facilities through the telephone network
- Terrorist attack
- Bomb threat or other work stoppage
- Sudden loss of agent position capabilities.
- Impact to minimum ASA / Speed of Answer times
- Acts of God

Contact from the CapTel Service Center Manager or designated CTI contact person will be made to the assigned contact people at Sprint immediately upon awareness of an outage meeting the above criteria, 24 hours a day, seven days a week including holidays with the following documentation:

1.) What time did the outage happen in CENTRAL TIME?

- 2.) What caused it?
- 3.) Which customers are (or were) impacted?
- 4.) What is (was) the solution to restore service?
- 5.) What is the time that service will be (or was restored by) IN CENTRAL TIME?

Sprint will internally escalate outages in the following manner:

| Level | Escalation Procedure for Outages | Point of Contact (POC) | Contact Info: |
|-------|--|---|--|
| 1 | Sprint Product Innovation Manager | Dennis Selznick Product Innovation Manager | 913-663-7278 Dennis.A.Selznick@sprint.com After Hours: getdennis@gmail.com (pager) 913-231-1386 (cell) |
| 2 | Captioned Telephone Inc.'s (CTI) Call Center Director | Pam Frazier Call Center Director | (608) 441-8800 Pam.Frazier@captelmail.com After Hours: 608-516-7517 (cell) 608-832-6233 (home) |
| 3 | Captioned Telephone Inc.'s (CTI) Call Center Vice President | Jayne Turner Vice President | (608) 441-8800 Jayne.Turner@ultratec.com After Hours: 608-274-0598 (home) |

Table 44 – Sprint CapTel Outage Escalation

SPRINT PROCEDURE FOR OUTAGE NOTIFICATION TO CONTRACT ADMINISTRATORS

Upon receiving notification from CTI, Sprint will have one of the below managers contact the Contract Administrator, depending on availability:

| | Point of Contact (POC) | Position | Contact Information: |
|---|---|---------------------------------|--|
| 1 | John Moore | Relay Program Management Mgr | P: (925) 904-4014 M: (925) 895-9176 H: 925-968-1418 E: <u>John.E.Moore@sprint.com</u> Pgr: <u>jmoore45@sprintpcs.com</u> |
| 2 | Angela Officer | Relay Program Manager | P: (703) 689-5654 E: <u>Angela.Officer@sprint.com</u> |
| 3 | Assigned On-Call Relay Program Manager | Relay Program Manager | Assigned as necessary |

Sprint Customer Notification Procedure

Upon receiving notification from CTI, Sprint will assess the problem and contact will be made by email to the Contract Administrator.

In cases of partial loss of service, such as several inoperable RO positions or, local area network outages, the CapTel Center on-site technician will notify CapTel Service Center to schedule repair. Only those partial losses of service that are service affecting in excess of 30 minutes will be emailed to the state Contract Administrator.

If the problem is within the CapTel call center, maintenance can usually be performed by the onsite technicians. Hardware spares are retailed at the CapTel call center to allow for the most common type of repair required without the ordering of additional equipment.

DISASTER RECOVERY FOLLOW-UP

Upon notifying customers of an outage, Sprint's contact person will provide regular updates from CTI to all customers and internal team members. The follow up will be kept in sync with CapTel Customer Service so that the information shared with customers from CTI is the same as what customers receive from Sprint.

DISASTER RECOVERY POST-MORTEM DOCUMENTATION

Within 72 hours (3 days) after the outage is resolved, CTI will provide a formal written analysis of the outage to the designated Sprint people (outlined above).

Sprint will send a document with the analysis to the Contract Administrator. John Moore will be the primary point-of-contact for the letter to be shared with customers. If John Moore is not available, then Angie Officer will provide the letter directly to customers.

- 1) What time did the outage happen in CENTRAL TIME?
- 2) What caused it?
- 3) Which customers are (or were) impacted?
- 4) What is (was) the solution to restore service?
- 5) What is the time that service will be (or was restored by) IN CENTRAL TIME?
- 6) What will CapTel, Inc do to prevent this from happening again?

CTI will be available to answer questions from Contract Administrators through Sprint.

TIME FRAMES FOR SERVICE RESTORATION

Complete loss of service due to equipment

Normal business day – A technician is on site during the normal business day. The technician will provide parts and/or resources necessary to expedite repair of the most common problems within two (2) hours.

- ➤ Outside of the normal business day A technician will be on-site within four (4) hours. The technician will then provide parts and/or resources necessary to expedite repair of the most common problems within two (2) hours.
- Due to Utilities or Disaster at the Center Service will be restored as soon as the utility is restored provided the equipment was not damaged. If the equipment was damaged then refer to the timing in the statement previous (Due to Equipment).
- Due to Telco Facilities Equipment A technician will be dispatched as necessary. The normal Telco escalation procedures for a partial outage will apply:
 - > Two hours at first level.
 - Four hours at second level
 - > Eight hours at third level

These hours of escalation are all during the normal business day, so a trouble ticket may be extended from one day to the next.

- Partial loss of service Due to Equipment
 - Normal business day A technician is on site during normal business hours. The technician will provide parts and/or resources necessary to expedite repair of the most common problems within four (4) hours.
 - ➤ Outside of the normal business day A technician will be on-site within eight (8) hours. The technician will then provide parts and/or resources necessary to expedite repair of the most common problems within four (4) hours.
- Due to Position Equipment A technician will be on-site within eight (8) hours, provided there are not enough positions working to process the forecasted traffic volumes. The technician will provide parts and/or resources necessary to expedite repair within 48 hours. If there are enough positions functional to process the forecasted traffic, the equipment will be repaired as necessary by Sprint.
- Due to Telco Facilities Equipment A technician will be dispatched as necessary by Sprint. The normal Telco escalation procedures for a partial outage will apply:
 - Eight hours at first level
 - > Twenty-four hours at second level

These hours of Telco escalation are all during the normal business day, so a service request may be extended from one day to the next.

TROUBLE REPORTING PROCEDURES (FOR INDIVIDUAL CUSTOMERS TO CUSTOMER SERVICE)

All calls concerning customer service issues should be placed by dialing the CapTel Customer Service at 1-888-269-7477 (800-482-2424 TTY) in English (866-670-9134 for Spanish). A Customer Service agent will take information concerning:

- Callers Name
- Contact Number
- Calling to / Calling from if applicable
- Description of the trouble
- Customer service can also be reached by emailing <u>captel@captelmail.com</u>.

Report service affecting trouble to Customer Service during normal business hours. Escalations of service affecting issues during normal business hours are followed below:

| Level | Escalation Procedure during business hours | Point of Contact (POC) | Phone Number |
|-------|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| 1 | CapTel Customer Service | Customer Service Agent | (888) 269-7477 captel@captelmail.com |
| 2 | CapTel Customer Service Supervisor | Pam Holmes | (888)-269-7477 Pam.Holmes@captelmail.com |
| 3 | Captioned Telephone Inc.'s (CTI) Call Center Director | Pam Frazier Call Center Director | (608) 441-8800 Pam.Frazier@captelmail.com |
| 4 | Captioned Telephone Inc.'s (CTI) Call Center Vice President | Jayne Turner Vice President | (608) 441-8800 Jayne.Turner@ultratec.com |

Table 46 – CapTel Customer Service Escalation Procedures

ALTERNATIVE USAGE FOR CAPTEL PHONE DURING OUTAGE FOR VCO USERS.

CapTel phones are equipped with the capability to connect to traditional relay services even in the event that the captioning service is not available.

In the event that a user cannot reach the captioning center, and the user desires to use any form of available relay to connect their call, the user can dial 7-1-1 (user must dial only 7-1-1 and not a relay 800 number in order to change to VCO mode) and be connected to the in-state relay call center. Their call will be processed via VCO instead of captions. In VCO mode, no audio from the called party will be processed – just like any other traditional VCO call



Appendix F

TRS Information in Telephone Directories





To stop delivery of future directories visit www.yellowpagesoptout.com

To stop delivery of this or any other directory within the City of Seattle go to <u>seattle gov/stopphonebooks</u> For more ways to opt-out and info in other languages see page 3.

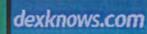
Seattle

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directory to phone service



8851 Sandy Parkway Sandy, UT 84070

Customer Service Number: 800 421-3872

Web Address: www.xo.com



1520 4th Avenue, Ste. 500 Seattle, WA 98101

Customer Service Number: 888 588-1501 Web Address: www.X5Solutions.com

services for customers with disabilities

CenturyLink's Center for Customers with Disabilities

Hours: 7 a.m. - 4:30 p.m., Monday - Friday, Pacific Time

CenturyLink provides telecommunication services for customers with mobility, vision, speech and hearing disabilities.

TTY/Voice 800 223-3131 Fax. 866 826-4839

CenturyLink's Disabilities Consultants Can:

- Explain the long-distance service for TTY users using CenturyLink long-distance service. (Eligibility requirements must be met to qualify for discounts.)
- · Order or disconnect telephone service and answer billing questions.
- · Handle CenturyLink repair requests.
- Establish Directory Listings for TTY users. Listings may appear with or without an address and indicate a TTY is used.
- Establish non-published or information-only listings for TTY customers at no charge.

CenturyLink's Directory Assistance Service

- CenturyLink's Directory Assistance service is an automated voice response service.
- If a vision or mobility disability prevents you from using this automated voice response service, press "0" (zero) at the beginning of the call to reach an agent.
- If a vision or mobility disability prevents you from using our automated voice response directory assistance and operator services, we offer a billing exemption for these services.
- · Our Consultants can explain eligibility requirements.

CenturyLink Print Material

- CenturyLink offers selected customer billing material (excludes directories) in alternate formats: large print, Braille, email text and audiotape, upon request.
- Contact our representatives for more information. 800 223-3131 (Voice/TTY)

Amplified Pay Phones

Many pay telephones are equipped with a volume control button, located in the upper left corner of the phone.

AT&T's Operator Service for TTY

CenturyLink's Center for Customers with Disabilities (cont'd)

Washington Relay Service

Dial 7-1-1 or Special Toll Free Numbers

Telecommunications Relay Service (TRS) is a free service that connects customers who are deaf, hard of hearing or have speech disabilities with others, using either standard telephone equipment or telephone equipment that has been specifically designed for individuals with disabilities. Making a call is simple: dial 7-1-1 or the toll-free Washington Relay Service numbers listed here. A trained Communications Assistant will answer your call and relay the telephone conversation between you and the party you are calling. All call information and conversations are confidential. Relay service is available 24 hours a day, 365 days a year. This service will handle local and long-distance calls. Long-distance calls placed for you can be billed collect, or to a pre-paid calling card, carrier calling card or third-party.

Telephone Numbers for Washington Relay Service:

| not get the first tent to the first tent tent tent tent tent tent tent te | and a second second second |
|---|----------------------------|
| HCO | 800 833-6388 |
| Spanish (V/TTY) | 877 833-6399 |
| (Voice) | 877 833-6398 |
| Speech to Speech | 877 833-6341 |
| Telebraille | 800 833-6385 |
| ΠΥ | 800 833-6388 |
| VCO | 800 833-6386 |
| Voice | 800 833-6384 |
| Customer Service | |
| English (VTTY) | 800 676-3777 |
| Spanish (V/TTY) | |
| Pay Per Call Service | 900 230-3327 |

Types of TRS Calls

- Computer (ASCII) users can access Washington Relay Service by setting the communications software to the following protocols: transmission speed of 1200 baud or above using modem settings of Full Duplex, Non-Host or Local-Echo-On mode, Full Duplex.
- Hearing-Carry-Over: HCO allows hearing individuals with very limited or no speech capability to type his or her conversation for the Communications Assistant to read aloud to the hearing person. The HCO user hears the other party's response. HCO requires a specially designed telephone.

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services for customers with disabilities

Types of TRS Calls (cont'd)

- Internet Relay: Connect to the relay using your computer or other web
 device. The Communications Assistant handles the call the same as a
 traditional relay call "voicing" or reading everything you type to the
 other party and typing everything the other party says for you to read
 on your screen.
- Spanish Relay: Spanish Relay is for Spanish speaking individuals with a hearing or speech disability.
- Speech-to-Speech: STS allows a person who has difficulty speaking or being understood on the phone to communicate using his or her own voice or voice synthesizer. The Communications Assistant revoices the words of the person with the speech disability so the person on the call can understand them. No special telephone is required.
- Text telephone (TTY): Allows anyone who is deaf, hard of hearing or speech disabled to use a TTY to communicate with anyone using a standard telephone.
- Voice-Carry-Over: VCO enables people who have difficulty hearing on the phone to voice their conversations directly to the hearing person.
 The Communications Assistant types the hearing person's response to the VCO user. VCO requires a specially designed telephone.

Captioned Telephone Service (CapTel™)

CapTel™ allows a person who has hearing loss to receive word-for-word captions of their telephone conversations on the phone. To use captioned telephone service, one must have a CapTel™ phone. The captions are displayed on the telephone's built-in display screen so that the user can read the words while listening to the voice of the other party. If you wish to contact a person who uses a CapTel™ phone, dial 877 243-2823.

TTY Users and Emergency Assistance.....9-1-1

TTY callers should dial 9-1-1 directly. All 9-1-1 centers are equipped to handle TTY calls. Using Relay for 9-1-1 may result in a delay to getting your urgent message through.

Telecommunications Equipment Distribution Program

The Office of the Deaf and Hard of Hearing (ODHH) provides telecommunications equipment for deaf, hard of hearing, deaf-blind and speech impaired residents of Washington state. For more information, contact ODHH at 360 902-8000 (V/TTY), 800 422-7930 (V/TTY) or http://www.dshs.wa.gov/hrsa/odhh/ted.shtml.

Continued next column

Seattle local calling region

For CenturyLink customers, the following is a list of CenturyLink-served exchanges in your local calling area. There may be additional exchanges in your local calling area that are served by independent companies. This information was current as of February, 2012.

Seattle (*) 206 to:

Auburn 253 (288, 333, 351, 735, 804, 833, 876, 887, 931, 939)

Bainbridge Island 206 (780, 842, 855)

Bellevue (**) 425

Des Moines **206** (592, 824, 870, 878) **253** (528, 529, 661, 815, 835, 838, 839, 874, 941, 945, 946)

Issaquah 425 (313, 369, 391, 392, 394, 427, 557, 837)

Kent **253** (372, 373, 395, 437, 487, 520, 630, 631, 638, 639, 657, 813, 850, 852, 854, 856, 859, 872)

Maple Valley 425 (413, 432, 433)

Renton **425** (203, 204, 226, 227, 228, 234, 235, 251, 254, 255, 271, 277, 291, 393, 430, 477, 656, 687, 793, 917, 965)

*Seattle Prefixes **206** (205, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 220, 221, 223, 224, 230, 232, 233, 236, 239, 241, 242, 243, 244, 246, 248, 254, 256, 262, 263, 264, 265, 269, 270, 272, 273, 275, 277, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 292, 296, 297, 298, 301, 302, 303, 306, 318, 320, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 328, 329, 332, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 352, 358, 359, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 370, 373, 374, 377, 378, 381, 382, 386, 389, 394, 398, 404, 405, 410, 416, 417, 418, 421, 431, 433, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 447, 448, 449, 461, 464, 467, 469, 470, 490, 500, 504, 506, 509, 515, 516, 517, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 544, 545, 547, 548, 553, 554, 568, 574, 575, 583, 585, 587, 598, 599, 613, 615, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 628, 632, 633, 634, 652, 654, 655, 658, 662, 667, 675, 682, 684, 685, 689, 691, 692, 706, 709, 716, 720, 721, 722, 723, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 731, 732, 733, 748, 749, 757, 760, 762, 763, 764, 766, 767, 768, 770, 772, 781, 782, 783, 784, 787, 788, 789, 797, 808, 835, 839, 860, 861, 884, 897, 901, 903, 906, 913, 923, 925, 932, 933, 935, 937, 938, 956, 965, 969, 982, 985, 987, 988, 991, 993, 995, 997, 998)

Bellevue Prefixes **425 (373, 378, 383, 401, 440, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 462, 467, 468, 562, 564, 590, 603, 614, 635, 637, 638, 641, 643, 644, 646, 649, 653, 688, 709, 746, 747, 748, 865, 957, 973, 990)





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services for customers with disabilities

CenturyLink's Center for Customers with Disabilities

Hours: 7 a.m. - 4:30 p.m., Monday - Friday, Pacific Time

CenturyLink provides telecommunication services for customers with mobility, vision, speech and hearing disabilities.

| TTY/Voice | | 800 | 223-3131 |
|-----------|------|-----|----------|
| Fax | | 860 | 826-4839 |

CenturyLink's Disabilities Consultants Can:

- Explain the long-distance service for TTY users using CenturyLink long-distance service. (Eligibility requirements must be met to qualify for discounts.)
- · Order or disconnect telephone service and answer billing questions.
- · Handle CenturyLink repair requests.
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- If a vision or mobility disability prevents you from using this automated voice response service, press "0" (zero) at the beginning of the call to reach an agent.
- If a vision or mobility disability prevents you from using our automated voice response directory assistance and operator services, we offer a billing exemption for these services.
- · Our Consultants can explain eligibility requirements.

CenturyLink Print Material

- CenturyLink offers selected customer billing material (excludes directories) in alternate formats: large print, Braille, email text and audiotape, upon request.
- Contact our representatives for more information. 800 223-3131 (Voice/TTY)

Amplified Pay Phones

Many pay telephones are equipped with a volume control button, located in the upper left corner of the phone.

AT&T's Operator Service for TTY

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Continued next column

Washington Relay Service (cont'd)

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|------------------|--------------|
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| (Voice) | |
| Speech to Speech | 877 833-6341 |
| Telebraille | |
| ΠΥ | |
| VCO | 800 833-6386 |
| Voice | 800 833-6384 |
| | |

Customer Service

| English (VTTY) | 800 676-3777 |
|----------------------|--------------|
| Spanish (V/TTY) | 800 676-4290 |
| Pay Per Call Service | 900 230-3327 |

Types of TRS Calls

- Computer (ASCII) users can access Washington Relay Service by setting the communications software to the following protocols: transmission speed of 1200 baud or above using modem settings of Full Duplex, Non-Host or Local-Echo-On mode, Full Duplex.
- Hearing-Carry-Over: HCO allows hearing individuals with very limited or no speech capability to type his or her conversation for the Communications Assistant to read aloud to the hearing person. The HCO user hears the other party's response. HCO requires a specially designed telephone.
- Internet Relay: Connect to the relay using your computer or other web device. The Communications Assistant handles the call the same as a traditional relay call - "voicing" or reading everything you type to the other party - and typing everything the other party says for you to read on your screen.
- Spanish Relay: Spanish Relay is for Spanish speaking individuals with a hearing or speech disability.
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services for customers with disabilities

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Tacoma/Puyallup & Pierce County local calling region

For CenturyLink customers, the following is a list of CenturyLink-served exchanges in your local calling area. There may be additional exchanges in your local calling area that are served by independent telephone companies. This information was current as of December, 2011.

Graham 253 (846, 847, 875) to:

Puyallup 253 (**) Roy 253 (843) Tacoma 253 (***) Tacoma-Waverly 253 (****)

Puyallup 253 (**) to:

Graham 253 (846, 847, 875) Sumner 253 (826, 862, 863, 891) Tacoma 253 (***) Tacoma-Waverly 253 (****)

Roy 253 (843) to:

Graham 253 (846, 847, 875) Tacoma 253 (***) Tacoma-Waverly 253 (****)

Sumner 253 (826, 862, 863, 891) to:

Auburn 253 (*) Buckley 360 (829) Enumclaw 360 (802, 825) Puyallup 253 (**) Tacoma 253 (***) Tacoma-Waverly 253 (****)

Tacoma 253 (***) to:

Graham 253 (846, 847, 875) Puyallup 253 (**) Roy 253 (843) Sumner 253 (826, 862, 863, 891) Tacoma-Waverly 253 (****)

Tacoma-Waverly 253 (****) to:

Auburn 253 (*)
Des Moines
206 (592, 824, 870, 878)
253 (528, 529, 661, 815, 835, 838, 839, 874, 941, 945, 946)
Federal Way 253 (529, 661, 815, 835, 838, 839, 874, 941, 945, 946)
FedWy/Tac 253 (661, 815, 835, 838, 874)
Graham 253 (846, 847, 875)
Puyallup 253 (**)
Roy 253 (843)
Sumner 253 (826, 862, 863, 891)
Tacoma 253 (***)

- * Auburn 253 (288, 333, 351, 735, 804, 833, 876, 887, 931, 939)
- ** Puyallup 253 (435, 445, 446, 697, 770, 840, 841, 845, 848, 864)
- *** Tacoma 253 (207, 272, 274, 280, 305, 371, 382, 383, 396, 403, 404, 426, 427, 428, 459, 460, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 502, 512, 531, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 548, 552, 564, 565, 566, 571, 572, 573, 581, 582, 583, 584, 588, 589, 591, 593, 594, 596, 597, 627, 671, 680, 692, 751, 752, 756, 759, 761, 779, 792, 798, 879, 912, 934, 964, 982, 983, 984)
- **** Tacoma-Waverly 253 (568, 754, 896, 922, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 942, 943, 944, 952)





To stop delivery of future directories visit www.yellowpagesoptout.com

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Get business information,
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services for customers with disabilities

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| Telebraille | 800 833-6385 |
| ΠΥ | 800 833-6388 |
| VCO | 800 833-6386 |
| Voice | 800 833-6384 |
| | |

Customer Service

| English (VTTY) | 800 676-3777 |
|----------------------|--------------|
| Spanish (V/TTY) | |
| Pay Per Call Service | 900 230-3327 |

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- · Computer (ASCII) users can access Washington Relay Service by setting the communications software to the following protocols: transmission speed of 1200 baud or above using modem settings of Full Duplex, Non-Host or Local-Echo-On mode, Full Duplex.
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- · Internet Relay: Connect to the relay using your computer or other web device. The Communications Assistant handles the call the same as a traditional relay call - "voicing" or reading everything you type to the other party - and typing everything the other party says for you to read on your screen.
- Spanish Relay: Spanish Relay is for Spanish speaking individuals with a hearing or speech disability.
- Speech-to-Speech: STS allows a person who has difficulty speaking or being understood on the phone to communicate using his or her own voice or voice synthesizer. The Communications Assistant revoices the words of the person with the speech disability so the person on the call can understand them. No special telephone is required.
- · Text telephone (TTY): Allows anyone who is deaf, hard of hearing or speech disabled to use a TTY to communicate with anyone using a standard telephone.
- Voice-Carry-Over: VCO enables people who have difficulty hearing on the phone to voice their conversations directly to the hearing person. The Communications Assistant types the hearing person's response to the VCO user. VCO requires a specially designed telephone.

Captioned Telephone Service (CapTel™)

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Continued next column

Continued next page

services for customers with disabilities

TTY Users and Emergency Assistance.....9-1-1

TTY callers should dial 9-1-1 directly. All 9-1-1 centers are equipped to handle TTY calls. Using Relay for 9-1-1 may result in a delay to getting your urgent message through.

Telecommunications Equipment Distribution Program

The Office of the Deaf and Hard of Hearing (ODHH) provides telecommunications equipment for deaf, hard of hearing, deaf-blind and speech impaired residents of Washington state. For more information, contact ODHH at 360 902-8000 (V/TTY), 800 422-7930 (V/TTY) or http://www.dshs.wa.gov/hrsa/odhh/ted.shtml.

Bellingham local calling region

For CenturyLink customers, the following is a list of CenturyLink-served exchanges in your local calling area. There may be additional exchanges in your local calling area that are served by independent telephone companies. This information was current as of November, 2011.

Bellingham 360 (*) to:

*Bellingham 360 (527, 647, 650, 671, 676, 714, 715, 733, 734, 738, 752,756,758, 778, 788)

long-distance calling

Washington and Oregon's area code map is shown here.

Calling Long-distance

Calling Long-distance Within Washington

Many companies provide long-distance calling within Washington. Make long-distance calls within Washington by dialing 1 + area code + the telephone number. You will be billed by the company that handles your call.

Other Types of Long-distance Calls

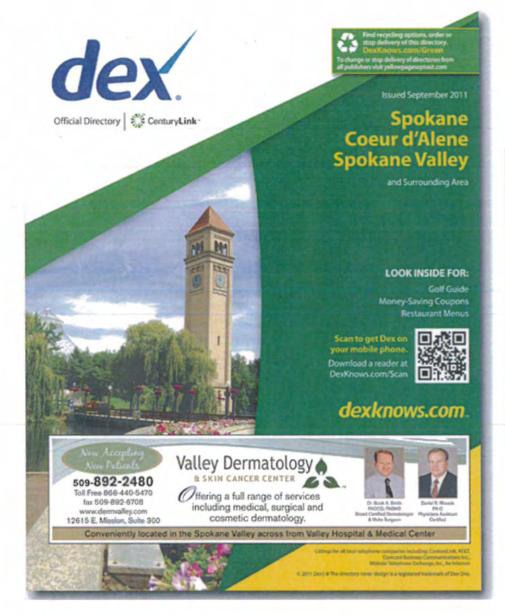
Calling Long-distance Outside Your Calling Area

Contact your long-distance company for rates and dialing instructions for calls outside your local calling area.

International Calls

Contact your long-distance company for information on international calling rates and dialing instructions. International area codes are listed on page 6.





Spokane/Coeur d'A Valley

20 Most Popular (

Click on the links to go to that Y

- Appliance Repair
- Attorneys
- Automotive
- Beauty Salons
 - Dentist
 - Electrical
- Contractors Florists
- Government
- Section
- Hospitals
- Hotels

services for customers with disabilities.

CenturyLink's Center for Customers with Disabilities

Hours: 7 a.m. - 4:30 p.m., Monday - Friday, Pacific Time

CenturyLink provides telecommunication services for customers with mobility, vision, speech and hearing disabilities.

| TTY/Voice | 800 | 223-3131 |
|-----------|-----|----------|
| Fax | 866 | 826-4839 |

CenturyLink's Disabilities Consultants Can:

- Explain the long-distance service for TTY users using CenturyLink long-distance service. (Eligibility requirements must be met to qualify for discounts.)
- · Order or disconnect telephone service and answer billing questions.
- Handle CenturyLink repair requests.
- Establish Directory Listings for TTY users. Listings may appear with or without an address and indicate a TTY is used.
- Establish non-published or information-only listings for TTY customers at no charge.

CenturyLink's Directory Assistance Service

- CenturyLink's Directory Assistance service is an automated voice response service.
- If a vision or mobility disability prevents you from using this automated voice response service, press "0" (zero) at the beginning of the call to reach an agent.
- If a vision or mobility disability prevents you from using our automated voice response directory assistance and operator services, we offer a billing exemption for these services.
- Our Consultants can explain eligibility requirements.

CenturyLink Print Material

- CenturyLink offers selected customer billing material (excludes directories)
 - in alternate formats: large print, Braille, email text and audiotape, upon request.
- Contact our representatives for more information. 800 223-3131 (Voice/TTY)

Amplified Pay Phones

Many pay telephones are equipped with a volume control button, located in the upper left corner of the phone.

AT&T's Operator Service for TTY

Washington Relay Service

Dial 7-1-1 or Special Toll Free Numbers

Telecommunications Relay Service (TRS) is a free service that connects customers who are deaf, hard of hearing or have speech disabilities with others, using either standard telephone equipment or telephone equipment that has been specifically designed for individuals with disabilities. Making a call is simple: dial 7-1-1 or the toll-free Washington Relay Service numbers listed here. A trained Communications Assistant will answer your call and relay the telephone conversation between you and the party you are calling. All call information and conversations are confidential. Relay service is available 24 hours a day, 365 days a year. This service will handle local and long-distance calls. Long-distance calls placed for you can be billed collect, or to a pre-paid calling card, carrier calling card or third-party.

Continued next column

Washington Relay Service (cont'd)

Telephone Numbers for Washington Relay Service:

| HCO | 800 833-6388 |
|------------------|--------------|
| Spanish (V/TTY) | 877 833-6399 |
| (Voice) | 877 833-6398 |
| Speech to Speech | 877 833-6341 |
| Telebraille | 800 833-6385 |
| TTY | 800 833-6388 |
| VCO | 800 833-6386 |
| Voice | 800 833-6384 |

Customer Service

| English (VTTY) | 800 676-3777 |
|----------------------|--------------|
| Spanish (V/TTY) | 800 676-4290 |
| Pay Per Call Service | 900 230-3327 |

Types of TRS Calls

- Computer (ASCII) users can access Washington Relay Service by setting the communications software to the following protocols: transmission speed of 1200 baud or above using modem settings of Full Duplex, Non-Host or Local-Echo-On mode, Full Duplex.
- Hearing-Carry-Over: HCO allows hearing individuals with very limited or no speech capability to type his or her conversation for the Communications Assistant to read aloud to the hearing person. The HCO user hears the other party's response. HCO requires a specially designed telephone.
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 other party and typing everything the other party says for you to read
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services for customers with disabilities

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Spokane local calling region

For CenturyLink customers, the following is a list of CenturyLink-served exchanges in your local calling area. There may be additional exchanges in your local calling area that are served by independent telephone companies. This information was current as of June 2011.

Deer Park (262, 276) to:

Loon Lake (233) Spokane (*) Springdale (258)

Elk (292) to:

Green Bluff (238) Spokane (*)

Green Bluff (238) to:

Elk (292) Spokane (*)

Liberty Lake (255) to:

Spokane (*)

Loon Lake (233) to:

Deer Park (262, 276) Spokane (*)

Newman Lake (226) to:

Spokane (*)

Spokane (*) to:

Deer Park (262, 276) Elk (292) Green Bluff (238) Liberty Lake (255) Loon Lake (233) Newman Lake (226) Springdale (258)

Springdale (258) to:

Deer Park (262, 276) Spokane (*)

*Prefixes: (227, 228, 244, 313, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 353, 354, 358, 363, 368, 441, 443, 448, 455, 456, 458, 459, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 473, 474, 482, 483, 484, 487, 489, 495, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 568, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 742, 744, 747, 828, 835, 838, 891, 892, 893, 921, 922, 924, 926, 927, 928, 944)





Tri-Cities Regional



Money-saving Coupons Restaurant Menus

Scan to get Dex on your mobile phone. Download a reader at DexKnows.com/Scan



dexknows.com.

Social Security Disability Claims

- Hearings Appeals
 Disability & SSI Claims

Workers' Compensation

- Disability & Pension Cases
 On The Job Injury & Deaths

Toll Free 888-665-8630 • Trf Cities • 509-547-7047
Se Habla Español • www.bothwellhamill.com • 1030 N Center Parkway

services for customers with disabilities

CenturyLink's Center for Customers with Disabilities

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Continued next column

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|--------------|
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| |

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services for customers with disabilities

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Tri-Cities local calling region

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Pasco (542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547) to: Pasco (542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547)

long-distance calling

Washington and Oregon's area code map is shown below.

Calling Long-distance Within Washington

Many companies provide Long-distance calling within Washington. Make Long-distance calls within Washington by dialing 1 + area code + the telephone number. You will be billed by the company that handles your call.



Other Types of Long-distance Calls

Calling Long-distance Outside Your Calling Area

Contact your Long-distance company for rates and dialing instructions for calls outside your local calling area.

International Calls

Contact your Long-distance company for information on international calling rates and dialing instructions. International area codes are listed on page 6.



Appendix G

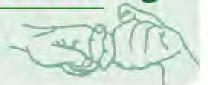
Copies of Newsletters



Office of the Deaf & Hard of Hearing

Community Review SUMMER 2007

Washington State Department of Social and Health Services



from the Director

Many people may know about ODHH's role in managing the telecommunications relay service, equipment distribution program, and regional service centers of the deaf and hard of hearing. However, some people may not be aware of the important role ODHH has within the Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS). Our state law that identifies services to be provided by ODHH also allows ODHH to assist DSHS programs in meeting reasonable accommodation needs required by Title II (State and Local Governments) of the federal Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA).

Title II of the ADA requires that DSHS provide accommodations when necessary in order to provide equal access and effective communication for deaf, hard of hearing, and deafblind individuals needing DSHS programs, services, and activities. Many who are deaf, hard of hearing, or deafblind have different communication needs. It is

Because DSHS
now has a standard
sign language
interpreting
contract managed
by ODHH available
to all DSHS
agencies, separate
accommodation
requirements by
each DSHS agency
are no longer
needed.

a challenge for DSHS employees to provide accommodations to communicate effectively with these individuals.

To remove communication barriers facing people with hearing or speech loss, DSHS had Administrative Policy 7.20 which was titled "Communication Access for Persons Who Ate Deaf, Hard of Hearing, DeafBlind and Speech Disabled" Most of the language was about interpreting for deaf clients. At the time, DSHS did not have a standard contract for sign language interpreting services. Each agency had to write its' own interpreting contracts. The old policy was written to carry out the requirements of those contracts.

However, because DSHS now has a standard sign language interpreting contract managed by ODHH available to all DSHS agencies, separate accommodation requirements by each DSHS agency are no longer needed. Recently, ODHH staff, advisory committee, and other important stakeholders revised the policy to eliminate most of the interpreter contract requirements and instead include the ADA requirements. The revised policy still acknowledges interpreting but recognizes other accommodations for persons with communication barriers. The policy guides-DSHS in how to provide accommodations that meet individual needs so that those individuals may have equal access opportunities to effective communication asenjoyed by those without disabilities.

This revised policy is also aligned with goals identified in the OOHH Strategic Plan 2007-2011. These goals include accommodations such as assistive listering systems, realtime captioning (CART), assessing DSHS employees' sign language proficiency, and video remote interpreting (VRI). Starting this July, ODHH will begin working on these goab/accommodations to better serve you and DSHSI.

See the resources listed on page 8.

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Office of the Governor Christine Gregoire

DSHS Secretary Robin Amold-Williams

DSHS Deputy Secretary Blake Chard

ODHH

Eric Roff, Director

Robert Lichtenberg, Assistant Director Ryan Bondroff, IRA Program Manager Brian Clark, IT Network Manager Lucas Doelman, Office Assistant Emily Hill, SLIM Program Manager Lien Ngo-Tran, Fiscal Officer Rens Patch, Executive Assistant Steve Peck, TRS Program Manager Kelly Robison, TED Program Manager Cloudia Foy, SHS Program Manager Colleen Rozmanyn, ACT Program Manager Ausha V. Potts, Program Support

Jennifer Chowning, Program Support

Jeannie Kay, Customer Service

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Jean Healy, WSDBC

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Char Parsely, WSAD spect 23 1004 act com

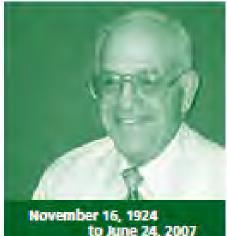
David Hankinson, DVR hankid@dshs.wa.gov

Vincenzo Andrew Gulotta

Patriarch of the Deaf Community passed away

on Sunday, June 24, 2007

Vincenzo Andrew Gulotta was born at St. Flizabeth's Hospital in Yakima, WA, on November 16, 1924 to Leonarda and Andrew Gulotta. Vincenzo was the youngest of three children. Vincenzo was born deaf and attended Washington School for the Deaf (WSD) in Vancouver, WA since he was 5 ½ years old. He graduated from WSD in 1943. While attending school, he was very active in sports and won many awards and trophies. After graduating from WSD, he held a variety of jobs.



On July 1.6, 1954 he married Mary Ann Unser Mantas. They had one son (Vincent Andrew) who was stillborn. They raised Mary's two daughters, Shirley and Carol whom he loved dearly and was proud to be called their "Dad". His beloved wife Mary died in 1984. On October 8, 1994, Vincenzo married his 2rd wife, Shirley Sloan Nelson Gulotta where he gained an extended family.

Shortly after his retirement with Boise Cascade for 37 years in 1990, he worked part-time at Central Washington Service Center for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing (CWSCDHH) as a TTY Trainer, traveling all over Central Washington training people, businesses and agencies on how to use the TTY and Washington Relay Service. In 1993, Vincenzo enrolled in Yakima Valley Community College (YVCC) to pursue his lifelong dream for a college degree. In 1999 (at the age of 74) he was the first deaf person to graduate from YVCC. From 2000 to 2004 he taught American Sign Language in the Foreign Language Department at Central Washington University, Vincenzo served on the Board of Directors for CWSCDHH. He was an active member in the Washington State Association for the Deaf, (WSAD) Washington School for the Deaf Alumni Association, (WSD-AA), Past President of the Yakima Valley Association of the Deaf (YVAD) where he was an avid recycler up to the time of this death to raise funds to support the deaf community causes, where he was honored for his outstanding leadership, dedication and service. He was a member of Lower Naches Grange, St. Joseph Church, and the Sons of Italy Lodge.

Being a person with a high energy level, Vincenzo had a variety of jobs and hobbies, his hands and mind were never idle. Being deaf never got in the way of him doing or trying whatever he put his mind to do. He was truly a role model for deaf and hearing alike. In 1972, he was volunteer assistant at Yakima Valley Community College for sign language. He also volunteered many years to teach sign language to hearing people of EARS (Employment Rehabilitation Society).

His hobbies included bowling (he has many trophies and sponsored a team), biking, dancing, carpentry, cabinet maker, computers, historian (he has compiled many books on the Yakima Deaf Community), bocce, and all sports, both in school and YMCA. He even had the distinction of playing a game with the Harlem Globetrotters when they were in Yakima.

Vinceruo was a staff member of South Eastern Washington Service Center of the Deaf and Hard of Hearing (SEWSCDHH) where he taught sign language classes to Yakima Police Department, DSHS, and Work Source employees.

Introducing ALDA to the Pacific Northwest

By Christine Seymour

When law dealness impacted my life: causing me to leave my chosen field, it was people I mes through the Association of Late Deafened Adults (ALDA). that took a chance on me by inviting me. to come to California and try my hand at providing support services to hard of hearing and lase designed adults for Deaf Counseling Advocacy and Referral Agency (DCARA). Thu experience gave me the skills I need to return home to provide those same services to members of my own community at Hearing Speech and Deafness Center (HSDC) in

As the new President-Elect of ALDA. inc and managing editor of the ALDA. News, I am anxious to introduce ALDA to the Pacific Northwest. The newest chapter, ALDA Puget Sound had its first meeting on April 1 and has auracted members from Evereir and Seattle, ur Bulleyue, Kent and Auburn, Tacoma, Olympia, McLeary and Port Orchard and Bramenon, ALDA's unique focus is the personal experience of hearing loss and expanded social antivities for its mem-

The mission of the Association of Laur Deafenott Adults (ALDA) is in support the empowerment of late deafened people. The mission is accomplished through Empowerment, Advocacy, Role Models and Support (PARS).

Lase Deafened Adults are people. who have lost their hearing in any degree after having acquired spoken language. ALDA members may or may not use hearing aids, may or may not use assistive listening devices, may or may not use cochlear implants and may or may not use sign language. What ALDA members DO is 'whatever works'. This is the philosophy that keeps the doors to ALDA wide open to anyone who is Interestori

ALDA is committed to providing a support network and a sense of belonging to late deafened people, sharing our unique experiences, challenges and coping strategies, helping one another find practical solutions and psychological relief, and working together with other

organizations and service providers for our common good.

ALDA provides networking through local chapters and groups as well as our annual conference (ALDAcon) to be held this year in Rochester, NY from September 25-30, 2007. ALDA provides social amvities, advocacy, peer support, up-to-data information on new technology, and guidance for late-deafened adults, their families and friends on ways to deal effectively with the difficulties arising from Josing our hearing.

Check it out:

www.sprintvrs.com

if you are interested in becoming part of ALDA you can join ALDA, inc at www.aida.org. Memberships entitles you to receive the quarterly ALDA News that: spotlights personal experiences of latedeafened people and the ALDA Biz anmust report from the Board of Directors.

For more information about ALDA Puget Sound area or how you can bring ALDA to your community please contact. me directly at aktachrisaino@comcast.net.

ALDA welcomes you. We hope you WIII welcome ALDA.

Relay



Digital Revolution Excludes Closed Captioning

By James Hibbord

In the rush to create new digital products and make television programming available anytime, anywhere, the need for closed captioning is being overlooked. Viewing captions on high definition (HD) programming is a confusing process that has frustrated many viewers.

Mike Kaplan, who serves on the steering committee of the Hearing Loss Association of Los Angeles, said "Since 1993, closed captions have been built into every TV set larger than 13 inches. So why in 2007, with the latest great technology at our fingers, is it getting harder and harder to view captions?" The lack of closed captioning on new media doesn't only shut out deaf and hard-of-hearing viewers. According to a BBC study 80 percent of households that use captions are watching the subtitles to learn the language or to follow a program in a noisy place.

The Federal Communications Commission (FCC) requires captions for broadcast and cable content. The rules do not cover internet streaming or digital downloads. This makes providing closed captioning to those media more a matter of corporate responsibility than regulation.

The FCC rules do cover high-definition and video-ondemand delivery but experts complain that companies do not comply with regulations and have a lack of consumer awareness. The online video players do not include captions. Many viewers still feel chained to their traditional analog sets. Experts on both sides of the issue agree that's not a cost issue... the price of converting televised caption text for the Web is only about \$200 per episode. Once a software system is in place, that cost tends to decrease further.

For high-definition broadcasts, closed captioning raises tricky technological problems. Traditional analog broadcasts have captions inserted in the signal that are decoded by the TV set. But HD captions are part of a separate data stream decoded by a set-top box (unless they are viewed with an over-the-air antenna). To view the captions, every piece of hardware must be compatible and in sync.

Calling content operators, stations or device manufacturers

tend to lead the viewer into a maze of support personnel unfamiliar with captioning issues. "People getting HD service are running into endless cycles of finger-pointing between set manufacturers, cable and satellite companies, and individual channels," Mr. Kaplan said.

The FCC requires local broadcasters and cable and satellite operators to make captions available on HD broadcasts. New networks have a four-year window to comply so some smaller HD channels such as Universal HD have limited captioning, even though their content is largely from traditional networks. Very few cable network sites, including news networks, provide captions on their stories (CNN.com is an occasional exception).

Shortly after Television/Week asked the PCC about the issue, the commission issued a formal advisory alerting viewers that they may experience problems receiving captions for HD broadcasts. The advisory said to contact the PCC to report companies that violate captioning rules.

Cable video-on-demand (VOD) services are considered channels by the FCC, yet they have a spotty-track record on captioning. A Comcast representative said its VOO offerings are exempt from FCC requirements, diting the four-year exemption for new channels. Comcast said each VOO brand added – such as HBO and Discovery – should be counted as a new channel with four years to comply. That raises an issue: in the digital age, what is a channel? VOD is almost entirely reformatted content that has been on the air for years.

"The captioning capability is in place and we're providing that in accordance with the regulations," said Comcast spokesman Chris Ellis. "The amount of captioned content continues to increase."

Rather than wait for the FCC to update its regulations yet again, companies are urged to make captioning a higher priority.

Source: http://hvweek.com/news/2007/06/closed_captioning_excluded_ dia.che

Condensed and adapted by ODHH for publication purposes. (June 17, 2007)

FCC News on Closed Captioning on DTV

The Federal Communications Commission (FCC) is concerned that consumers may experience difficulty in receiving and/or viewing closed captioning on some digital television (DTV) programming, including high definition television (HDTV), provided by a programming distributor such as a cable company or a satellite television provider. These difficulties generally could arise from two causes:

- The consumer's set-top box and/or DTV are not properly set to allow dissed captions to be displayed.
- There are technical problems with the cable or satellite provider's system that prevent closed captions from being received and decoded by the set-top box and/or DTV.

Read our Advisory for more information: Closed Captioning for Digital Television http://www.bc.gov/ogb/consumertacts/dtvcaptions.html

Source: FC-C-Corpornar/bins

ABOUT RELAY

USE RELAY

Relaytionships



Have a loved one, friend, or co-worker you want to call today?

You can, with Washington Telecommunications Relay Service.

Making a call will never be difficult again!

Washington Relay Service is a free service provided by Washington State Office of the Deaf and Hand of Hearing (ODHH) to ensure equal communication serves to the selephone services for people who are dool, rand of hearing, deaf-blind, and speech disabled.

Anyone wishing to use Washington Relay Service simply dials 711 to connect with a Communication Assistant (CA). The CA will dial the requested number and relay the corresation between the two callers.

VOICE: 1,890.833.4384

TTY: 1.800.833.6388

VCO 1.800.833.6386

STS 1.877.833.6341

HCO: 1.800.833.6388

TB: 1,800,833,6385

CUSTOMER SERVICE (ENGLISH) 1.800.676.3777 CUSTOMER SERVICE (SPANISH) 1.800.676.4290



WASHINGTON RELAY

www.washingtonrelay.com

Do you need ODHH publications in other reading formats or in a foreign language?

information, Referral and Advocacy Updates By Byan Bondroff

ODHH can provide ODHH-related program information in Large Print or Braille format or in a foreign language.

Large Print and Braille Format:

We have new large print brochures about ODHH's programs and the Telecommunication Equipment Distribution program. For people who request Braille materials, we can provide those brochures and other ODHH related materials as well.

Foreign Language Format:

If you prefer to read ODHH materials in a foreign language such as Spanish, Russian, Chinese, French, etc. We can have ODHH materials translated in any language that meet your language needs.

Please contact Ryan Bondroff to request materials in your preferred foreign language or reading format (large print or Braille) via email at: bondroffryan@dshs.wa.gov or call 1-(800) 422-7930. You can also use Videophone (VP) to contact ODHH. We will complete your request and mail the materials to you.

Back Issues of ODHH Community Review

Office of the Deaf and Hard of Hearing has back issues available for anyone who is interested in receiving them. Rease contact COHH at (800) 423-7980 V/TTY or email ODHHAddshs wa gov to let us know which newslotter and how many copies you need. We'll be happy to send you those newslotters.

List of Back Issues:

- 1. Spring 2004, Volume 1, Number 1
- 2. Fall 2004, Volume 1, Number 2
- 3. Winter 2005, Volume 2, Number 1
- 4. Summer 2005, Volume 2, Number 2
- Fall 2005, Volume 2, Number 3 Regular and Large Print available
- 6: Winter 2006, Volumn 3, Number 1
- 7. Surtiner 2006, Volume 3, Number 2:
- 8. Fall 2006, Volume 3, Number 3
- 9. Winter 2007, Volume 4, Number 1
- 10. Spring 2007, Volume 4, Number 2



New Information for Deaf-Blind Washingtonians

The Association of Blind Citizens has an Assistive Technology Fund, which provides funds to cover 50% of the retail price of adaptive equipment or software. The equipment covered by this program must sell for a minimum of \$700 with a maximum price of \$6,000.

Eligibility Criteria for Application is:

- Applicants must be legally blind.
- Must be a resident of the United States
- Have a family thcome of less than \$50,000, and
- Have cash assets of less than \$20,000.

There are two application deadlines per year: June 30 and December 31. Applicants may apply once during a calendar year. For more information, small article blindertizens org. You can also visit the website which is www.blindertizens.org.

Washington Prescription Drug Program (WPDP)

By Ryan Randmiff

The Washington Prescription Drug Program is a new prescription drug discours program. Through WPDR, when you receive a prescription discourse card, you save up to 20% on name brand prescriptions and 60% on generic prescriptions. This program is open to all Washington residents regardless of age and income. There are no eligibility / enrollment requirements or fees for anyone to loin.

You can earn's ording driven and the enrollment form, or call ODS at (800) 913-4145 (votes) to ask for an enrollment form to be mailed to you.

More information can be found at www. TX.WLIGIV

Governor Gregotre requested this program and it was supported by Washington. State Legislature. You can also see the Governor Gregotre's press release as http://www.governor.wa.gov/hews/hewsview.esp/pressRelease-517&news/lype-1

Sign Language Interpreter Management Program News

By Emily Hill

DSHS has a new Sign Language interpreter Services contract to serve our dients and employees! On June 30, 2007, the Sign Language interpreter Services Contract expired, making way for a new one to begin on July 1. There are several changes to the new contract. Specific rate information can be found on the Sign Language interpreter Management pages of the ODHH website (http://odhh.dshs.wa.gov).

Base rate

Payment for the first hour of all appointments will be calculated at 1.5 times the interpreter's hourly rate bid for by the contractor. Additional hours of interpreting service will be calculated at the regular hourly rate. (For example, if an interpreter or contractor bids \$50 per hour, payment for the first hour will be \$75 and payment for any subsequent hours will be at \$50 per hour.) All purchasers will be required to pay the base rate for all appointments, including those lasting less than one hour.

Hourly rates

Contractors will pay all interpreters the entire hourly rate (and base rate) for which they bid. Contractors shall not deduct any portion of the contractor service fee from the interpreters' hourly rate.

Contractor Service Fee

A fee (of no more than \$30) is paid directly to the contractor for services provided. The contractor service fee covers administrative requirements of this contract (scheduling, billing, reporting, etc.). This fee will be paid for each billable appointment, per requested interpreter, in accordance with the guidelines established in the contract.

Emergency Rate

For emergency appointments, a \$5 additional charge per hour will be added to the interpreter's hourly rate. An emergency, appointment is defined as a legal, modical (non-Medicaid), Child Protective Services (CPS), or Adult Protective Service (APS) appointment that may be scheduled with one hour or less notice to the contractor. Emergency appointments may happen at any timeduring the day, night, or weekend.

Mileage

DSHS does not pay for travel time.

Mileage rate will be retribursed in accordance with the prevailing Office of Financial

Management (OFM) Policy & Guidelines rate
which is currently \$ 485 per mile.

Mileage will be reimbursed on a "from address of origin" (address where the interpreter came from) to "address of appointment" basis. Mileage from the "address of appointment" to "address of destination" (address where the interpreter will go after the appointment) will be paid if the interpreter is traveling from the appointment to the interpreter's home or place of business. If the interpreter is traveling to subsequent appointments, the mileage to those appointments and the return trip to the interpreter's home or place of business must be paid by the subsequent requesters.

Contractors

INDIVIDUAL FREELANCE INTERPRETERS

Roxie Andrews, CVCT University Place, WA (253) 861-5751 phone Jandrews1649uno.com Contract 0745-19087

Katherine E. Bunze, CVC1 Spokane, WA (509) 475-5597 phone Kbunze01@sprintpes.com Katherineburze@msn.com Contract 0745-19100

Babella Cobb, NAD V, CSC Olympia, WA (360) 450-8076 Home (360) 701-1272 Cell Cobbr2u@comcast.net Contract 0745-19084

Michael E. Kosanovich, NAD N

Tacoma, WA (253) 686-6657 Phone (253) 759-7455 Fax MEKosanovich@tmail.com aslmichaelterp@net-venture.com Contract 0745-19090

Polity L. Madlean, CSC

Lakewood, WA (253) 381-3547 (253) 983-8905 Fax pollymattmal.com 2pollymat@earthlink.net Contract 0745-19085

Sarah Rasmussen, CVCT Tacoma, WA (253) 222-3775 Phone satahtas@tmail.com Contract 0745-19089

Verma Slegel, CVCT

Centralia, WA (360) 280-8112 voice mailipager (360) 763-6742 fax Vresegel49@hotmail.com Contract 0745-19088

INTERPRETER REFERRAL AGENCIES

ASL Professionals

PO Box 1359 Orting, WA 98360 (253) 759-7653 (360) 897-0954 Fax asiprolessionals@tomcast.net Contract 0745-19091

Eastern Washington Center for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing

1206 N Howard Spokane, WA 99201 (509) 328-9220 (509) 327-4622 Fax nancy@ewcdth.org Contract 0745-19094

continued on page 8



continued from page 7"

HandDancer Interpreter Services, LLC

5320 Nieben Ave.

Ferndale, WA 98248

(360) 383-7293 Work (360) 739-1986 Call

(360) 383-2274 Fax.

kbuckmo@tmail.com

Contract 0745-19102

Language Fusion, LLC

400 East Evergreen Blvd, Suite 203

Vancouver, WA 98660

(360) 750-1112

(888) 750-1117

(360) 750-1125 Fax

(877) 750-1125 Fax:

askitlanguagefusion us

Contract 0745-19103

Northwest Interpreters, Inc.

PO Box 65024

Vancouwer, WA 98665

(360) 566-0497.

(360) 566-0453 Fax:

as ith wiservious com-

Sign Shares Seattle Corporation

2020 43rd Ave. E Surle 2

Scattle, WA 98112

(206) 334-0662

(206) 332-0453 fax

difriesen@agrehares.com

Signing Resources & Interpreters, LLC

8002 NE Highway 99 #8-705

Vancouver, WA 98665

(877) 512-2246 Voice and Fax.

(866) 512-2246 TTY

requestifisigningresources.com

Contract 0745-19104

SignOn: A Sign Language Interpreting Resource, Inc.

130 Nickerson St., Suite 107

Seattle, WA 98109.

(206) 632-7100

(206) 632-0405 Fax:

torps@signonasl.com

Universal Language Service, Inc.

PO Box 4147

Bollevue, WA, 98009

(888) 467-0500

(425) 454-8072

(877) 516-4347 Fax

(425) 454-3635 Fax:

unilang@gte.net.

It's About Communication

By Collison Rosmaryn

According to the National Institute on Deathers and Communicative Districtors (NTIXED), in large 28 million Americans have hearing loss. Of this word population:

- 35% are found of hearing (they hear and use sound assume level).
- 4% are last deafened (they had good bearing for most of their adult lives, then. bearing diminished):
- · 1% is "culturally Deaf" (they have their own customs and a language, American Sign Language).

In this issue of the ODHH newsletter I would like as review some of the services. and referral information available for late deafened people.

For help with the costs of hearing aids and other listening equipment contact-

Washington Access Fund

WATE

500 S. King Sepan, Subm 800

Scartle, WA 90104

1-800-214-8731 Voted

1-800-808-8042 TTY

E-mail: info@wadforg

With www.watterp

There are several other sources for assistance in buying hearing aids. Two of the top are:

Northwest Lions Foundation for Sight

& Hearing

301 Boren Average, State 810 Seemin WA 98404-3534

1-800-8475796 Volcto E-mail as info@nificuratation.org

Web: www.nifounitation.org

The Starkey Hearing Foundation Hear New Program

6700 Washington Awa South Eden Praine, MN 55344

H00.7E9.2709

552 525 6905 Day

www.southewuritimaytear.org

Anyone who would like information about hearing loss and devices may correct OOEHE's Information and Referral Manager, Hyan Bondroll as bondrollingun@date. wat gov, or any of the ODHH Regional Service Century listed in this newslester.

Federal Resources

continued from page !

Department of Justice

The Americans with Disabilities Act, Public Law 101-335

http://www.usidoj.gow/crt/ada/pubs/ada.brt

ADA Regulation for Title II

http://www.usdoj.gov/crt/ada/reg2.html

Title II Technical Assistance Manual Covering State and Local Government Programs and Services

http://www.us.doj.gow/crt/ada/taman7.html

Accessibility of State and Local Government Websites to Feople with Disabilities

http://www.usdoj.gowort/ada/webstes2.htm

Access for 9-1-1 and Telephone **Emergency Services**

http://www.usdoj.gov/crt/ada/911ta.htm

Video Relay Service (VRS) Providers List

ATTVRS

ATST

Web: www.attvrs.com Videophone: ATTVRS.TV

CAVRS

Communication Access Center

Web: www.cacvrs.org Videophone: CACVRS.TV

CSDVRS

Communication Service for the Deaf

Web: www.csdvrs.com Videophone: CSDVRS.TV

HAMILTON

Hamilton Relay

Web: www.hlpvrs.com

Videophone: HAMILTONVRS.TV

HAWK RELAY

Hawk Relay

Web: www.hawkrelay.com Videophone: HAWKRELAY.TV

HOVRS.

Hands On

Web: www.hovrs.com Videophone: HOVRS.TV

1711 VRS

1711

Web: www./711.com

Videophone: PREVIEW.I711.COM

LIFELINKS VRS

LifeLinks

Web: www.lifelinksvrs.com Videophone: 69.18.207.166

NextTalk VRS

NextTalk

Web: www.nextalk.net

Videophone: (see website for details)

SORENSONVRS

Sorenson Communications

Web: www.sorensonvrs.com

Videophone: 866-327-8877 (its own videophone, see website for details)

SPRINTVRS

Sprint

Web: www.sprintyrs.com

Videophone: SPRINTRELAY.TV

SNAPIVRS.

Snap Telecommunications

Web: www.snapyrs.com

Videophone: CALL:SNAPVRS.COM.

VERIZON VRS

Verlzon.

Web: www.lp-vrs.com

Videophone: TV.IPVRS.COM

Viable VRS.

Viable, Inc.

Web: www.vlable.net/w

Videophone: Vlablevrs.tv

Please note that some VRS providers require establishing a video user profile to obtain a user ID number or personal 800 number. The hearing caller will need to provide the Video Interpreter (VI) either a static IP address, ID number or personal 800 number to contact the deaf video user and/or to leave a video message.

Office of the Deaf & Hard of Hearing

Toll Free: 1 (800) 422-7930 V/TTY (360) 902-8000 V/TTY

Web site: http://odhh.dshs.wa.gov

Contact ODHH by Video Phone (VP) at: VP IP Address: 209.181.93.249 VP#: (360) 902-8000

| Eric Raff, Director | rafferio@dshs.wa.gov |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | lichtrw@dshs.wa.gov |
| Ryan Bondroff, IRA Program Manager | bondroffryan@dshs.wa.gov |
| Emily Hill, SLIM Program Manager | |
| Steve Peck, TRS Program Manager | peckso@dshs.wa.gov |
| | robiskd@dshs.wa.gov |
| Colleen Rozmatyn, ACT Program Manager | rozmalo@dshs.wa.gov |
| Claudia Foy, SHS Program Manager | foydam@dshs.wa.gov |

Diffice of the Distill and Hard of Huarting PO Box 45301 Olympia WA 98504-5301

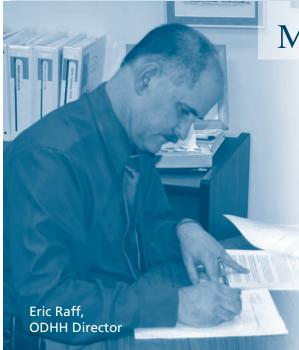
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Office of the Deaf & Hard of Hearing

$Community\ Review\ {\tiny SPRING\ 2009\ Volume\ 6,\ Number\ 2}}$

Washington State Department of Social and Health Services



Inside *Community Review*

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Message from the Director

"What are they saying?" or "What's so funny?" I used to ask my parents or sister. Growing up, when watching a TV program, it took a lot of guesswork to figure out the story or jokes. "Wait until a commercial" was the common reply. I had to wait for the explanation before getting the short version. Over the years, I enjoyed action movies or cartoons and avoided programs with a lot of talking. However, it wasn't until 1980 when I first saw closed captioning (cc) as a teenager.

My mother bought the first model of a close captioned decoder, a bulky box, available only at Sears at the time. She explained that I would be able to read the words on the TV screen. Only ABC and PBS had cc programs on at the time. She called the local news to come to our home for a demonstration. The decoder on top of the television was hooked up but to my dismay, I wasn't receiving captioning on "Three's Company" a comedy. I was anxious to understand why my family thought it was so funny. Instead all I could find was an obscure PBS educational program. The reporter asked me how I enjoyed the show. Given the circumstance, my lame reply, "I thought it was boring."

I didn't realize it at the time but doors were opening for me. I no longer had to rely on guesswork or family to tell me what's going on. As cc programs expanded and cc improved, I had more choices and eventually enjoyed some PBS educational programs! I would no longer watch the TV program if it didn't have closed captions. Occasionally, I'd see an old TV program or movie I had seen as a kid without cc but as an adult seeing it with cc for the first time; I began to realize what I had been missing all those years.

External decoders went through three model generations before it finally became a little chip built into the TV itself as required by law for all TVs built in 1993 or later.

continued on page 5

{ save the date }

what Office of the Deaf and Hard of Hearing (ODHH) Town Hall Meeting

when Saturday, May 30, 2009

time 1 pm to 4 pm

where Eastern Washington Center for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing (EWCDHH)
1206 North Howard Street

1206 North Howard Street Spokane, WA 99201

More information about the ODHH Town Hall Meeting will be posted through the email distribution and ODHH website.

Office of the Governor Christine Gregoire

DSHS Secretary

Susan Dreyfus

DSHS Deputy SecretaryBlake Chard

ODHH

Eric Raff,

Director

Robert Lichtenberg,

Assistant Director

Ryan Bondroff,

IRA Program Manager

Jennifer Chowning,

Program Support

Brian Clark,

IT Network Specialist

William Crites,

IT Manager

Lucas Doelman,

Office Assistant

Claudia Foy.

SHS Program Manager

Emily Hill,

SLIM Program Manager

Jeannie Kay,

Customer Service Representative

Trevor Kosa.

IT Database Specialist

Patricia Moed.

Program Support

Lien Ngo-Tran,

Fiscal Officer

Rena Patch.

Executive Assistant

Steve Peck,

TRS Program Manager

Kelly Robison,

TED Program Manager

Colleen Rozmaryn,

ACT Program Manager

First Edition of the Directory of Services for People who are Deaf, Hard of Hearing and Deaf-Blind

is Now Available!

ODHH is pleased to announce that our first newest edition of the Directory of Services for People who are Deaf, Hard of Hearing and Deaf-Blind is now available in print and on ODHH website.

We have Directory of Services books in regular print.

You can download the Directory of Services from the ODHH website. We have three different formats to meet your reading preferences. The formats are:

- Regular Print in PDF
- Large Print in PDF
- Large Print in MS Word

To request a copy of the Directory of Services or provide agency information updates, please contact **Ryan Bondroff** at:

(800) 422-7930 Voice/TTY (360) 339-7382 VP200. bondroffryan@dshs.wa.gov odhh@dshs.wa.gov

Note: We will update the Directory of Services every two years. You can always check the resources page of the ODHH website for updates.



I am excited to join the team here at the Office of the Deaf and Hard of Hearing (ODHH). I came on board in this past March as program assistant for three ODHH programs: Information, Referral and Advocacy (IRA), Sign Language Interpreter Management (SLIM) and Social and Human Services (SHS). I completed my B.A. in Human Services at Western Washington University. My position at ODHH draws on my educational background as well as my professional experience in social services, office administration, and interpreting. I am enjoying learning about my new job and the services we provide to the public.

Outside of work, you will always find me busy with something! My favorite activities are hiking, cycling, snowshoeing, cross-country skiing, geocaching, rockhounding, photographing fungi, and riding on the back of a motorcycle. I spend my quiet time quilting, reading, or digging in the garden. I have always had a deep interest in languages and cultures, and have traveled widely. Nowadays, I mostly explore local Northwest places and visit friends and family in Canada, where I grew up. I have two wonderful sons; one is currently in his second year of pre-med studies, and the other has one more year of high school left.

I value time spent with my boys, family, and friends, and I look forward to getting to know my colleagues at ODHH. I appreciate their warm welcome and am eager to work with each and every one of them.

Telemarketers and VideoPhone Local Numbers

By Steve Peck, TRS Program Manager

Has your dinner or evening quiet time been interrupted by Videophone (VP) calls from telemarketers?

If so, you're not alone.

Some of you may have answered strange VP calls only to find that the person calling was a telemarketer or a wrong number call. While you were gone your VP may have produced a list of unknown numbers on your VP missed call list. Do you wonder why you have received some strange calls? The answer may be that telemarketers somehow obtained your VP Local Number (LN). We have decided to share some research with our readers on how to prevent telemarketing calls from coming through to your VP LN.

Effective December 1, 2008, the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) ordered Video Relay Service (VRS) providers to implement a 10-digit videophone (VP) local number (LN) system for VRS users. Many VRS users have chosen a default VRS provider and were issued a new VP LN. As a result, some users may have experienced unsolicited calls at their new VP LN. Now that you have a new VP LN, what can you do if you do not want unsolicited calls coming to your VP?

In 1991, Congress passed the Telephone Consumer Protection Act (TCPA) in response to consumer concerns about the growing number of unsolicited telephone marketing calls and increased use of automated and prerecorded messages. With the TCPA in place, the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) established rules that require telemarketing agents or business entities to:

- Provide the name of the person calling,
- Provide the name of person or entity on behalf of whom the call is being placed, and
- Provide the telephone number or address at which the person or entity can be contacted.

The FCC rules also prohibit telemarketers from calling homes before 8 am and after 9 pm. In June 2003, the FCC supplemented the original rules and, together with the Federal Trade Commission (FTC), established a national Do-Not-Call list. In February 2008, the Do-Not-Call Improvement Act was passed into law, making the registration of numbers a one-time requirement.

The FCC has a free service called the National Do-Not-Call List that allows you to block unsolicited calls to your VP LN from telemarketers. To add your VP LN. mobile and home phone numbers to the National Do-Not-Call list, go to www. donotcall.gov, or call the voice or TTY number listed below. It takes 31 days from the date that you register your VP LN and other numbers for telemarketers to stop calling you. Your number will remain on the list indefinitely until you choose to remove your number(s) from the list. Telemarketers must honor your do-not-call request. If they do call you after the 31 day period, you may file a complaint and, if proven guilty, they may be subject to a fine of up to \$11,000.

Please understand that registering your VP LN on the National Do-Not-Call Registry will stop all telemarketing calls.

However, there are a few exceptions. These exemptions may include companies calling you after you have purchased their goods and services, and/or you participated in a political or charity solicitation. Please also note that the registration does not prevent unlawful prank or harassment calls. If you get those calls, you are encouraged to contact your local law enforcement agency.

More than 157 million numbers are on the Do-Not-Call Registry. Add yours today for FREE!

Register Your Numbers:

Online: www.donotcall.gov

Do-Not-Call Helpline: 1-(888) 382-1222 1-(866) 290-4236 TTY

More Information:

The FCC has fact sheets that will help you with telemarketers and automated systems, resources for VP users, including how to get a home, mobile, or VP LN listed on the Do-Not-Call Registry, and how to file a complaint.

Visit the FCC Online!

http://www.fcc.gov/cgb/consumers.html

Unwanted Telephone Marketing Calls: http://www.fcc.gov/cgb/consumerfacts/



Services Available with the Washington Talking Book & Braille Library Danielle King, Program Manager, WTBBL

The Washington Talking Book & Braille Library (WTBBL), part of the National Library Service for the Blind and Physically Handicapped (NLS), provides reading materials to any Washington State resident who cannot read standard print, hold a book, or turn a page. For example, we serve anyone with low or no vision or who can't use traditional print materials because of a sensory or physical disability or disabling condition (such as Parkinson's disease or Multiple Sclerosis), as well as those with organic learning disabilities. There is no charge for our service, and patrons return books through the mail without paying postage.

Though we have been a library since 1906, many people don't know exactly what we provide, or how to get service from us. We have books for adults, teens and children, fiction and non-fiction (including bestsellers), and popular magazines, available in braille and cassette. We also have a vast large print book collection and a 24-hour radio reading service. To get materials from us, a patron fills out a brief application to certify his or her eligibility for service, and we send the requested materials directly to the patron's residence.

WTBBL has a great deal to offer the deaf-blind and the deaf-low vision communities. We have extensive braille, web-braille, and large print collections. The braille collection has over 15,000 titles in book form and thousands of titles for download via web-braille. Our large print collection has over

16,000 titles, including mysteries, westerns, and romance. You can find the titles by using our online catalog at http://www.klas.com/ wtbbl or by using the "order books and materials" link from www.wtbbl.org. If you are hard of hearing, we also provide books on cassette and soon in a digital format, both of which can be amplified for easier listening. When you sign up for service, we send you a machine to play the books and

you at that time you can also apply for an amplifier. WTBBL currently has over 55,000 titles on cassette and there are already 13,000 digital audio books available for download through NLS if you are a patron of the WTBBL and have access to a computer with high-speed internet and an approved commercial player.

Even among other NLS talking book libraries, WTBBL stands apart for its wide-ranging services for our patrons. One way in particular is that we produce many of our own books in braille and

audio format. The Braille Department, with the help of over 40 volunteers, produces 40 plus titles a vear that are by Northwest authors or with Northwest interest. The Audio Book Production Department. with the help of over 70 volunteers, produces about 250 books a year, also with local. Pacific Northwest interest. We also welcome suggestions from patrons in order to supplement the collection we received from NLS.

If you aren't already a patron of the library, please consider signing up

and giving us a try. WTBBL is physically located in Seattle at 2021 9th Avenue, but we mail books in all formats all over the state of Washington. For more information about WTBBL and our services, please visit www.wtbbl.org. You can also contact us at 1-800-542-0866, 206-615-0400, TTY 206-615-0418, or via email at wtbbl@sectate.wa.gov.



Navigating DSHS

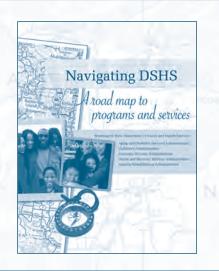
During the challenging economic times, Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS) is available to provide programs and services to meet the basic needs of Washingtonians. To learn more about DSHS programs and services, please visit Navigating DSHS at:

http://www.dshs.wa.gov/pdf/Publications/22-1199.pdf

It's also available in Spanish at:

http://www.dshs.wa.gov/pdf/ForeignLang/22-1199SP.pdf

You can also access to DSHS website for more information at www.dshs.wa.gov.



Information on Reporting Child/Adult Abuse and Neglect

Mandatory Reporters **Make The Call!**Report abuse and neglect involving children

Mandatory reporters call directly to the appropriate local office. You are encouraged to look on the Internet for information about reporting child abuse in Washington State at: www1.dshs.wa.gov/ca

Statewide after normal business hours, weekends and holidays: **1-800-562-5624** (*Answered by DSHS employees, 24/7*)

Call this toll-free number if you suspect that a child or vulnerable adult is being abused or neglected. The operator will connect you with the right DSHS office to make your report.



DSHS TOLL FREE **1-866-ENDHARM (1-866-363-4276)** Washington State Department of Social & Health Services

If you're calling about a crime, physical or sexual abuse or an immediate lifethreatening emergency, dial 911.

For more information about reporting abuse of a child or vulnerable adult, visit the DSHS web site at: **www1.dshs.wa.gov/**

RCW 26.44.050

A law enforcement officer may take, or cause to be taken, a child into custody without a court order if there is probable cause to believe that the child is abused or neglected and that the child would be injured or could not be taken into custody if it were necessary to first obtain a court order pursuant to RCW 13.34.050.

Child Abuse & Neglect in Washington State

KNOW THE SIGNS

- Unexplained injuries (bruises, burns, welts)
- Difficulty sitting or walking
- Unusual sexual knowledge/behavior
- Abandonment
- Fear of a caregiver
- Shrinks from approaching adults
- Afraid to go home
- Unexplained absences
- Unexplained lags in physical development
- Failure to provide basic needs
- ─ Begs/steals food or money
- Sudden behavior changes
- Poor hygiene

For more signs, visit our website at: http://www1.dshs.wa.gov/ca/safety/abuseWhat.asp

continued from page 1

I had bought a 1992 JVC 27 inch screen TV using a 2nd generation box decoder. My TV lasted all these years until September 2008 when it finally died 16 years later. The still working decoder is now in storage. It was time to buy one of those new High Definition (HD) TVs with a built-in cc decoder.

A colleague reminded me that consumers were facing captioning problems with digital television and programming and DVD players. And there was the broadcasting digital transition, currently postponed to June 2009. I decided to do a lot of research into this before buying a HDTV. From my research, I've come to the unfortunate conclusion that closed captioning in a digital world is much more complicated than the analog world! I fear I only scratched the surface of the complexities and challenges many more deaf and hard of hearing people will be facing. It seems we are taking steps backwards in a digital world in spite of the progress we've made with captioning.

You must educate yourself, via research on the internet, and complain depending on the source of the problem ~ to broadcasters, cable or satellite companies, equipment manufacturers, and finally the FCC! Don't complain to ODHH, it is outside of our area of expertise other than to provide resources (see list of www links). And you must become a self-advocate, get involved with one of the organizations belonging to Coalition of Organizations for Accessible Technology (COAT) and write to your U.S. congressional representatives. It takes a collection of individual efforts to get changes made on a national level. Otherwise, I fear the day I'd be asking once again, "What are they saying?" or "What's so funny?"

Resources to Digital TV Transition, HDTV, DVD and Captioning Issues

Communication Services for the Deaf http://dtv.c-s-d.org/ (ASL & captioned videos)

Department of Commerce https://www.dtv2009.gov/

National Center for Accessible Media

http://ncam.wgbh.org/dtv/ http://ncam.wgbh.org/dtv/

National Captioning Institute http://www.ncicap.org/DTV_FAQ1.asp

Federal Communication Commission

http://www.dtv.gov/

http://www.dtv.gov/video_audio.html

http://www.fcc.gov/cgb/consumerfacts/digitaltv.html

http://www.fcc.gov/cgb/dro/caption.html

http://www.fcc.gov/cgb/dro/tips_on_filing_cc_complaint.html

Consumer Electronics Association

http://www.ce.org/PDF/CEA_Closed_Caption_FAQs_ April_2007.pdf

High Definition Multimedia Interface (HDMI)

http://www.hdmi.org/learningcenter/kb.aspx?c=1#117

Coalition of Organizations for Accessible Technology http://www.coataccess.org/ Office of the Deaf and Hard of Hearing PO Box 45301 Olympia WA 98504-5301

Address Service Requested

PRSRT STD U.S. POSTAGE PAID Olympia, Washington Permit No. 297

Office of the Deaf & Hard of Hearing

Toll Free: 1 (800) 422-7930 V/TTY

(360) 902-8000 V/TTY

Web site: http://odhh.dshs.wa.gov

Contact ODHH by VideoPhone (VP) at:

VP: 65.113.246.110 VP200: (360) 339-7382

| Eric Raff, Director | rafferic@dshs.wa.gov |
|--|--------------------------|
| Robert Lichtenberg, Assistant Director | lichtrw@dshs.wa.gov |
| Ryan Bondroff, IRA Program Manager | bondroffryan@dshs.wa.gov |
| Emily Hill, SLIM Program Manager | hillemily@dshs.wa.gov |
| Steve Peck, TRS Program Manager | pecksc@dshs.wa.gov |
| Kelly Robison, TED Program Manager | robiskd@dshs.wa.gov |
| Colleen Rozmaryn, ACT Program Manager | rozmaic@dshs.wa.gov |
| Claudia Foy, SHS Program Manager | foyclam@dshs.wa.gov |

Office of the Deaf & Hard of Hearing

Community Review SUMMER 2009 Volume 6, Number 3

Washington State Department of Social and Health Services



New Washington Relay Website

The Office of the Deaf and Hard of Hearing (ODHH) is pleased to announce the release of the new updated Washington Relay website. Our updated Washington Relay website has been redesigned with a fresh new look and has updated information about our latest products and services. Additionally, our updated Washington Relay website provides access to the consumer complaint form, the database profile form, and contact information to ensure that Washington relay customers are appropriately served and satisfied

with the current service features. To view the updated Washington Relay website, it is at: www. washingtonrelay.com

If you have questions, contact Steve Peck at:

E-mail: askwashingtonrelay@ dshs.wa.gov VP: 360-339-7382 V/TTY: 800-422-7930



Inside Community Review

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Message from the Director

Hope you are enjoying the wonderful summer weather! I just got back from a wonderful weekend camping trip at Lake Chelan with 20+ families of deaf/hearing parents with deaf/hearing children and it was nice to have a short break without thinking about work or home. A friend said to me, "You look very relaxed!"

Since the Spring 2009 newsletter edition, there has positive news and changes within DSHS. May and June was very busy and crazy in finalizing

new contracts and forms with the Regional Service Centers of the Deaf and Hard of Hearing and providers of sign language interpreter services and telecommunication equipment distribution trainers for the deaf-blind. The exciting news is that, a new telecommunication device for the deaf-blind developed by Humanware and funded by ODHH, known as the "DeafBlind Communicator" has finally been released and is readily available. A "News Release" sent to various television stations and newspapers have created a lot of positive publicity. There have been articles in the Olympia, Spokane and Seattle local newspapers. Colleen Rozmaryn, Assistive Communication Technology received a Colleen Cook Memorial award from the Washington State Deaf Blind Citizens for her efforts to see this dream become a reality. This is a proud milestone in maintaining ODHH leadership in telecommunications.

Susan Dreyfus from Wisconsin has been appointed as the new DSHS Secretary. After she was sworn into office by Governor Gregoire she gave an inspiring speech. The following week she joined the ODHH staff

meeting for introductions. She accepted my invitation to join me and a few staff to an ODHH town hall meeting in Spokane as opportunity to hear from the community about their issues. I had a follow-up meeting with her and she challenged me to do more ~ pursue collaborative partnerships within DSHS and other state agencies and to educate legislators about ODHH and the needs of the deaf, hard of hearing and deaf-blind communities. It was very exciting to observe her genuine interest in the plight of the people we serve.

Whenever there is new DSHS leadership, I always anticipate changes to DSHS organizational structure. In the past, I

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Office of the Governor Christine Gregoire

DSHS Secretary Susan N. Dreyfus

DSHS Chief of Staff Tracy Guerin

ODHH Eric Raff, Director

Robert Lichtenberg,

Assistant Director

Ryan Bondroff,

IRA Program Manager

Jennifer Chowning, Program Support

Brian Clark,

IT Network Specialist

William Crites.

IT Manager

Lucas Doelman,

Office Assistant

Claudia Foy,

SHS Program Manager

Emily Hill,

SLIM Program Manager

Jeannie Kay,

Customer Service Representative

Trevor Kosa.

IT Database Specialist

Patricia Moed.

Program Support

Lien Ngo-Tran,

Fiscal Officer

Rena Patch,

Executive Assistant

Steve Peck.

TRS Program Manager

Kelly Robison,

TED Program Manager

Colleen Rozmaryn,

ACT Program Manager

Meet Secretary Susan N. Dreyfus

Susan N. Dreyfus is DSHS Secretary, appointed by the Governor and a member of the Governor's Executive Cabinet.

A Wisconsin resident for the past 33 years, Susan, 51, was executive vice president for strategy with Rogers Behavioral Health System, Inc., the largest non-profit behavioral health provider in Wisconsin, serving children and adults from across the nation,



before becoming DSHS Secretary May 18, 2009. Prior to joining Rogers in 2007, Susan served for five years as senior vice president and chief operating officer of the National Alliance for Children and Families and Families International. With the Alliance, Susan consulted with nonprofit human service agencies across the country on a range of governance, organizational and program areas, including child welfare practice, system design and management, contracting, policy, and state and federal financing.

In 1996, Susan was appointed administrator of the Division of Children and Family Services within the Wisconsin Department of Health and Family Services under Gov. Tommy G. Thompson. For nearly seven years she led this office responsible for child welfare, regulation and licensing of child care facilities, youth development and other community programs. In this role, Susan successfully led many state reform efforts in child welfare.

"Throughout my career, I have been committed to improving the lives of vulnerable children and adults and their families," Susan says.

"Washington is known for its commitment to human services. We now need to work together in even stronger alliances with shared responsibility to ensure our programs and funding are being delivered as effectively as possible for the future."

Susan is married with three adult children. She earned a bachelor's degree in business administration from the University of Wisconsin - Green Bay and attended the Program for Senior Executives in State and Local Government at Harvard University's John F. Kennedy School of Government.

Tracy Guerin is the new DSHS Chief of Staff. Tracy brings with her 25 years of experience in Washington state government, including several key management positions. She is coming to DSHS from the Department of Information Services where she has served as Deputy Director for the past four years. Her new role as Chief of Staff replaces the previous Deputy Secretary position.

Tracy is a graduate of The Evergreen State College and has completed leadership training at Harvard and Duke. Prior to DIS, she held management positions with the Department of Corrections and the Secretary of State.



DSHS leads the nation in life-changing technology with DeafBlind Communicator

A telecommunication device is making a profound impact on the lives of deaf-blind people, thanks largely to the efforts of the Office of Deaf and Hard of Hearing, part of the Department of Social and Health Services.

The agency teamed with manufacturer HumanWare to design and manufacture the device trademarked as the DeafBlind Communicator to enable Washington residents who are legally both deaf and blind to communicate with greater independence. The device offers users unprecedented access to make telephone calls as well as engage people in two-way face-to-face conversations, anywhere they go.

Internationally, the disability community heralds the DeafBlind Communicator for its unprecedented portability and ease of use. Users say it's the first truly portable and user-friendly telecommunication equipment for the deafblind.



In a unique collaboration of government and business, the Office of Deaf and Hard of Hearing and Human Ware developed the technolgy with direct input from the consumers. "Input from deaf-blind users who tested prototypes of the product had a direct impact at every stage of development. Instead of presenting a device to clients and saying 'now you have to make it work' we designed this around their ideas and needs," said Eric Raff, director of the Office of Deaf and Hard of Hearing.

Now other states, governments, businesses and agencies internationally who serve the deaf-blind are following Washington's lead and making the life-changing telecommunication equipment available for their clients.

How the DeafBlind Communicator works

For face-to-face conversations, the deaf-blind person hands the separate smaller device with a text display and keyboard to the person they want to communicate with.

A retractable tether is attached. With one click, the deaf-blind person who is operating the other half of the device sends the following opening message; "Hi, I'm blind and I can't hear. To communicate with me, type a message on this keyboard and press (the return arrow)."

This message is both spoken through speakers and displayed on the text screen. The person who is deaf-blind can read the response via a display with Braille characters. Both parties can then communicate back and forth.

At one fast food restaurant the employee taking orders looked momentarily puzzled when the DeafBlind Communicator was put on the counter. He quickly called co-workers over and soon all wanted to take a turn at communicating with the deaf-blind woman

and wanted to take her order. This is a marked difference with other situations where the deaf-blind person only has a card with written words to present to a counter person and little possibility of interaction. A person who is deaf-blind would often be ignored in these situations only because there was no clear option for communication.

People who were approached randomly in tests all reported that they had never had any kind of contact with a deaf-blind person before and all reported that they would stop again if approached by a person with the device. With widespread familiarity with keyboards and text messaging, most said they had no difficulty operating the face-to-face device. All who participated said they "felt good" about the interaction.

The DeafBlind Communicator can receive incoming telephone calls and make outgoing calls. In telephone communications the device converts text into Braille characters. People who are deaf-blind can make or receive calls with other deaf or deaf-blind people directly, as well as with hearing people through the Telecommunication Relay Service, also known in our state as Washington Relay. Deaf-blind users confirmed that the device gives them added confidence and independence, especially when traveling, working or doing errands without a tactile American Sign Language interpreter.

The cost and the benefits for users and the community

The DeafBlind Communicator is available free or on a sliding fee scale based on income to eligible people in our state. As a result of the Office of Deaf and Hard of Hearing's major role in the research and design of the product the agency is getting a reduction of two thousand dollars below the usual \$8,000 retail cost per device.

continued on page 7

resource corner

FCC Fact Sheet on Ten-Digit Numbering (TDN) requirements

The FCC's Disability Rights Office recently published a new fact sheet for Video Relay and IP Relay service users containing Frequently Asked Questions on the FCC's new ten-digit numbering requirements for VRS and IP Relay. The FAQs remind VRS and IP Relay users to register their locations and obtain ten-digit numbers by November 12, 2009, and provide practical information about placing VRS and IP Relay calls after registering, keeping video devices after changing preferred providers, and keeping toll-free numbers.

To view the FAQs, go to: www.fcc.gov/cgb/consumerfacts/tendigit-faqs.pdf



Be Ready for the Upcoming Flu Season

By Bob Lichtenberg, Assistant Director

This is probably the reader's first thought: "What? A swine flu alert in the summer? Why?"

It was mine when I recently came across information from a workgroup that I have been involved in for the past 3 years, the DSHS Emergency Management Advisory Committee*. The Department of Health has issued several online alerts regarding the swine flu and has alerted state agencies to be prepared. Not too soon thereafter, I learned that over 250 Americans have died since the swine flu came into our country in April. That fact alone prompts me to share with our readers information in a recent newsletter from Seattle-King County Department of Public Health. Here is important information related to swine flu from the newsletter:

The WHO's (World Health Organization) announcement of a global pandemic confirms what we anticipated: H1N1 flu, commonly known as swine flu, continues to spread widely around the world. For weeks we have been intensively planning and preparing for the anticipated return of the virus in the fall and we will continue on that path.

That means we're continuing to closely monitor disease trends in King County. H1N1 flu is still circulating in our community, but the level of illness appears to be decreasing, with fewer reports of flu-like illness from hospitals and schools. H1N1 virus has caused a disproportionate number of cases and hospitalizations in younger people, with 57% of the cases nationally among people aged 5-25 years of age. 41% of the hospitalizations are also among this age group.

The severity of the H1N1 virus has not changed here in King County or anywhere around the world. The WHO's declaration of a pandemic (phase 6) is based on geographic spread of the influenza virus, not on the severity of the illness.

It's important to note that although H1N1 activity is decreasing in King County as we enter the summer, we anticipate significantly more widespread outbreaks this fall and winter. This may include the potential for an increased number of illnesses and deaths in younger persons than during a typical flu season. Since this is a new virus strain, we know that many people will not have immunity to H1N1 flu.

This is a critical time to prepare for whatever the flu might bring in the fall.

- Public Health is collaborating with health care, schools and other community partners to be ready.
- Individuals and families must also prepare, including taking steps now to plan for possible school closures (such as setting up alternative child care and finding ways to work from home) and absences from work.
- Businesses and organizations must also be ready to cope with a reduced work force if many become ill or need to stay at home.

In the coming months, we encourage you to continue to prepare at home, school and work, and to check Public Health's website for updated information: www.kingcounty.gov/health/H1N1.

Other informational resources mentioned in the newsletter are:

The National Resource Center on Advancing Emergency Preparedness for Culturally Diverse Communities' Topic of the Month: Undocumented Immigrants, Non-U.S. Citizens, and Disasters, www.diversitypreparedness.org/Topic-of-the-Month/89/

- H1N1 (swine flu) Fact Sheets, in multiple languages, provided by the Washington State Department of Health http://www.doh.wa.gov/swineflu/default.htm
- For up-to-date information on H1N1 visit the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's website at http://www.cdc.gov/h1n1flu/
- Emergency & Community Health Outreach (ECHO) provides a wealth of emergency preparedness information for limited English Proficient populations in the languages they understand best http://www.echominnesota.org/index.cfm/p/alertDetail/alertID/6/
- The Association of Asian Pacific Community Health Organizations (AAPCHO) is a national association representing community health centers dedicated to promoting advocacy, collaboration and leadership that improves the health status and access of serving Asian Americans, Native Hawaiians and other Pacific Islanders http://www.aapcho.org/site/aapcho/section.php?id=11357

Here is a list of short video clips explaining about Swine Flu in ASL and/or captioning format – please share with other people:

National Center for the Deaf Health Research - http://www.urmc.rochester.edu/ncdhr/information/swine-flu.cfm

Swine Flu (Captioned) http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=g5t1r7y G7rM&feature=featured

In this video, Dr. Joe Bresee with the CDC Influenza Division describes swine flu - its signs and symptoms, how it's transmitted, medicines to treat it, steps people can take to protect themselves from it, and what people should do if they become ill.

"What you should know about a flu pandemic (2006)" http://www. health.gov.on.ca/english/public/program/pubhealth/flu/panflu/ flu_pandemic_asl.html

Hand Washing http://www.healthinfotranslations.org/video.php?id=817085

A service of the U.S. National Library of Medicine and the National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, MD

Videos prepared by Mount Carmel Health, The Ohio State University Medical Center and OhioHealth, Columbus, OH.

Footnote: *(As our faithful readers will recall, ODHH has devoted a number of newsletter issues to the topic of personal emergency preparedness and how to locate or receive disaster response services from local county emergency management agencies such as the Red Cross, local shelters, and public safety service providers. The Statewide Emergency Management Plan that is overseen by the Washington Military Department and Statewide Emergency Management Division has made DSHS is responsible for ensuring that persons with disabilities are served properly through the State's disaster response and recovery actions. Recall that many people with disabilities experienced needless harm and injury after Hurricane Katrina.)

Washington State Department of Services for the Blind

Don Alveshere Assistant Director Program Services

The Department of Services for the Blind (DSB) assists blind and visually impaired individuals achieve "inclusion, independence, and economic vitality."

The primary way we accomplish this mission is by assisting our customers gain employment, retain employment, or advance in their job. DSB is a public vocational rehabilitation agency designated to work with individuals with visual disabilities through the federal

Our staff works with customers to overcome their disability related barriers to employment.

Rehabilitation Act. Our staff works with customers to overcome their disability related barriers to employment.

We are very excited about the last state fiscal year (July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2009). We had 142 competitive employment outcomes in an integrated setting with an average hourly wage of \$17.92 and an average of 31 hours a week.

DSB also provides services to individuals who are not interested in employment through our Independent Living (IL) program. Services provided through the IL program are focused on improving levels of independence within their home and community. One component of our Independent Living program is focused on blind and visually impaired children and provides services to those children and their families to enable the children to achieve their highest potential. This part of our program offers support and consultation services regarding developmental and educational programs to ensure that appropriate educational services are received and developmental needs are met.

If you or someone you know has a visual disability and could benefit from our services, please call our statewide toll free number (800) 552-7103.

DSHS Recognizes ODHH Staff Members' Years of Faithful Service with the State of Washington!

Emily Hill 11/23/2003 5 years Program Manager, Sign Language Interpreter Management

Kelly Robison 2/1/1994 15 years Program Manager, Telecommunication Equipment Distribution



www.2010census.gov

Warning from King County Emergency Management: "Be Prepared for Fall Flooding in the Green River Valley Area"

By Bob Lichtenberg

Some readers may be aware from recent news releases of potential Fall flooding in the Renton, Tukwila, Auburn, and Kent areas due geologic problems affecting the Howard Hanson Dam, which is located near Black Diamond and drains into the Green River. Here are key excerpts from a July 9th Seattle Times article written by Times staff writer Keith Ervin:

"South King County cities have been warning residents of the flood risk and plan to step up their efforts as the rainy season approaches. An estimated 15,000 homes and thousands of businesses are in flood-prone areas.

Tukwila Public Works Director Jim Morrow, who is incident commander for the flood-response planning by the four cities and the county, said evacuation plans are being coordinated among the cities, the State Patrol and the state Department of Transportation.

"The city of Tukwila did not want to be sending people south when the city of Kent was sending people north," Morrow said.

King County Emergency Management Director Robin Friedman told the Regional Planning Committee on Wednesday the county will declare an emergency as early as possible in the event of a flood to bring in federal and state help as fast as possible.

The county's Emergency Warning Center announced Wednesday it would monitor water flow from the dam rather than river levels at Auburn — a change that will provide the Green River cities seven hours' warning of rising water."

ODHH will be actively working with King County officials to discuss how persons with hearing loss will have access to information at the soonest possible opportunity so they can evacuate safely from any flooding affecting their areas. An ongoing partnership developed by Donna Platt, E-911 Program Manager at HSDC, and the Red Cross will be a valuable resource to bring timely information to affected residents.

It helps to know if you live in a flood prone area. King County has identifed the following area zip codes to be possibly affected by the Dam situation:

98001, 98002, 98030, 98031, 98032, 98055, 98057, 98092, and 98188

To find out more information about your potential risk, call the King County flood inquiry telephone line number: 206-296-6606

All people living in the areas at risk are encouraged to link to the following website for more information: Preparedness Information for King County residents:

http://www.kingcounty.gov/safety/prepare/FloodPlan_GRiverBasin.aspx



Friday November 13, 2009

"ODHH Symposium: Past, Present and Future"

DSHS Headquarters Olympia, WA

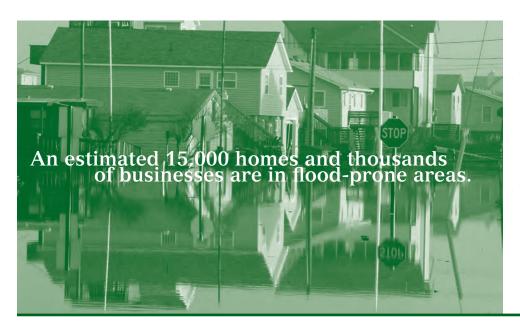
Look for details later on the website and distribution lists!

Message from the Director

(continued from page 1)

reported to Blake Chard, Deputy Secretary who is no longer with DSHS. I want to thank Blake for his four years of dedicated support in making ODHH's growth possible. The Deputy Secretary position has been changed to a "Chief of Staff" position and a Tracy Guerin, a 25-year veteran of state government service has been appointed. She reminds me a lot of Susan. The good news is that ODHH will continue to have access to DSHS executive management and I will report to Tracy Guerin, Chief of Staff. The best news is that I anticipate continued DSHS support that ODHH needs to succeed in what we do to better serve you!

ODHH has been serving you since 1979, when one position, "Statewide Coordinator of the Deaf" was first created. Today, ODHH has 17 employees and 6 programs. I would like to invite our stakeholders and communities to join us in a celebration of ODHH 30th year anniversary. Look for announcements on our website and various email distribution lists.



TED Demo Sites Now Available!

By Kelly Robison

I'm very excited to announce the opening of new TED Demo Sites! The Telecommunication Equipment Distribution (TED) Program provides telephone equipment to people who are deaf, hard of hearing, late-deafened, and deafblind so that they may access and use the telephone independently.

Until now, potential clients didn't have a place where they could "test drive" any of the phones to see if they would meet their needs or to help them feel confident that they were requesting the most appropriate equipment. Available for people to try are two amplified telephones, a voice-carry over phone, CapTel Captioned Telephone and a Teletypewriter (TTY) as well as two ring signaling devices.

As of July 15, 2009, there are two sites available with a third on the way. Currently, clients can visit the following centers to test TED Program equipment:

Hearing, Speech and Deafness Center (HSDC) North

114 W. Magnolia Street, Suite 106

Bellingham, WA 98225 Voice: (360) 647-0910 TTY: (360) 647-8508

Video Phone IP Address: bellingham.hsdc.org Video Phone IP Address: 216.57.220.22

Email: bellingham@hsdc.org Website: www.hsdc.org

South Eastern Washington Service Center of the Deaf and Hard of Hearing (SEWSCDHH) Pasco

124 N 5th Avenue Pasco, WA 99301

Voice: (509) 543-9644 Toll Free (888) 543-6598 TTY: (509) 543-9649 Toll Free (888) 543-6598 Video Phone IP Address: 65.103.154.99

Email: info@sewscdhh.org Website: www.sewscdhh.org

Once the Southwest Washington Service Center of the Deaf and Hard of Hearing (SWSCDHH) moves to their permanent location later this year, we will set up a demo site in their facility as well. When that happens, we'll be sure to make an announcement.

For more TED Program information, visit our website at http://www1.dshs.wa.gov/hrsa/odhh/ted.shtml

DSHS leads the nation in life-changing technology with **DeafBlind Communicator** (continued from page 3)

At focus group sessions, prototype users said that having the Deaf-Blind Communicator would be "life-changing." Deaf-blind product testers broke into broad smiles, shared laughter, and exchanged hugs with their peers and social services staff during trial runs of the device.

When Director Raff and Program Manager Colleen Rozmaryn of the Office of Deaf and Hard of Hearing saw the expressions of delight and immediate sense of empowerment that filled the room during test and training sessions they knew it was worth the years of effort to complete the project to benefit their clients. "Access to assistive technology for those who require it is not a convenience; it is essential to independence and employment for our clients," Raff said.

For most people who are deaf-blind in North America, tactile American Sign Language is their first language. They communicate by touching letters and words in the hands of another person who knows tactile American Sign Language. An interpreter is needed for deaf-blind individuals to have conversations with hearing people who cannot sign.

It is financially and otherwise impractical for most people who are both deaf and blind to have the services of a qualified interpreter around the clock. While the DeafBlind Communicator cannot replace an interpreter, it does open doors to direct communications in employment, business and social situations that the majority population takes for granted.

The Office of Deaf and Hard of Hearing expect to distribute the first order of 35 devices this month. Free training will be provided for all deaf-blind users.

For people who are deaf-blind, a device that connects with the entire community adds to a better quality of life. For the general population, it offers the opportunity to interact with a vital group of people who have been isolated from society. With the aid of cutting-edge technology and communities that embrace diversity, the DeafBlind Communicator will be a tool that will give them a voice in the mainstream.

"All too often people who are deaf-blind are simply ignored and isolated by the greater public because of a perceived inability to communicate. Everyone loses out when one group is isolated from the community at large. People who are deaf-blind have so much to contribute and we are all poorer for not including them in the conversation." Rozmaryn says. "The DeafBlind Communicator is one more open door to communication. I think some people may be surprised by the accomplishments, the sense of humor and the worldliness of these individuals despite this isolation. This is going to start some great conversations and new relationships."

The history of Tele-Braille devices and why ODHH became involved in the DBC design

"Tele-Braille" was the first product that could incorporate Braille text from Tele-type Text Telephones (TTY) designed for the deaf to visually read text displays. Released in the 1980's it was a major breakthrough in accessing the telephone for the deaf-blind. Tele-Braille was cutting edge technology when first put on the market more than 25 years ago. But it was heavy and limited to home use with few major upgrades since its initial impact. It became outdated in the mid 1990s and the sole manufacturer at the time has since disbanded. The devices then sold for around \$6,000 each.

Like an old computer or car, the cost of upkeep became impractical or impossible, as parts wore out and devices were quickly failing beyond repair. Still, the Tele-Braille device remained a vital door to telecommunication for its deaf-blind clients, and the Office of Deaf and Hard of Hearing continued to patch up the much-needed machines while an alternative was sought.

It is part of the ODHH's core mission to provide resources that enable its clients to have equal access and effective communication. When no company stepped up to offer an improved Tele-Braille device the Office of Deaf and Hard of Hearing mounted an international search to find a manufacturer to partner with. Their efforts lead them to assistive technology manufacturer specializing in products for the blind, HumanWare.

Court Sign Language Interpreting Standards

By Emily Hill

The Office of the Deaf and Hard of Hearing has teamed up with the Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC) to develop some exciting new standards in court interpreting! ODHH and AOC have built a team of individuals with representatives from the Deaf and interpreting communities, court staff, and judges. We are meeting from July through October to discuss current practices through future standards for sign language interpreters in the Superior, District, and Municipal Courts in Washington, based on requirements in current state law (see RCW 2.42 for more information: http://apps.leg.wa.gov/Rcw/default. aspx?Cite=2.42).

Our team will develop the following:

- Criteria and fields required to implement an up-to-date list of interpreters who are appropriate for use in court interpreting situations (RCW 2.42.130).
- Established standards for fees for services for sign language interpreters providing interpreter services for court (RCW 2.42.170).
- Proposal for the possible change of the definition for "Qualified Interpreter" in RCW 2.42.110.
- Findings from evidence-based research of other states' laws and practices regarding court interpreting.

Each of these items will enable ODHH to fulfill its requirements as outlined in RCW 2.42, and provide an accessible, understandable list of sign language interpreters to the Washington State Courts. This will aid those courts in providing appropriate interpreters for their deaf, deaf-blind, and hard of hearing clients who communicate in sign language.

This is a very exciting journey – and one that we are sure will benefit many of you! Stay connected with us as we try to ensure quality access to the Washington Courts.

The following vendors have contracts with DSHS

to provide Sign Language Interpreting Services to DSHS clients and staff from July 1, 2009 - June 30, 2011

By Emily Hill

AGENCIES

All Hands Community Interpreting Services

Contract Number: 0948-67863 Email: allhandscis@centurytel.net

Telephone: 360-897-8300 360-897-8301

Fax: 360-897-8302

Mailing Address: PO Box 458

Orting, WA 98360

ASL Professionals

Contract Number: 0948-67856 Email: aslprofessionals@comcast.net

Telephone: 253-759-7653 253-222-5624

Fax: 360-872-8179

Mailing Address: PO Box 1359

Orting, WA 98360

CODAs Plus

Contract Number: 0948-37866 Email: codasplus@comcast.net Telephone: 360-690-1113 Fax: 866-230-6256

Mailing Address: 800 NE Tenney Rd.

Suite 110 PMB 433 Vancouver, WA 98685

Columbia Language Services

Contract Number: 0948-67850 Email: officestaff@columbia-language.

info@columbia-language.com Telephone: 360-896-3881 888-202-3301

Fax: 360-896-4074

Mailing Address: 9303 NE Fourth Plain

Rd. Vancouver, WA 98662

Cross Cultural Communications, Inc.

Contract Number: 0948-67859 Email: ccc@crossculturalcom.us Telephone: 253-447-2000

800-893-5258

Fax: 888-918-8524

Mailing Address: PO Box 2166 Sumner,

WA 98390

Eastern Washington Center of the Deaf and Hard of Hearing (EWCDHH)

Contract Number: 0948-67827 Email: Scheduling: nancy@ewcdhh.org

Director: char@ewcdhh.org Telephone: 509-328-9220 Mailing Address: 1206 N. Howard

Spokane, WA 99201

HandDancer Interpreter Services

Contract Number: 0948-67861 Email: hnddncr@aol.com kbuckmo@aol.com

Telephone: 360-383-2293

360-739-1896

Fax: 360-383-2274

Mailing Address: 5320 Nielsen Ave.

Ferndale, WA 98248

Language Fusion

Contract Number: 0948-67785 Email: us@languagefusion.us President: OlgaL@languagefusion.us

Telephone: 360-750-1112 888-750-1112

Fax: 877-750-1125

Mailing Address: 400 E Evergreen Blvd

Suite 203

Vancouver, WA 98660

Northwest Interpreters

Contract Number: 0948-67840 Email: asl@nwiservices.com Telephone: 360-566-0492 Fax: 360-566-0453

Mailing Address: PO box 65024

Vancouver, WA 98665

Sign For Life ASL Interpreting Agency

Contract Number: 0948-67858 Email: mary@signforlife.com Telephone: 360-241-5016

Fax: 408-331-1057

Mailing Address: 8718 NE 31st Court

Vancouver, WA 98665

FREELANCE INTERPRETERS

Signing Resources & Interpreters

Contract Number: 0948-67868 Email: request@signingresources.com

Telephone: 877-512-2246 360-334-5301 Fax: 877-512-2246

Mailing Address: 8002 NE Highway 99

B-705

Vancouver, WA 98665

SignOn: A Sign Language Interpreting Resource

Contract Number: 0948-68534 Email: terps@signonasl.com

Owner/President: karenc@signonasl.com

Telephone: 206-632-7100 206-632-7200 Fax: 206-632-0405

Mailing Address: 130 Nickerson St.

Suite 107

Seattle, WA 98109

South Eastern WA Service Center of the Deaf and Hard of Hearing (SEWSCDHH)

Contract Number: 0948-67818

Email: Scheduling: interpretingsewscdhh@

safe-mail.net

Director: paula@sewscdhh.org Telephone: 509-543-9644 888-543-6598

Mailing Address: 124 N 5th Ave

Pasco, WA 99301

Universal Language Service

Contract Number: 0948-67864 Email: management@ulsonline.net scheduling@ulsonline.net

Telephone: 425-454-8072 888-462-0500

Mailing Address: 925 110th Ave NE, Suite A

Bellevue, WA 98004

Roxie Andrews

Certification Level: CI and CT Contract Number: 0948-67815 Email: Jandrews16@juno.com Telephone: 253-861-5251 City of Residence: University Place

Shevonne Baldwin

Certification Level: CI and CT Contract Number: 0948-67774 Email: shevonnebaldwin@gmail.com

Telephone: 509-306-9037 509-962-1444

City of Residence: Ellensburg

Katherine Bunze

Certification Level: CI and CT Contract Number: 0948-67806 Email: katherinebunze@msn.com kathybunze@gmail.com

Telephone: 509-475-5597 509-747-6508

Fax: 509-838-0491 City of Residence: Spokane

Michael Kosanovich

Certification Level: NAD IV Contract Number: 0948-67811 Email: aslmichaelterp@net-venture.com mekosanovich@vzw.blackberry.net

Telephone: 253-686-6657 Fax: 206-203-4247 City of Residence: Tacoma

Polly MacLean

Certification Level: CSC Contract Number: 0948-67681 Email: 2pollym@gmail.com polly.mac@comcast.net Telephone: 253-381-3547 City of Residence: Tacoma

Sarah Rasmussen

Certification Level: CI and CT Contract Number: 0948-67743 Email: 2sarahras@gmail.com saraheric@comcast.net Telephone: 253-222-3725

253-537-4165

City of Residence: Tacoma

Cathleen Robertson

Certification Level: CI and CT Contract Number: 0948-67761 Email: sgngrl@gmail.com Telephone: 425-738-0544 City of Residence: Covington

Verna Siegel

Certification Level: CI and CT Contract Number: 0948-68495 Email: Verna.siegel@gmail.com Telephone: 360-280-8112

Fax: 360-736-6742

City of Residence: Centralia



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VP: 65.113.246.110 VP200: (360) 339-7382

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| Kelly Robison, TED Program Manager | robiskd@dshs.wa.gov |
| Colleen Rozmaryn, ACT Program Manager | ·rozmaic@dshs.wa.gov |

Office of the Deaf & Hard of Hearing

Community Review WINTER 2010 Volume 7, Number 1

Washington State Department of Social and Health Services



Hope you enjoyed the holidays! There have been opportunities and challenges this past year and we're looking forward to achieving success and overcoming challenges in 2010! The latest happenings... Last November 13th, approximately 150-200 people attended the ODHH Symposium: Past, Present

and Future event! We celebrated ODHH's 30 year history, listening to stories about the founding of ODHH and its history. We heard about what's happening to DSHS and ODHH today. In planning for the future, there were six breakout sessions on a range of topics including early intervention, employment, mental health, etc. It was an opportunity for the community members to provide feedback to state officials. There were a few lessons learned but overall it was a success! If you would like to learn more, the webcast with captioning, PowerPoint presentations and CART transcripts (real-time captioning) will be posted on the website.

There have been opportunities and challenges this past year and we're looking forward to achieving success and overcoming challenges in 2010!

ODHH released a draft Fiscal Year 2011 (FY11) budget this past January for public comments. In the past, the ODHH advisory committee would provide comments and feedback on the annual budget. Since the advisory committee was abolished by the Governor's Executive Order #09-02 in early 2009, it was decided that the best way to obtain public comments is to post the draft budget on the website.

As of October 31st, the ODHH fund had nearly \$4 million in reserves due to the declining usage of telecommunication relay services (ODHH does not pay for video and internet-based relay). As you may know, Washington State declining revenues in these tough economic times required some difficult decisions. The Governor's FY10 Supplemental Budget released early December included a one-time transfer of this \$4 million to Division of Vocational Rehabilitation (DVR). This transfer will help DVR obtain a federal match of \$16 million. While this is unfortunate, many states' relay funds across the country are losing reserves for different purposes.

As a result, ODHH began cost savings reductions, effective immediately, such as reducing this newsletter from 4 to 2 times a year. New initiatives or projects will be

Continued on page 3

DSHS to Procure a New TRS Relay Provider for Washington State

by Steve Peck

The current Telecommunications Relay Service (TRS) contract with Sprint Relay will expire on August 28, 2010 and as a result, DSHS through the Office of the Deaf and Hard of Hearing (ODHH) will be processing a new Request for Qualifications and Quotations (RFQQ) for the 2011-2015 contract term. The RFQQ was recently posted on December 23, 2009. Once the bidder proposal evaluation and scoring is completed in March 2010, we expect to announce the new WA Relay TRS provider by this coming spring.

dis

If you have questions, please contact Steve Peck at pecksc@dshs.wa.gov, 1-800-422-7930 V/TTY, or 360-339-7382 VP.

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Office of the Governor Christine Gregoire

DSHS Secretary Susan Dreyfus

DSHS Chief of Staff Tracy Guerin

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Brian Clark, IT Network Specialist

William Crites, IT Manager

Lucas Doelman, Office Assistant

Claudia Foy, SHS Program Manager

Emily Hill,

SLIM Program Manager

Jeannie Kay, Customer Service Representative

Trevor Kosa, IT Database Specialist

Patricia Moed, Program Support

Lien Ngo-Tran, Fiscal Officer

Lorraine Olin, Program Support

Rena Patch, Executive Assistant

Steve Peck, TRS Program Manager

Kelly Robison, TED Program Manager

Colleen Rozmaryn, ACT Program Manager

Welcome

to our new staff member: Lorraine Olin

I am thrilled with my new position here at the Office of the Deaf and Hard of Hearing (ODHH). I was hired in December as program support staff for three

programs: Telecommunication Equipment
Distribution (TED), Telecommunication Relay
Services (TRS), and Assistive Communication
Technology (ACT). This is a wonderful opportunity
for me to work here. So far I have enjoyed
learning about my new job and how I can assist
the program managers in meeting their goals and
serving the community.

I studied American Sign Language at
Centralia Community College, South Puget Sound
Community College, and also American Sign
Language Interpreting School in Seattle. I was
blessed with excellent teachers and truly enjoyed
learning ASL and volunteering in the local communities.



I was born and raised in Washington and I plan to stay. I love the summers here and my parents' cabin on the lake is my favorite place to be. I like to swim, wakeboard, kayak, or just lounge on the dock. If I am lucky, all of my family will be there. I have six brothers and twenty-four nieces and nephews. We enjoy getting together as often as we can.

I graduated with a B.S. in Exercise Science from Western Washington University. I try my best to stay healthy and be active. I participated in a Triathlon last summer and I am hoping to do a Half Marathon this spring with my sisters-in-law.

My colleagues have given me a warm welcome here at ODHH and I look forward to getting to know them and working with them.

New Executive Director at Southwest Washington Center of the Deaf and Hard of Hearing

by John Burke, Chair of SWCDHH Board

On behalf of the Board of the Southwest Washington Center of the Deaf and Hard of Hearing (SWCDHH), I am honored to announce that Gerrianne Born Healy has accepted our offer to become the Executive Director of SWCDHH. She was employed in a variety of positions at the Deaf Counseling Advocacy and Referral Agency (DCARA) in northern California for 27 years. She brings a wealth of experience to this position here in the Pacific Northwest. She began her employment with us on January 15, 2010.

Source: Edited/Adapted with permission from John Burke

Court Sign Language Interpreting Standards

by Emily Hill

Last summer, ODHH and the Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC) established a team of individuals representing a variety of stakeholders to develop standards for Sign Language Interpreters in Washington Courts. This team was established so that we could comply with state law and provide the courts

From the fe

From the feedback we have already received, it seems obvious that we are on the right track to making sure that quality interpretation happens in court settings.

with a list of qualified interpreters (RCW 2.42, http://apps.leg. wa.gov/Rcw/default. aspx?Cite=2.42).

We had several very productive meetings from July through October and came up with standards for interpreters to be placed on a list of court

interpreters, identified training needs, and added comments on the standards so that judges and court staff have a better understanding of interpreting and the interpreting process.

Our standards for interpreters split all Sign Language Interpreters into 2 categories. Level I Sign Language Interpreters include those with the highly specialized legal certificate (SC:L – Specialist Certificate: Legal). These interpreters have already gone through legal training and have experience interpreting in legal settings. Level II Sign Language Interpreters include the other national certifications, and have more training requirements to be qualified for court work. Deaf Interpreters (called Intermediary Interpreters) are also identified with similar requirements.

Continued from page 1

postponed indefinitely. We did careful analyses of historical trends and future projections in developing a draft FY11 budget. With fiscal discipline, the ultimate goal is to remain financially stable through June 30, 2011.

Despite the challenge, there are still opportunities. We will be able to move forward with some goals that we have already started working on. In this newsletter, you can read about some of these goals and the hiring of a new employee to fill a vacant position. We will continue the collaborative partnerships with various state agencies. We will be working on a new 'business plan' formerly called, 'strategic plan,' that outlines goals and strategies for the next several years. The 'business plan' will be posted on the website later this spring for public comments. I remain optimistic and confident that ODHH will survive these tough times and emerge as an improved and efficient agency.

The process for developing these standards was a long one, but well worth our time. From the feedback we have already received, it seems obvious that we are on the right track to making sure that quality interpretation happens in court settings.

We are hoping to finish this phase of our project in January of 2010. With the development of the standards, etc., completed, we'll start looking at specific training needs that we've identified, and be able to provide training sessions to interpreters working in court. Our goal is for that training to happen by the end of 2010—at which time we will actually have a list of qualified Sign Language Interpreters for Washington Courts!

resource corner

A New Online Guide to Hearing Aids

On October 20, 2009, the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) launched a new website that will benefit current and potential users of hearing aids. It also contains a list of topics such as cell phones and hearing aids, types of hearing aids, and much more. This is an excellent resource for you to consider before selecting and buying the right hearing aid that will meet your needs.

To read about the consumer update on hearing aids, please go to this: http://www.fda.gov/ForConsumers/ ConsumerUpdates/ucm185723.htm

To get comprehensive wealth of information and topics on hearing aids, please go to: http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/
ProductsandMedicalProcedures/
HomeHealthandConsumer/ConsumerProducts/
HearingAids/default.htm.

Or, you can go to **www.fda.gov** and click on the topics: A-Z, letter "H" then click on Hearing Aids and it will go to this comprehensive webpage on hearing aids.

If you do not have internet access and wish to get hearing aids information in print, please call FDA at (888) 463-6332.



DHHCAN Releases New Consumer Action Guide on Air Travel

Air Travelers to Benefit from New Guidelines



On November 13, 2009 The Deaf and Hard of Hearing Consumer Advocacy Network (DHHCAN) announced a new DHHCAN Consumer Action Guide for Air Travel. This guide is based upon the recent update of the Air Carrier Access Act regulations issued by the U.S. Department of Transportation in May 2009, during one of the most comprehensive overhauls since the Act was enacted in 1990.

It is important that deaf, hard of hearing, late-deafened and deaf-blind travelers are aware of their rights when making reservations, inside the terminal, and onboard the aircraft. The Air Carrier Access Act (ACAA) sets out requirements for disability access at airports and on airlines.

These ACAA rules give protection from discrimination by:

- Prohibiting U.S. and foreign airlines from discriminating against passengers on the basis of disability;
- Requiring airlines to make aircraft, other facilities, and services accessible
- Requiring airlines to take steps to accommodate passengers with a disability.

The DHHCAN Airline Travel Action Guide for 2009 outlines the requirements that information and reservation services be accessible to individuals who are deaf, hard of hearing, and deaf-blind through TTY, Relay Services or other technology. Televisions at airports must have

captions turned on. A traveler who self-identifies that he or she is deaf, hard of hearing or deafblind, has the right to prompt and accessible information throughout the terminal as well as all effective communications with aircraft personnel. Service animals are allowed to accompany a passenger with a disability in the main cabin

of the aircraft. Airlines must assist an individual who requests help moving around within the airport terminal.

Because the airlines have major concerns about their ability to convey safety information to deafblind travelers and to assist them in emergency evacuation, they are permitted to require that a safety assistant accompany the deaf-blind traveler at no extra charge. The action guide provides guidance on filing a complaint if the traveler experiences some form of discrimination. DHHCAN recommends that travelers file complaints with the U.S. Department of Transportation when any of these rules are violated.

The DHHCAN Action Guide on Air Travel is available online both as a summary and as a full document at:

www.tdi-online.org/pdfs/DHHCAN_ AirTravel_2009_guide.pdf

It joins the coalition's Consumer Action Guide on Captioning at:

www.tdi-online.org/pdfs/DHHCAN_ Caption_2009_guide.pdf, which just received its third annual update.

More information on Overview of the Air Carrier Access Act at:

http://assets.opencrs.com/rpts/ RL34047_20090519.pdf

Source: Edited/Adapted for publication purposes with permission from Jim House of Telecommunications for the Deaf, Inc.



CART and Real-time Writing

by Colleen Rozmaryn, ACT Manager

Real-time Writing is a term I have seen lately that is used to include various services that people with hearing loss might use to gain access to oral communication. ODHH staff has been researching various ways that other states provide communication access.

Many of us are aware of how a court reporter uses a special stenograph machine to make a written record of what is said in a courtroom. To meet ADA communication requirements, people with hearing loss are "borrowing" the services of court reporters. Court reporters use their skills during meetings to type the dialogue then project it as Computer Assisted Real-time Translations (CART) onto a screen to be read by anyone to gain communication access. There is a voice recognition version of CART called Voice Writing.

So far we have found two other kinds of Real-time Writing that are used in other states. They use laptop computers instead of stenographic machines, and both would technically fit under the heading of "CART." C-Print® and TypeWell® use their own specialized abbreviation systems to quickly type what they hear, then display it in English on a screen. Consumers can choose between two types of transcription: meaning-for-meaning, similar to American Sign Language (ASL) interpretation, or verbatim transcription, which is word-for- word. C-Print® has its own version of voice recognition as well.



ODHH staff are currently studying certification standards. We will continue our research, possibly finding more types of CART / Real-time Writing. ODHH is considering partnering with other state agencies to research whether there is a need to standardize the provision of CART / Real-time Writing. If you can provide information about any other type of quality Real-time Writing, please send me an E-mail at rozmaic@dshs.wa.gov or call (800) 422-7930 Voice/TTY.

Recent Happenings: "A Taste of Technology"

Taste of Technology Conferences were presented by Washington Relay to Mt. Tahoma High School and the Washington School for the Deaf (WSD) to demonstrate various technologies available to the

Deaf, hard of hearing, deaf-blind and speech disabled. Jerry Cardoso, Sprint Outreach Specialist with Washington Relay, commented, "Taste of Technology presents a fantastic opportunity for high school students to learn about varieties of relay technologies that are available to them as they enter adulthood after graduating high school. It was an eye-opening and educational experience for them." After the conference, Darlene Britzius-Nelson, Student

Life Counselor at WSD, remarked that students were very involved in the discussion of current technologies and what the future may bring.

the

ents were very involved in
what the future may bring.

"It was an eye-opening and educational experience for them."



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Appendix H

Copy of Annual Report





Annual Report

July 2010 to June 2011

Washington State Department of Social and Health Services

Office of the Deaf and Hard of Hearing



ODHH Team

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Bob Lichtenberg Assistant Director

Steve Peck TRS Program Manager

Lien Ngo-Tran Fiscal Officer

Sprint Relay Team

Mike Ellis National TRS Director

John Moore Branch Manager

Liz D'Anna Relay Program Manager

Meredith Engle WA Relay Outreach Contractor



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STATE OF WASHINGTON DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES OFFICE OF THE DEAF AND HARD OF HEARING

Dear Stakeholders,

I am pleased to present our Washington Relay Annual Report covering the provision of Telecommunication Relay Services (TRS) from July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2011. This report reflects our strategic objective to remove telecommunication barriers by providing current and emerging telecommunication services and features.

ODHH has a contract with Sprint to provide traditional Telecommunication Relay Service (TRS) from December 1, 2010 to June 30, 2015. Highlights contained in the Annual Report include mentioning that Sprint Relay Operators average 82 words per minute, which exceeds the Federal Communication Commission (FCC) typing requirement of 60 words per minute. Additionally, ODHH and Sprint collaborate annually on outreach activities to promote public awareness about Washington Relay Services.

Washington Relay statistics demonstrate that there is an 18% decline in traditional TRS minutes and a notable 36% increase in Captioned Telephone Services (CTS) minutes. The decline is due to the increasing usage by consumer of internet-based relay services, which is funded by the Federal Communication Commission (FCC).

ODHH maintains a role as the state's TRS Administrator, reporting to the FCC and monitoring FCC regulatory activities. In the near future, ODHH will submit its' application to the FCC as a TRS Administrator for another 5 years. The WA TRS certification application will be made available for public comments on the FCC website.

Please do not hesitate to contact us if you have any comments or questions about the Washington Relay Annual Report.

Sincerely,

Eric Raff
Eric Raff

ODHH Director

Relay Enhancements

CapTel Software Update

In August 2010, The Captioned Telephone Service provider, CapTel, Inc., provided a software update for CapTel 800 and 800i telephone customers. The notice appeared on the unit's display screen, and customers could automatically update their phones. Instructions were also displayed on the screen throughout the process.

CapTel Customer Service Hours

In June 2011, CapTel, Inc. extended its customer service hours of operation to seven days a week. Hours of operation are Monday-Friday, 7 a.m. to 7 p.m. Central, and Saturday and Sunday 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. Central. Customer service is closed on Easter, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving, Christmas, and New Year's Day.

Washington Relay Statistics

Telecommunications Relay Service

The following charts indicate trends in the annual total number of conversation minutes and calls, call origination, average speed of answer and service level, and contacts with customers. The numbers reflect the traditional relay services (such as TTY, Voice, Spanish TTY and Voice, Voice Carry-Over, Telebraille, and Speech-to-Speech) currently provided by Washington Relay.

See appendix for a complete statistics report.

Conversation Minutes

Figure 1 displays the total monthly conversation minutes processed through Washington Relay. The total of 742,800 minutes includes all aspects of TRS services except Speechto-Speech and CTS, and represents a decrease of 18% as compared to FY10.

| Fig. 1: Conversation Minutes | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|--------|-------|--------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| July | 62,872 | | | | | | | | |
| Aug. | 68,640 | Feb. | 55,909 | | | | | | |
| Sept. | 68,352 | March | 61,382 | | | | | | |
| Oct. | 69,912 | April | 56,026 | | | | | | |
| Nov. | 64,801 | May | 56,665 | | | | | | |
| Dec. | 62,745 | June | 52,605 | | | | | | |

Relayed Call Volume

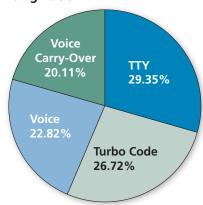
Figure 2 depicts the total number of completed calls processed through Washington Relay. The calls include local, intrastate (both intralata and interlata), interstate, general assistance, toll-free, directory assistance, international, busy ring/no answer, and other call types. Relayed call volume totaled 431,982 calls during this fiscal year and represents a decrease of 21% as compared to FY10.

| Fig. 2: Relayed Call Volume | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--------|-------|--------|--|--|--|--|--|
| July 17,756 Jan. 17,47 | | | | | | | | |
| Aug. | 18,869 | Feb. | 14,880 | | | | | |
| Sept. | 18,616 | March | 15,353 | | | | | |
| Oct. | 18,240 | April | 15,144 | | | | | |
| Nov. | 17,077 | May | 16,704 | | | | | |
| Dec. | 16,815 | June | 14,940 | | | | | |

Call Origination

On average, TTY and Turbo Code consumers originated approximately 56% of the Washington Relay calls. Figure 3 shows call type by percentage.

Fig. 3: Call Origination



ASCII: 0.38%, Hearing Carry-Over: 0.21%, Deaf-Blind: 0.45%

Average Speed of Answer and Service Level

Figure 4 illustrates that Washington Relay has once again exceeded the speed of answer requirement throughout the year. Speed of answer identifies the number of seconds required to answer a call. The daily requirement is that 85% of all calls be answered within 10 seconds.

The Average Speed of Answer (ASA) for this fiscal year was 1.29 seconds and the Service Level (SVL) was 95.3% of calls were answered within 10 seconds.

| Fig. 4: ASA and SVL | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|--|--|--|--|--|
| Month ASA SVL Month ASA SVL | | | | | | | | | | |
| July | 1.1 | 96% | Jan. | 1.3 | 95% | | | | | |
| Aug. | 1.1 | 96% | Feb. | 2.0 | 93% | | | | | |
| Sept. | 1.1 | 96% | March | 1.3 | 95% | | | | | |
| Oct. | 1.3 | 95% | April | 1.1 | 96% | | | | | |
| Nov. | 1.4 | 95% | May | 1.1 | 96% | | | | | |
| Dec. | 1.5 | 95% | June | 1.2 | 95% | | | | | |

FCC Annual Customer Contact Log

Washington Relay Customer Service handled customer contacts such as:

- Customer database profiles
- Technical issues
- Operator performance
- Informational materials
- Customer commendations

Each request from a relay user is given full attention and every effort is made to satisfy the customer. Figure 5 illustrates the number of commendations and complaints as well as inquiries. Annually, Sprint collaborates with the Office of the Deaf and Hard of Hearing (ODHH) to prepare and submit the Annual Customer Contact Log Report to the Federal Communications Commission (FCC).

See appendix for further information.

| Fig. 5: TRS Customer Contacts | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------|------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Month | Commendations | Complaints | Inquiries | | | | | |
| June | 1 | 0 | 143 | | | | | |
| July | 1 | 1 | 136 | | | | | |
| Aug. | 1 | 0 | 48 | | | | | |
| Sept. | 4 | 2 | 156 | | | | | |
| Oct. | 4 | 1 | 8 | | | | | |
| Nov. | 1 | 1 | 0 | | | | | |
| Dec. | 0 | 1 | 26 | | | | | |
| Jan. | 0 5 | | 46 | | | | | |
| Feb. | 4 | 1 | 34 | | | | | |
| March | 1 | 1 | 46 | | | | | |
| April | April 4 | | 37 | | | | | |
| May | 6 | 0 | 30 | | | | | |
| TOTAL | 27 | 13 | 710 | | | | | |

Captioned Telephone Service

The following charts indicate trends in the annual total number of conversation minutes and calls, call origination and contacts with customers. The numbers reflect the Captioned Telephone Service (CTS) currently provided by Washington Relay.

Conversation Minutes

A breakdown of monthly minutes is shown in Figure 6. The total for this fiscal year was 680,570 CTS conversation minutes, a significant increase of 36% from FY10.

| Fig. 6: CTS Conversation Minutes | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--------|-------|--------|--|--|--|--|--|
| July | 50,741 | Jan. | 63,309 | | | | | |
| Aug. | 48,524 | Feb. | 53,412 | | | | | |
| Sept. | 45,653 | March | 61,712 | | | | | |
| Oct. | 53,289 | April | 57,045 | | | | | |
| Nov. | 64,977 | May | 59,596 | | | | | |
| Dec. | 64,886 | June | 57,427 | | | | | |

Call Volume

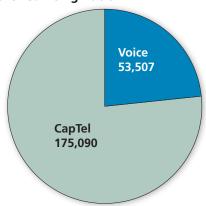
A total of 228,597 CTS calls were generated this fiscal year. A breakdown of monthly call volume is displayed in Figure 7, which represents an increase of 34% from FY10.

| Fig. 7: CTS Call Volume | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|------------------------|-------|--------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| July | July 16,305 Jan. 20,68 | | | | | | | | |
| Aug. | 15,649 | Feb. | 18,337 | | | | | | |
| Sept. | 15,383 | March | 21,456 | | | | | | |
| Oct. | 18,333 | April | 19,257 | | | | | | |
| Nov. | 20,804 | May | 20,399 | | | | | | |
| Dec. | 21,558 | June | 20,427 | | | | | | |

Call Origination

Figure 8 indicates that most Washington Relay CTS calls were initiated by CTS users.

Fig.8: CapTel Call Origination



FCC Annual Customer Contact Log

Sprint collaborates with the Office of the Deaf and Hard of Hearing (ODHH) to prepare and submit the Annual Customer Contact Log Report to the FCC.

| Fig. 9: CTS Customer Contacts | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------|------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Month | Commendations | Complaints | Inquiries | | | | | |
| June | 1 | 0 | 20 | | | | | |
| July | 1 | 1 | 16 | | | | | |
| Aug. | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | | |
| Sept. | 0 | 0 | 18 | | | | | |
| Oct. | 1 | 1 | 0 | | | | | |
| Nov. | 4 | 0 | 0 | | | | | |
| Dec. | 0 | 11 | 0 | | | | | |
| Jan. | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | | |
| Feb. | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | | |
| March | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | | |
| April | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | | |
| May | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | | |
| TOTAL | 7 | 12 | 54 | | | | | |

Outreach Education

Washington Relay products and services were promoted via the "Don't Hang Up" postcard campaign, Washington Relay's website, brochures, instructional and marketing flyers, and e-mails. A biannual newsletter providing CTS tips, announcements, and other useful information was also distributed. Outreach was directed to specific organizations such as Speech-to-Speech and Hearing Loss Association.

Outreach Activities

Washington Relay promoted relay service awareness through product and service demonstrations, presentations and materials throughout the state as well as through sponsorship of events from January 2011 to June 2011. Outreach education was provided by the Office of the Deaf and Hard of Hearing staff, a Washington Relay subcontractor, and the Sprint Relay staff.

Activities included exhibitions and/or presentations for:

- Speech pathologists
- Senior citizens, including those with low vision
- People with speech disabilities
- Junior high students and their families
- Military retirees
- American Sign Language teachers

See appendix for a complete list of outreach activities.





CTS Public Service Announcements

Between August 16 and October 18, 2010, Washington Relay promoted CTS by airing a televised public service announcement (PSA) 1,160 times in the Seattle-Tacoma, Spokane, and Yakima-Pasco-Richland-Kennewick areas. The campaign was jointly funded by Washington Relay and CapTel, Inc. and was broadcast on major networks during high-visibility programs such as:

- The Today Show
- The Ellen DeGeneres Show
- Oprah
- Judge Joe Brown
- The Tyra Banks Show
- Good Morning America
- The View
- Rachael Ray
- Good Morning Northwest
- LIVE! with Regis & Kelly
- The Young and the Restless
- Let's Make a Deal
- Dr. Phil
- Judge Judy
- Days of Our Lives
- Local news shows

Don't Hang Up

In an attempt to educate government agencies, regional service centers, banks and schools about not hanging up on relay calls, a "Don't Hang Up" postcard was distributed. In February, packets of 100 postcards each were sent to the following organizations:

- Hearing, Speech, & Deafness Center (HSDC)-Seattle
- HSDC-Bellingham (North Sound)
- HSDC-Tacoma (South Sound)
- Southwest Washington Center of the Deaf and Hard of Hearing (SWCDHH)–Vancouver
- South Eastern Washington Service Center of the Deaf and Hard of Hearing (SEWSCDHH)- Pasco
- SEWSCDHH-Yakima
- Eastern Washington Center for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing (EWCDHH)-Spokane



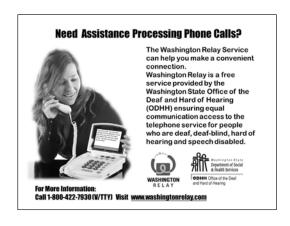
Literature

From April to June 2011, flyers about speech-to-speech and captioned telephone relay services, including Spanish CTS, were revised.



Advertisement

To advertise the Washington Relay service, a half-page advertisement with the caption, "Need assistance processing phone calls?" was published in the Summer 2011 issue of the Hearing Loss Association-WA Sound Waves newsletter.



Appendix A: TRS Statistics

| TOTAL CALL VOLUME | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | March | April | May | June | TOTAL |
|---------------------------|------------|---------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|
| TTY-Baudot | 4,97 7 | 4,853 | 5,258 | 5,986 | 5,074 | 4,625 | 4,830 | 4,334 | 4,048 | 4,355 | 5,376 | 5,003 | 58,719 |
| Turbo Code | 4,93 3 | 5,072 | 4,839 | 4,452 | 4,670 | 4,900 | 4,735 | 4,524 | 4,290 | 3,765 | 3,874 | 3,453 | 53,507 |
| ASCII | 116 | 93 | 48 | 41 | 64 | 66 | 52 | 34 | 51 | 56 | 55 | 86 | 762 |
| Voice | 3,85 2 | 4,679 | 4,385 | 3,806 | 3,847 | 3,778 | 4,490 | 3,063 | 3,290 | 3,527 | 3,872 | 3,252 | 45,841 |
| vco | 3,61 6 | 3,971 | 3,848 | 3,825 | 3,226 | 3,311 | 3,118 | 2,563 | 3,399 | 3,202 | 3,330 | 2,932 | 40,341 |
| нсо | 39 | 43 | 30 | 21 | 34 | 13 | 41 | 26 | 31 | 16 | 8 | 43 | 345 |
| Deaf/Blind ASCII | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Deaf/Blind Baudot | 121 | 70 | 76 | 33 | 88 | 47 | 59 | 80 | 80 | 97 | 79 | 60 | 890 |
| Spanish Users | 2 | 5 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 31 |
| Speech to Speech | 100 | 83 | 126 | 75 | 73 | 72 | 146 | 253 | 162 | 124 | 108 | 108 | 1,430 |
| TOTAL | 17,7 56 | 18,869 | 18,616 | 18,240 | 17,077 | 16,815 | 17,472 | 14,880 | 15,353 | 15,144 | 16,704 | 14,940 | 201,866 |
| % PERCENTAGE OF | CALLS | | | | | | | | | | | | AVG. |
| ТТҮ | 28.1 9% | 25.84% | 28.45% | 32.96% | 29.84% | 27.63% | 27.88% | 29.64% | 26.65% | 29.00% | 32.40% | 33.74% | 29.35% |
| Turbo Code | 27.9 4% | 27.01% | 26.18% | 24.51% | 27.47% | 29.27% | 27.33% | 30.94% | 28.24% | 25.07% | 23.35% | 23.29% | 26.72% |
| ASCII | 0.66 | 0.50% | 0.26% | 0.23% | 0.38% | 0.39% | 0.30% | 0.23% | 0.34% | 0.37% | 0.33% | 0.58% | 0.38% |
| Voice | 21.8 2% | 24.91% | 23.72% | 20.95% | 22.63% | 22.57% | 25.92% | 20.95% | 21.66% | 23.49% | 23.33% | 21.93% | 22.82% |
| vco | 20.4 8% | 21.14% | 20.82% | 21.06% | 18.97% | 19.78% | 18.00% | 17.53% | 22.38% | 21.32% | 20.07% | 19.77% | 20.11% |
| нсо | 0.22 | 0.23% | 0.16% | 0.12% | 0.20% | 0.08% | 0.24% | 0.18% | 0.20% | 0.11% | 0.50% | 0.29% | 0.21% |
| D/B ASCII/ BAUDOT/STS | 0.69 % | 0.37% | 0.41% | 0.18% | 0.52% | 0.28% | 0.34% | 0.55% | 0.53% | 0.65% | 0.48% | 0.40% | 0.45% |
| TOTAL NUMBERS OF | F COMPI | LETED RELAYED | CALLS | | | | | | | | | | TOTAL |
| Local | 10,5 99 | 11,354 | 11,143 | 10,837 | 10,350 | 10,168 | 10,110 | 9,120 | 9,446 | 9,383 | 10,369 | 9,584 | 122,463 |
| Intrastate (Intralata) | 247 | 370 | 374 | 266 | 324 | 278 | 508 | 359 | 379 | 348 | 484 | 315 | 4,252 |
| Intrastate (Interlata) | 1,02 6 | 682 | 650 | 706 | 635 | 842 | 733 | 288 | 310 | 542 | 584 | 565 | 7,563 |
| Interstate | 967 | 976 | 1,014 | 986 | 830 | 819 | 723 | 700 | 731 | 646 | 632 | 482 | 9,506 |
| Toll Free | 1,46 6 | 1,531 | 1,565 | 1,415 | 1,327 | 1,225 | 1,438 | 1,309 | 1,346 | 1,231 | 1,091 | 1,108 | 16,052 |
| Directory Assistance | 89 | 95 | 111 | 77 | 115 | 122 | 111 | 88 | 87 | 61 | 90 | 75 | 1,121 |
| 900 (Attempted) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| International | 14 | 8 | 12 | 4 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 20 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 72 |

| Marine (Attempted) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| Other calls | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| General Assistance | 19,9 46 | 19,802 | 18,983 | 20,582 | 20,184 | 21,118 | 20,547 | 16,550 | 18,822 | 18,820 | 18,117 | 18,107 | 231,578 |
| Busy Ring No Answer | 3,24 6 | 3,765 | 3,615 | 3,872 | 3,422 | 3,283 | 3,699 | 2,758 | 2,870 | 2,805 | 3,343 | 2,697 | 39,375 |
| TOTAL Relayed Calls | 37,6 00 | 38,583 | 37,467 | 38,745 | 37,187 | 37,858 | 37,872 | 31,174 | 34,011 | 33,838 | 34,711 | 32,936 | 431,982 |
| MINUTES OF SERVICE | Έ | | | | | | | | | | | | TOTAL |
| Total Minutes | 62,8 89.9 0 | 68,639.73 | 68,351.60 | 69,912.47 | 64,801.27 | 62,744.58 | 62,872.07 | 55,909.05 | 61,381.63 | 56,026.40 | 56,665.33 | 52,605.47 | 742,800 |
| Less Interstate Min | 6,03 5.43 | 6,191.03 | 5,711.55 | 7,649.53 | 4,479.65 | 4,251.25 | 4,245.88 | 3,873.55 | 4,239.30 | 3,991.58 | 3,242.03 | 2,944.07 | 56,855 |
| Less Interstate DA Min | 31.5 0 | 24.88 | 29.07 | 19.13 | 34.63 | 20.67 | 58.40 | 17.63 | 21.60 | 11.78 | 18.28 | 24.57 | 312 |
| Less International | 56.0 5 | 74.80 | 38.50 | 0.47 | 0.00 | 2.03 | 26.22 | 1.40 | 86.97 | 7.40 | 0.20 | 21.83 | 316 |
| Less Toll-Free Asst Min | 7,68 4.78 | 8,157.27 | 9,246.90 | 8,310.61 | 7,572.01 | 6,842.59 | 7,213.30 | 6,919.48 | 7,302.07 | 6,514.70 | 5,630.55 | 5,333.39 | 86,728 |
| Less 900 Assistant Min | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 |
| STS Billable Minutes | 502. 25 | 357.97 | 466.04 | 452.48 | 441.35 | 376.52 | 345.88 | 498.20 | 530.71 | 412.04 | 294.86 | 563.90 | 5,242 |
| | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | March | April | May | June | TOTAL |
| WA Total Billable Min | 49,5 84.3 8 | 54,549.71 | 53,791.62 | 54,385.20 | 53,156.32 | 52,004.56 | 51,674.14 | 45,595.18 | 50,262.40 | 45,912.98 | 47,659.66 | 44,845.51 | 603,422 |
| Total Billed to State | 58,5 | | l . | l | I | | | | 1 | | | I | |
| Total Billed to State | 09.5 7 | 64,368.66 | 63,474.11 | 64,174.54 | 62,724.46 | 54,604.79 | 54,257.85 | 47,874.94 | 52,775.52 | 48,208.63 | 50,042.64 | 47,087.79 | 668,103 |
| NUMBER OF CALLS | 7 | | 63,474.11 | 64,174.54 | 62,724.46 | 54,604.79 | 54,257.85 | 47,874.94 | 52,775.52 | 48,208.63 | 50,042.64 | 47,087.79 | 668,103 TOTAL |
| | 7 | | 63,474.11 32,001 | 64,174.54 32,764 | 62,724.46 32,432 | 54,604.79 33,252 | 54,257.85 32,775 | 47,874.94 27,457 | 52,775.52 30,173 | 48,208.63 29,655 | 29,617 | 47,087.79 28,596 | |
| NUMBER OF CALLS | 7 TO REL 32,4 | AY | | | | | | | | | | | TOTAL |
| NUMBER OF CALLS Offered | 7 TO REL 32,4 17 31,7 | AY 33,349 | 32,001 | 32,764 | 32,432 | 33,252 | 32,775 | 27,457 | 30,173 | 29,655 | 29,617 | 28,596 | TOTAL 374,488 |
| NUMBER OF CALLS Offered Answered | 32,4 17 31,7 16 | 33,349 32,753 | 32,001 31,340 | 32,764 | 32,432 31,647 | 33,252 | 32,775 31,996 | 27,457 | 30,173 | 29,655 | 29,617 29,080 | 28,596 27,973 | TOTAL 374,488 366,031 |
| NUMBER OF CALLS Offered Answered In Queue Abandoned in | 32,4 17 31,7 16 32,4 17 | 33,349 32,753 33,349 | 32,001 31,340 32,001 | 32,764 32,044 32,764 | 32,432 31,647 32,432 | 33,252 32,380 33,252 | 32,775 31,996 32,755 | 27,457 26,520 27,457 | 30,173 29,420 30,173 | 29,655 29,162 29,655 | 29,617 29,080 29,617 | 28,596 27,973 28,596 | TOTAL 374,488 366,031 374,468 |
| NUMBER OF CALLS Offered Answered In Queue Abandoned in Queue Weekend | 7 TO REL. 32,4 17 31,7 16 32,4 17 701 | 33,349 32,753 33,349 596 | 32,001 31,340 32,001 661 | 32,764 32,044 32,764 720 | 32,432 31,647 32,432 785 | 33,252 32,380 33,252 872 | 32,775 31,996 32,755 759 | 27,457 26,520 27,457 | 30,173 29,420 30,173 753 | 29,655 29,162 29,655 493 | 29,617 29,080 29,617 537 | 28,596 27,973 28,596 623 | TOTAL 374,488 366,031 374,468 8,437 |
| NUMBER OF CALLS Offered Answered In Queue Abandoned in Queue Weekend average Weekday | 7 TO REL. 32,4 17 31,7 16 32,4 17 701 841 1,36 | 33,349 32,753 33,349 596 858 | 32,001 31,340 32,001 661 | 32,764 32,044 32,764 720 | 32,432 31,647 32,432 785 | 33,252 32,380 33,252 872 916 | 32,775 31,996 32,755 759 | 27,457 26,520 27,457 937 | 30,173 29,420 30,173 753 | 29,655 29,162 29,655 493 860 | 29,617 29,080 29,617 537 | 28,596 27,973 28,596 623 | TOTAL 374,488 366,031 374,468 8,437 |
| NUMBER OF CALLS Offered Answered In Queue Abandoned in Queue Weekend average Weekday average | 32,4 17 31,7 16 32,4 17 701 841 1,36 5 | 33,349 32,753 33,349 596 858 1,403 | 32,001 31,340 32,001 661 876 | 32,764 32,044 32,764 720 939 | 32,432 31,647 32,432 785 835 | 33,252 32,380 33,252 872 916 | 32,775 31,996 32,755 759 902 1,374 | 27,457 26,520 27,457 937 782 | 30,173 29,420 30,173 753 736 | 29,655 29,162 29,655 493 860 1,243 | 29,617 29,080 29,617 537 823 | 28,596 27,973 28,596 623 723 | TOTAL 374,488 366,031 374,468 8,437 10,091 15,830 |
| NUMBER OF CALLS Offered Answered In Queue Abandoned in Queue Weekend average Weekday average Inbound Outbound/ | 7 TO REL 32,4 17 31,7 16 32,4 17 701 841 1,36 5 32,2 54 37,6 | 33,349 32,753 33,349 596 858 1,403 32,903 | 32,001 31,340 32,001 661 876 1,388 | 32,764 32,044 32,764 720 939 1,398 | 32,432 31,647 32,432 785 835 1,387 31,766 | 33,252 32,380 33,252 872 916 1,328 | 32,775 31,996 32,755 759 902 1,374 32,235 | 27,457 26,520 27,457 937 782 1,246 | 30,173 29,420 30,173 753 736 1,223 29,594 | 29,655 29,162 29,655 493 860 1,243 29,253 | 29,617 29,080 29,617 537 823 1,241 29,182 | 28,596 27,973 28,596 623 723 1,234 28,094 | TOTAL 374,488 366,031 374,468 8,437 10,091 15,830 368,352 |
| NUMBER OF CALLS Offered Answered In Queue Abandoned in Queue Weekend average Weekday average Inbound Outbound/ Completed | 7 TO REL. 32,4 17 31,7 16 32,4 17 701 841 1,36 5 32,2 54 37,6 00 | 33,349 32,753 33,349 596 858 1,403 32,903 38,583 0 | 32,001 31,340 32,001 661 876 1,388 31,476 | 32,764 32,044 32,764 720 939 1,398 32,181 38,745 | 32,432 31,647 32,432 785 835 1,387 31,766 | 33,252 32,380 33,252 872 916 1,328 32,587 | 32,775 31,996 32,755 759 902 1,374 32,235 37,872 | 27,457 26,520 27,457 937 782 1,246 26,827 | 30,173 29,420 30,173 753 736 1,223 29,594 34,011 | 29,655 29,162 29,655 493 860 1,243 29,253 33,838 | 29,617 29,080 29,617 537 823 1,241 29,182 34,711 | 28,596 27,973 28,596 623 723 1,234 28,094 | TOTAL 374,488 366,031 374,468 8,437 10,091 15,830 368,352 431,982 |
| NUMBER OF CALLS Offered Answered In Queue Abandoned in Queue Weekend average Weekday average Inbound Outbound/ Completed Blockage | 7 TO REL. 32,4 17 31,7 16 32,4 17 701 841 1,36 5 32,2 54 37,6 00 | 33,349 32,753 33,349 596 858 1,403 32,903 38,583 0 | 32,001 31,340 32,001 661 876 1,388 31,476 | 32,764 32,044 32,764 720 939 1,398 32,181 38,745 | 32,432 31,647 32,432 785 835 1,387 31,766 | 33,252 32,380 33,252 872 916 1,328 32,587 | 32,775 31,996 32,755 759 902 1,374 32,235 37,872 | 27,457 26,520 27,457 937 782 1,246 26,827 | 30,173 29,420 30,173 753 736 1,223 29,594 34,011 | 29,655 29,162 29,655 493 860 1,243 29,253 33,838 | 29,617 29,080 29,617 537 823 1,241 29,182 34,711 | 28,596 27,973 28,596 623 723 1,234 28,094 | TOTAL 374,488 366,031 374,468 8,437 10,091 15,830 368,352 431,982 |
| NUMBER OF CALLS Offered Answered In Queue Abandoned in Queue Weekend average Weekday average Inbound Outbound/ Completed Blockage AVERAGE LENGTH O | 7 TO REL. 32,4 17 31,7 16 32,4 17 701 841 1,36 5 32,2 54 37,6 00 0 | 33,349 32,753 33,349 596 858 1,403 32,903 38,583 0 BY DEVICE | 32,001 31,340 32,001 661 876 1,388 31,476 37,467 | 32,764 32,044 32,764 720 939 1,398 32,181 38,745 | 32,432 31,647 32,432 785 835 1,387 31,766 37,187 | 33,252 32,380 33,252 872 916 1,328 32,587 37,858 | 32,775 31,996 32,755 759 902 1,374 32,235 37,872 0 | 27,457 26,520 27,457 937 782 1,246 26,827 31,174 | 30,173 29,420 30,173 753 736 1,223 29,594 34,011 | 29,655 29,162 29,655 493 860 1,243 29,253 33,838 0 | 29,617 29,080 29,617 537 823 1,241 29,182 34,711 0 | 28,596 27,973 28,596 623 723 1,234 28,094 32,936 | TOTAL 374,488 366,031 374,468 8,437 10,091 15,830 368,352 431,982 0 AVG. |

| Total | 297 | 339 | 331 | 370 | 307 | 362 | 341 | 311 | 320 | 285 | 322 | 295 | 3,880 |
|----------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| Inquiries/Other | 16 | 0 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 34 |
| Referred to LEC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Equipment Referral | 3 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 32 |
| Send Info | 4 | 5 | 4 | 7 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 45 |
| Instructions/General | 9 | 4 | 11 | 26 | 22 | 18 | 2 | 4 | 11 | 2 | 3 | 23 | 135 |
| Complaints | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 |
| Commendations | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 9 |
| стѕ | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Inquiries/Other | 156 | 194 | 180 | 204 | 168 | 200 | 192 | 175 | 181 | 161 | 179 | 164 | 2154 |
| Referred to LEC | 54 | 77 | 66 | 79 | 64 | 75 | 86 | 65 | 70 | 69 | 67 | 56 | 828 |
| Equipment Referral | 15 | 14 | 13 | 8 | 9 | 22 | 9 | 19 | 12 | 13 | 11 | 7 | 152 |
| Send Info | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 6 |
| Instructions/General | 34 | 39 | 30 | 34 | 30 | 30 | 39 | 40 | 40 | 30 | 50 | 30 | 426 |
| Complaints | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 14 |
| Commendations | 1 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 4 | 6 | 3 | 32 |
| TRS | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CUSTOMER CONTAC | TS | | | | | | | | | | | | TOTAL |
| Monthly Avg. | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 2.0 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.3 |
| Service Level | 96% | 96% | 96% | 95% | 95% | 95% | 95% | 93% | 95% | 96% | 96% | 95% | 95% |
| SPEED OF ANSWER | | | | | | | | | | | | | AVG. |
| Avg Conversation Length | 1.96 | 2.09 | 2.18 | 2.18 | 2.05 | 1.93 | 1.96 | 2.11 | 2.09 | 1.93 | 1.94 | 1.88 | 2.03 |
| Speech to Speech | 8.72 | 5.72 | 8.85 | 8.38 | 6.86 | 8.33 | 6.27 | 8.24 | 8.32 | 7.25 | 6.29 | 9.92 | 7.76 |
| Deaf/Blind Baudot Calls | 7.74 | 5.32 | 3.69 | 2.36 | 4.38 | 4.19 | 3.68 | 3.37 | 7.49 | 3.82 | 5.09 | 3.39 | 4.54 |
| Deaf/Blind ASCII Calls | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| нсо | 6.38 | 5.95 | 7.26 | 7.07 | 6.30 | 3.63 | 6.22 | 3.52 | 6.11 | 6.00 | 6.88 | 6.06 | 5.95 |
| vco | 4.41 | 4.13 | 4.52 | 5.21 | 4.79 | 4.52 | 4.67 | 4.77 | 4.67 | 4.63 | 4.22 | 4.71 | 4.60 |
| VOICE | 2.04 | 1.67 | 1.59 | 1.61 | 1.88 | 1.73 | 1.52 | 1.87 | 2.01 | 1.96 | 1.71 | 1.99 | 1.80 |

Appendix B: Captioned Telephone Service Statistics

| | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | March | April | May | June | |
|----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------------|
| CapTel Traffic F | atterns | | | | | | | | | | | | YTD Avg |
| Call In | 13,002 | 12,060 | 11,998 | 13,890 | 15,717 | 16,111 | 16,032 | 14,225 | 16,825 | 14,662 | 15,218 | 15,350 | 14,591 |
| Voice In | 3,303 | 3,589 | 3,385 | 4,443 | 5,087 | 5,447 | 4,657 | 4,112 | 4,631 | 4,595 | 5,181 | 5,077 | 4,459 |
| Total Calls | 16,305 | 15,649 | 15,383 | 18,333 | 20,804 | 21,558 | 20,689 | 18,337 | 21,456 | 19,257 | 20,399 | 20,427 | 19,050 |
| Minutes of Serv | ice | | | | | | | | | | | | Total Minutes |
| 900 Calls | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Answer Machine | 170.76 | 233.78 | 215.33 | 337.67 | 244.46 | 241.18 | 161.77 | 233.05 | 307.64 | 335.35 | 307.92 | 298.14 | 3,087 |
| In 2 Line (89%) | 5,735.65 | 4,721.69 | 4,294.94 | 4,923.97 | 6,517.52 | 5,981.22 | 6,386.19 | 4,563.53 | 5,221.97 | 5,182.92 | 6,071.73 | 5,244.32 | 64,846 |
| Inter-state | 11,504.62 | 10,524.51 | 8,513.45 | 11,312.43 | 11,909.96 | 13,741.93 | 12,346.43 | 10,832.51 | 12,421.19 | 11,634.96 | 12,883.14 | 12,334.48 | 139,960 |
| Intrastate | 26,987.86 | 26,685.11 | 26,687.42 | 30,494.60 | 37,871.41 | 37,505.41 | 36,148.46 | 31,840.21 | 34,742.08 | 33,025.63 | 32,880.48 | 32,700.64 | 387,569 |
| Toll Free (49%) | 5,822.15 | 5,798.62 | 5,491.36 | 5,602.32 | 7,704.95 | 6,823.30 | 7,178.01 | 5,490.54 | 8,206.58 | 6,434.85 | 6,927.16 | 6,434.67 | 77,915 |
| General Assistance | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 |
| Others | 510.12 | 514.64 | 391.25 | 553.98 | 705.31 | 540.07 | 1,037.28 | 438.69 | 794.98 | 389.28 | 417.91 | 372.48 | 6,666 |
| International | 9.40 | 45.47 | 59.10 | 64.05 | 23.30 | 52.65 | 50.94 | 13.63 | 18.30 | 41.52 | 107.16 | 42.48 | 528 |
| Total Conversation Minutes | 50,740.56 | 48,523.82 | 45,652.85 | 53,289.02 | 64,976.91 | 64,885.76 | 63,309.08 | 53,412.16 | 61,712.74 | 57,044.51 | 59,595.50 | 57,427.21 | 680,570 |
| Number of Calls | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | Total Calls |
| 900 Call | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Answer Machine | 125 | 154 | 161 | 255 | 189 | 178 | 140 | 176 | 262 | 240 | 251 | 235 | 2,366 |
| General Assistance | 2,443 | 2,247 | 2,237 | 2,781 | 3,277 | 3,407 | 3,793 | 2,937 | 3,201 | 2,578 | 2,805 | 2,799 | 34,505 |
| 2 Line | 1,205 | 1,161 | 1,035 | 1,356 | 1,658 | 1,551 | 1,508 | 1,219 | 1,434 | 1,291 | 1,462 | 1,439 | 16,319 |
| International | 18 | 19 | 10 | 11 | 19 | 27 | 27 | 14 | 17 | 23 | 26 | 16 | 227 |
| Inter-state | 1,894 | 1,681 | 1,558 | 1,740 | 1,791 | 2,186 | 1,735 | 1,734 | 2,162 | 2,033 | 2,022 | 2,170 | 22,706 |
| Intrastate | 9,200 | 9,125 | 9,137 | 10,801 | 12,058 | 12,457 | 11,679 | 10,792 | 12,443 | 11,437 | 12,091 | 12,083 | 133,303 |
| Others | 269 | 244 | 198 | 286 | 360 | 337 | 426 | 230 | 305 | 290 | 217 | 262 | 3,424 |
| Toll Free | 1,150 | 1,018 | 1,046 | 1,103 | 1,452 | 1,415 | 1,380 | 1,235 | 1,632 | 1,365 | 1,525 | 1,423 | 15,744 |
| Total | 16,305 | 15,649 | 15,383 | 18,333 | 20,804 | 21,558 | 20,689 | 18,337 | 21,456 | 19,257 | 20,399 | 20,427 | 228,597 |

| Billable Minutes | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | YTD Avg |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| Less Interstate Billable Min | 11,504.62 | 10,524.51 | 8,513.45 | 11,312.43 | 11,909.96 | 13,741.93 | 12,346.43 | 10,832.51 | 12,421.19 | 11,634.96 | 12,883.14 | 12,334.48 | 11,663 |
| Less Toll Free | 2,969.30 | 2,957.30 | 2,800.59 | 2,857.18 | 3,929.52 | 3,479.88 | 3,660.79 | 2,800.18 | 4,185.36 | 3,281.77 | 3,532.85 | 3,281.68 | 3,311 |
| Less in 2 line Conversation Minutes | 630.92 | 519.39 | 472.44 | 541.64 | 716.93 | 657.93 | 702.48 | 501.99 | 574.42 | 570.12 | 667.89 | 576.88 | 594 |
| Less International | 9.40 | 45.47 | 59.10 | 64.05 | 23.30 | 52.65 | 50.94 | 13.63 | 18.30 | 41.52 | 107.16 | 42.48 | 44 |
| Spanish Billable Minutes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Billable to Washington State | 35,626.32 | 34,477.15 | 33,807.27 | 38,513.72 | 48,397.20 | 46,953.37 | 46,548.44 | 39,263.85 | 44,513.47 | 41,516.14 | 42,404.46 | 41,191.69 | 41,101 |
| Billable to NECA | 15,114.24 | 14,046.67 | 11,845.58 | 14,775.30 | 16,579.71 | 17,932.39 | 16,760.64 | 14,148.31 | 17,199.27 | 15,528.37 | 17,191.04 | 16,235.52 | 15,613 |
| Total | 50,740.56 | 48,523.82 | 45,652.85 | 53,289.02 | 64,976.91 | 64,885.76 | 63,309.08 | 53,412.16 | 61,712.74 | 57,044.51 | 59,595.50 | 57,427.21 | 56,714 |
| Grand Totals | | | | | | | | | | | | | YTD Totals |
| Billable Washington State Minutes | 35,626 | 34,477 | 33,807 | 38,514 | 48,397 | 46,953 | 46,548 | 39,264 | 44,513 | 41,516 | 42,404 | 41,192 | 493,213 |

Appendix C: Outreach Activities

| Date | Event Name | City | Presenter Names | Product | Other Products | Target Audience | # of Participants | Showed | Giveaways | |
|-------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|---|---------------------|-------------------|---|--|---|--|--|
| July- December | Outreach educa | tion was not con | ducted between | July 1, 2010 an | d November 30, | 2010, due to contract i | negotiations. | 1 | | |
| Date | Event Name | City | Presenter Names | Product | Other Products | Target Audience | # of Participants | Showed | Giveaways | |
| | Peds Needs Fair | Mountlake Terrace | Meredith Engle | STS | N/A | Speech pathologists | 35 | Exhibit/ Presentation | Brochures, mouse pads, pens, cell phone holders | |
| 1/29 | | Re | eason for Outread | :h | | | Sun | nmary of Event | | |
| | Community good | dwill and Speech | n-to-Speech awa | reness. | | Presentations were s Relay had an audien | set up in 15-minu ice of eight during | te increments for g our allotted pres | roducts and services. each vendor. Washington sentation time. Other people ding a few parents who | |
| Date | Event Name | City | Presenter Names | Product | Other Products | Target Audience | # of Participants | Showed | Giveaways | |
| | Federal Way Middle School | Federal Way | Steve Peck and Meredith Engle | TRS | N/A | 6th-9th grade Deaf and Hard of Hearing students | 12 | Presentation | Brochures, "green" collapsible tote bags, pens, and mouse pads | |
| 2/4 | | Re | eason for Outread | :h | | Summary of Event | | | | |
| | Community good | dwill and brand i | recognition. | | | The event was part of the mini-HS TOT designated for Deaf and Hard of Hearing students. Students from Rogers Jr. High gathered in their classrooms to learn about WA Relay services and observe an Internet-based relay demonstration with videophone and cell phone technology. Sports bags with information for students' parents were given out at the end of class. | | | | |
| Date | Event Name | City | Presenter Names | Product | Other Products | Target Audience | # of Participants | Showed | Giveaways | |
| | Make Life Easier Fair | Burien | Lorraine Olin and Meredith Engle | стѕ | N/A | Senior citizens with hearing loss 30 Presentation Brochures and per | | | | |
| 2/9 | | Re | eason for Outread | :h | | | Sun | nmary of Event | | |
| | Community goo | dwill and brand r | recognition. | | | There were several vand services for the | vendors who atte residents at this s | nded and provide senior living facilit | neir "Make Life Easier Fair." Id information on their products y. TED provided a cluding Washington Relay | |
| Date | Event Name | City | Presenter Names | Product | Other Products | Target Audience | # of Participants | Showed | Giveaways | |
| | Teacher's Meeting | Tacoma | Meredith Engle | Speech pathologists | 25 | Presentation | Brochures, pens and information packets | | | |
| 2/24 | | Re | eason for Outread | :h | | | Sun | nmary of Event | | |
| | Community good | dwill and brand i | ecognition. | | | | acoma Teachers | Admiration Build | entation for speech ing. The one-hour presentation were handed out at the end of | |

| Date | Event Name | City | Presenter Names | Product | Other Products | Target Audience | # of Participants | Showed | Giveaways | | |
|------|--|-------------------|----------------------|---------|-------------------|--|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| | Hearing Loss Assoc. Renton Chapter | Renton | Penny Allen | стѕ | N/A | Hard of Hearing senior citizens | 25 | Presentation | Brochures, pens and information packets | | |
| 3/11 | | Re | eason for Outread | h | <u>'</u> | | Sun | nmary of Event | | | |
| | Community good | dwill and brand r | recognition | | | Chapter program that was publicized to the Senior Center for individuals with hearing loss. | | | | | |
| Date | Event Name | City | Presenter Names | Product | Other Products | Target Audience | # of Participants | Showed | Giveaways | | |
| 2/24 | Aberdeen Senior Center | Aberdeen | Janis Aaron Moore | стѕ | N/A | Hard of Hearing senior citizens | 25 | Presentation | Brochures | | |
| 3/24 | | Re | eason for Outread | h | | | Sun | nmary of Event | | | |
| | Community good | dwill and brand r | ecognition. | | | CTS presentation to | senior citizens w | ith questions and | answers afterward. | | |
| Date | Event Name | City | Presenter Names | Product | Other Products | Target Audience | # of Participants | Showed | Giveaways | | |
| | Mid-City Concerns Senior Center | Spokane | Barbara Mullen | стѕ | N/A | Seniors with hearing loss | 25 | Presentation | Brochures, pens and information packets | | |
| 4/18 | | Re | eason for Outread | h | | Summary of Event | | | | | |
| | Community good | dwill and brand r | recognition. | | | The Washington Relay outreach team provided a presentation at the senior center. Several individuals were interested in applying for a CapTel. Inc. phone. There didn't seem to be much awareness about CTS. | | | | | |
| Date | Event Name | City | Presenter Names | Product | Other Products | Target Audience | # of Participants | Showed | Giveaways | | |
| | Low-Vision Group | Olympia | Janis Moore | стѕ | N/A | Low-vision seniors with hearing loss | 15 | Presentation | Brochures, pens and information packets | | |
| 4/19 | | Re | eason for Outread | h | | | Sun | nmary of Event | | | |
| | Community good | dwill and brand r | ecognition. | | | the senior center. St | eve Peck was pre uts were provide | esent and brough d for those who c | on for the low-vision group at t some equipment to ould not see the screen. There | | |
| Date | Event Name | City | Presenter Names | Product | Other Products | Target Audience | # of Participants | Showed | Giveaways | | |
| | Disability Resource Fair, Western WA University | Bellingham | Meredith Engle | TRS | N/A | Deaf, Hard of Hearing and Speech- Disabled audience at fair | 20 | Exhibit | Brochures, pens, information packets and mouse pads | | |
| 4/19 | | Re | eason for Outread | h | | | Sun | nmary of Event | | | |
| | Community good | dwill and brand r | recognition. | | | the student services | Vashington Relay building. WWU s | outreach team s tudents came by | epresentation at the et up a booth for this event in to view items and ask s held; the turnout was smaller | | |

| Date | Event Name | City | Presenter Names | Product | Other Products | Target Audience | # of Participants | Showed | Giveaways | |
|------|---|-------------------|--|-----------|-------------------|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| | МАТА Ехро | Seattle | Steve Peck and Meredith Engle | CTS & TRS | N/A | Deaf and Hard of Hearing fair attendees | 200 | Exhibit | Brochures, pens and mouse pads | |
| 4/23 | | Re | ason for Outread | ch | | | Sum | nmary of Event | | |
| | Community good | dwill and brand i | recognition. | | | Washington Relay and ODHH decided to attend the MATA Expo, held from 11:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. A table was set up where expo attendees could come by and talk with Steve Peck, Kelly Robinson, and Meredith Engle. ASL students were the most interested in Washington Relay services. Green cell phone holders and mouse pads were popular giveaway items. | | | | |
| Date | Event Name | City | Presenter Names | Product | Other Products | Target Audience | # of Participants | Showed | Giveaways | |
| | Deaf Carnival | Puyallup | Meredith Engle and Frank Mounts | TRS | N/A | Deaf junior high students and their families | 100 | Exhibit | Brochures, pens, mouse pads and cell phone holders | |
| 4/29 | | Re | ason for Outread | ch | | | Sum | nmary of Event | | |
| | Community good | dwill and brand i | ecognition. | | | | dents and other v | endors stopped b | l its Deaf Carnival Event at the by Washington Relay's tables | |
| Date | Event Name | City | Presenter Names | Product | Other Products | Target Audience | # of Participants | Showed | Giveaways | |
| | Crisis Center 211 | Seattle | Meredith | STS | N/A | Megan Mattas | 1 | Presentation | Brochure and business card for Kelly Robinson (TED) | |
| 5/2 | | Re | ason for Outread | ch | | Summary of Event | | | | |
| | Community good | dwill and Speecl | n-to-Speech outre | each. | | Washington Relay outreach met with Megan Mattas and discussed Speech-to-Speech services and the TED program. Megan felt that the TED program would be a good fit for her speech-disabled clients. The Speech-to-Speech operator role was explained and clarified. | | | | |
| Date | Event Name | City | Presenter Names | Product | Other Products | Target Audience | # of Participants | Showed | Giveaways | |
| | Lewis McChord Retirees Health Fair | Lakewood | Mary Steinmeyer | стѕ | N/A | Military retirees | 300 | Exhibit | Brochures, pens and information packets | |
| 5/20 | | Re | ason for Outread | ch | | | Sum | nmary of Event | | |
| | Community good | dwill and brand i | recognition. | | | | and TED applications | ations were hand | lideshow. Questions were led out to those interested. | |
| Date | Event Name | City | Presenter Names | Product | Other Products | Target Audience | # of Participants | Showed | Giveaways | |
| | Maple Glen Health Fair | Shelton | Janis Moore | стѕ | N/A | Seniors with hearing loss | 30 | Exhibit | Brochures, pens and information packets | |
| 5/24 | | Re | eason for Outread | ch | | | Sum | nmary of Event | | |
| | Community good | dwill and brand i | ecognition. | | | gave a presentation | and answered qu nures and TED ap | estions about C7 oplications were I | /ashington Relay outreach rS. An exhibit table was also handed out. Washington Relay program. | |

| Date | Event Name | City | Presenter Names | Product | Other Products | Target Audience | # of Participants | Showed | Giveaways | | |
|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-----------|-------------------|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| | EWCDHH Fun Day | Spokane | Meredith | TRS | N/A | Parents of Deaf and Hard of Hearing children | 150 | Exhibit | Brochures, pens, mouse pads and sports packs | | |
| 6/4 | | Re | eason for Outread | ch | | | Sum | mary of Event | | | |
| | Community good | dwill and brand i | ecognition. | | | Spokane Community parents and children out. Spokane Police Department showed | Eastern Washington Center for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing Fun Day event at Spokane Community College in Spokane. Washington Relay set up a booth that parents and children visited; several sports packs and TED applications were given out. Spokane Police Department, Spokane EMT Department, and Spokane Fire Department showed great interest in Washington Relay, and contact names were collected for possible future presentations. | | | | |
| Date | Event Name | City | Presenter Names | Product | Other Products | Target Audience | # of Participants | Showed | Giveaways | | |
| | ASLTA | Seattle | Meredith | CTS & TRS | N/A | ASL teachers and attendees | 200 | Exhibit | Brochures, pens, mouse pads and cell phone holders | | |
| 6/29 -7/2 | ' | Re | eason for Outread | ch | | Summary of Event | | | | | |
| | Community good | dwill and brand i | ecognition. | | | brochures, and cell p | hington Relay se bhone holders. Ma n. Lots of interest | t up a table with a any attendees, te in the CapTel, In | rs at the Seattle a CapTel, Inc. phone, TTY, eachers and ASL students c. phone. Discussed three | | |
| | | | | | | TOTAL ATTENDEES | 1,193 | | | | |